MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

VOL. 1. NO. 94. MASSILLON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1887. PRICE TWO CENTS.

HUMBERGER'S

TO THE

Front

AS USUAL.

The following price list will hold good until further notice. We have the stock, and it was bought right and we

Can't be Undersold.

Lowell All Wool Extra Super Carpets, 50 cents a yard. They are genuine and away below cost.

Brussels Carpets, 40 cents a yard.

Floor Oil Cloths and Mattings very cheap.

Good Calicoes 2 cents a yard.

Our 10 cent Satines that have been selling freely at 6¼ cents will be let go at 4 cents. Just think of it, 10 cent goods for 4 cents.

Respectfully,

HUMBERGER'S

Warwick Block.

SEE THE

Lady Washington Shoe

AND THE

$2.99

Now taking the lead at

GEORGE SNYDER'S.

G. LIV. RYDER'S

FIRE

Insurance Agency.

—ESTABLISHED 1860.—

Largest Fire Insurance Agency in the City.

No. 8 S. Erie Street.

C. F. VON KANEL,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

American

Watches

OF ALL KINDS.

Call and Get Prices.

No. 5 West Main Street,

MASSILLON, - - OHIO.

That Red Blanket

all wool, $2.65, beats them all. You will find that you can always

Get the worth of Your Money

if you buy goods

AT RICKS'.

Georgia Water Melons

Largest in Town for the price!

Job lot of Laundry Soap, choice for 5 cents per bar.

See our Bargain Table of dishes. Must be moved to make room for fall stock. Call at once and get a bargain.

Bee Hive Grocery and Queensware Store.

FOR

BOOTS & SHOES

GO TO JOHN FIELBERTH,

NO. 9 CANAL ST.

Insure at Arnold's Agency,

The Largest in the City.

Represents the Aetna, Royal, Phenix, German American, Ins. Company North America, Orient, Pennsylvania, Washington, and other fire companies, and the Equitable, of New York, and Provident Saving, life companies.

48 South Erie Street, MASSILLON, O.

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

NEW ARRIVALS DAILY.

Large stock to select from, of the latest styles. You cannot afford to purchase elsewhere until you get our prices, which are Rock Bottom on every piece offered for sale. My stock of Baby Carriages is large, and a good selection, at prices that will sell them. Call and get prices before purchasing.

AT WILLAMAN'S FURNITURE ROOMS.

P. S.—I have 3 organs in stock, two 6 and one 5 octave, that will be sold at a great sacrifice within 30 days to quit business. Organs guaranteed to be first-class in every respect. Call and get prices.

LUTZ & GRAZE,

GROCERIES.

You lose money or fail to get the best goods for the price every time you buy Groceries or Table supplies without calling on

LUTZ & GRAZE.

We have some special offers on Japan and Young Hyson Teas.

CLOTHING

Wishing to Make

More Room

FOR A

Fall Stock

A General Cut

Has been made on former prices throughout our

ENTIRE STOCK.

Prices very low, at

J. & H. DIELHENN,

9 and 11 East Main, and 2, 4 and 6 South Erie Streets.

R. A. PINN,

Real Estate Dealer,

Attorney-at-Law,

—AND—

U. S. Pension Ag't.

Keeps on hand all kinds of pension blanks.

No. 24 East Main Street, Massilon, O

Two houses on West Cherry street.
House and lot on Akron street, one lot north of State street.
One cheap dwelling house in Taylor Clay's addition to Massillon, North of Cherry street.
5¼ acres of land, well improved, in 4th ward

COOING TIME.

WARRANTED FOR

Twenty-one Years.

Gold-Filled Case,

Stem Winder Watch for

$19.00.

At Coleman's.

NOW FOR

Bargains.

We have just received a new line of

Decorated Gold Band Dinner and Chamber Sets.

New Style Cut and Pressed Table Glassware, Gold Band Goods in open stock at low prices.

Will give some of our prices.

Decorated Dinner Sets, $12.00, $13.00, &c.
Decorated Chamber Sets, $6.00, $7.00, &c.
Decorated Cups and Saucers, 50 cents.
Decorated Plates, 25, 35 and 50 cents per set.

Special Price on Mason and Standard Fruit Jars in Gross Lots.

Also a full line of first-class Groceries at prices that cannot be duplicated.

A call will convince you.

DIELHENN BROS.

SALMAGUNDI.

TO-DAYS DOINGS IN THIS TOWN,

And Hints as to What They are Doing in Many Others.

Mrs. A. A. Bresee, of Gambier, is in the city.

Master James Vincent is visiting his uncle, in Cleveland

The marshal of Ravenna has resigned to become a traveling minstrel.

Dr. A. P. L. Pease has purchased the stone house and the lot, on the corner of Cherry and Akron street.

Charley Markle was called to his former home, in Altoona, yesterday, on account of the illness of his father.

Miss Jennie Fellows, of Springfield, formerly of Massillon, returned home yesterday, after a week's visit with Miss Anna M. Smith.

What Jasper Green doesn't know about about picnics and the R. R. excursion business it is hardly worth while to learn.—Ohio Democrat.

Mr. John Hose, of West Tremont street, started on a trip last night to Wisconsin and Minnesota. Before returning he will attend the reunion of the survivors of the great Indian massacre of 1862, to be held at New Ulm, Minn.

Occasional remarks are sometimes significant of the coal situation. A Massillon operator was heard to say recently that he sold one customer 10,000 tons of coal last April, the actual profit on which was one cent per ton.—Coal Trade Journal.

The Uniformed Rank K. of P.

The enrollment of members in the Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, goes merrily on, the list swelling every day. Mr. Deutsch is hampered for want of time, but has seen the following, and they have joined: Henry Huber, T. M Richards, J. R. Hunter, Henry Heyer, W. J. Richards, and A. J. Richeimer. A correspondence with several regalia manufacturers has been commenced, with reference to the uniform. All will be ready for the organization and election of officers next week.

More Gas at No. 4.

Natural gas was again struck at well No. 4 yesterday afternoon. The flow was quite strong, but as salt water was struck at the same moment it is now cut off, there being three hundred feet of water in the hole. The depth at which the vein was pierced is five hundred and eighteen feet, and the stratum is the same as that in which gas was found at wells No. 1 and 4. Drilling has been stopped for the present, and the board of managers is studying what to do next. The force of the gas is so satisfactory that an effort will probably be made to case off the salt water.

Another Game of Ball.

The druggists and doctors propose to play a game of base ball with the jewelers and insurance agents, next Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock on the high school grounds. The druggists and doctors team will be chosen from the following: Doctors Hallock, Seaman, Williams, Kirkland, Garrigues and Porter, and Messrs. Ed. Yost, Gise, Buehl and Hurxthal. The other team will include Messrs. C.C.Miller, A.H. and Herbert Coleman, C. F. Von Kanel, and C. H. Rudolph for the jewelry trade, and Messrs. Arnold, Bahney, Johns, and Shepley for the insurance men.

THE CANAL FULTON REUNION.

How the 104th Spent the Second Day.

CANAL FULTON, August 18.—At 10 o'clock in the morning the regiment held its business meeting. Meyer's Lake was chosen as the place for the next reunion, and the time set was was the second Wednesday and Thursday in August, 1888. Resolutions were passed and letters of regret were read from Captain Watts of Mississippi, and General J. W. Reilley.

In the afternoon there was speech making by the wholesale. Mr. R. A. Pinn, of Massillon, talked in his best manner, and the Rev. D. W. Sprinkle concluded his lecture on Andersonville, which had been commenced the night before.

Excursion Rates for Ohio State Fair, August 29th to September 2, 1887.

The Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburgh, including the Pennsylvania Company, the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St Louis Railway, and the Chicago, St Louis and Pittsburgh Railroad, will sell excursion tickets to Columbus and return from ticket stations in Ohio from August 29th to September 2d inclusive, at rate of one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be good returning up to and including Saturday, September 3, 1887, by any regular train stopping at their destination. 2t

Dr. Von Schneider is permanently located at the stables of A. D. Volkmor, where he can be consulted at all hours with reference to all diseases and disorders to which the equine race is subject.

A lot of new knobby ties and bows just received at Spangler & Wade's.

A FIRE AT RUSSELL & CO'S.

THE WORKS PURPOSELY SET ON FIRE,

For the Testing of a New Extinguishing System.

At 5 o'clock yesterday evening, the visitor would have witnessed a strange proceeding in the north-east corner of the main building of Russell & Co's. works, and possibly feared a repetition of the scenes of the Spanish Inquisition. Seven hundred men were working away, wholly unconscious of the fact that a systematic effort was being made to burn the very shop in which they were.

Twenty spectators stood in the north-east room, and patiently watched the preparations for the conflagration. First long lines of hose were laid from the city hydrants, then a huge tin pan was wheeled in on a truck. Energetic workmen soon had it heaped up with dry pine kindling. Over it oil was poured with a lavish hand. The windows were closed, the doors were closed, the spectators remained inside, and the seven hundred men worked on. A match was lighted and thrown in the pile, and a great flame burst up, and curled in and about the rafters that supported the floor above. On every side there was wood, dry as tinder, shavings and sawdust, and in the middle of it all the huge flame roared and struggled to extend itself. Up and up the mercury climbed, as hotter and hotter the air became. Then there was a popping like so many bottles of champagne, and a moment later a torrent of water poured down from the ceiling drenching everything beneath it. In another moment the fire was out, and all that remained to show that it had been, were the blackened beams and wet floor. The seven hundred men worked on, and Russell & Co. pronounced the Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler a success.

Mr. G. E. Higgins has just completed the construction of the system, and declares it now an utter impossibility to burn the works, without the aid of explosives. A pipe line extends throughout the main shop, and at distances of ten feet there are aperatures, filled with a metal which is fusible at a temperature of 155 degrees. There are 560 of these aperatures or jets, and as soon as the heat exceeds 155 degrees about any one of them, the metal melts, and the water pours out, drenching everything within a large radius. To prevent freezing the pipes are pumped full of air, in the winter, until the pressure is so great as to hold back the water. To do this requires an air pressure of one pound to every eight pounds of water pressure. The point selected for the test yesterday, was the one most distant from the place at which the water enters the pipes. In fifteen seconds after the fire was lighted nine jets were open, and it took one minute more before the water passed through the pipes and began to escape. Only two or three factories in Ohio are equipped with this extinguishing system, and among them is the new Pocock flour mill.

SLUGGERS VS. BEEFEATERS

MEMORABLE BASEBALL CONTEST

Between the Printers and Policemen, in which the Printers Come Out on Top.

The world dropped its cares yesterday afternoon, and wended its way to the North street high school ball grounds, where two base ball nines were drawn up in battle array. It was "The Sluggers" vs. "The Beef-eaters." The following was the best talent that the various printing establishments could turn out:

H. Bahney, C. C. Miller, S. Weirich, G. S. Atwater, F. M. Atwater, G. F. Downey, G. C. Haverstock, L. Q. Hoover, A. H. Coleman.

Opposed to them were the forms of F. Shepley, C. Bean, W. E. Russell, E. G. Willison, O. E. Young, T. Hagan, J. O. Garrett, A. Wendling, J. Pepper.

After the necessary preliminaries the fray commenced about 4 o'clock, and it was waged furiously until 6. Only four innings were played, which accounts for the small score. More could have been recorded, but the light gave out. The score was 35 to 28 in favor of "The Sluggers."

BASE BALL BREVITIES.

Gus Haverstock is in the hospital today.

Constable Shepley made five runs and is happy.

There was some talk of mobbing the umpire, John Fields, but he escaped.

Policeman Willison caught one fly. He stopped at one. He is convalescent.

The policemen say that the printers filled their nine with "ringers." They can have their revenge.

The substitute sent by the editor of the INDEPENDENT, like that of Grover Cleveland, will get his reward,—in the future.

The playing of Mr. Leonidas Quintius Hoover, editor of The American, was marked by an ability to let every ball pass by that came within a radius of one hundred feet.

Policemen Pepper manifested an ability to run—especially when there was some one behind him.

Policeman Hagan was strong at the bat. He wanted to use his mace, but the umpire objected.

Policeman Young pitched all afternoon. His illustration of the methods employed by the ancients was interesting.

Marshal Wendling stood like Patience on a monument. The Marshal believes that Mohamet should go to the mountain.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

TO BE HELD AT CANAL FULTON.

The Program for the Week Beginning August 29.

The Stark county teachers' association will meet in Canal Fulton week after next, and after formally dedicating a handsome new school house, will reap the benefit of a well considered program of lectures.

The committee has secured Dr. Alston Ellis, superintendent of the Hamilton public schools, and Dr. N. C. Schaeffer, president of the Keystone State Normal School, as principal instructors.

THE PROGRAM.

MONDAY, 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Enrollment of Teachers, Introductory Address by Instructors.

1 O'CLOCK, P. M.

History.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
Reading, Elocution, Oratory...Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.
Paper—Lecture.....Supt. H. H. Culley
Discussion of this paper by the Association.

EVENING SESSION.

Dedicatory exercises of the High School Building at Canal Fulton.

TUESDAY, 9 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Devotional Exercises,—Roll Call,—Miscellaneous Business.

Arithmetic.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
The Globe and its uses.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

RECESS,

Theory and Practice.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
Psychology.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

1:30 O'CLOCK, P. M.

History.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
Advanced Reading.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

RECESS.

Paper—School Hygiene.....Principal C. A. Shaw.
Discussion of this paper by the Association.

EVENING SESSION 7:30 O'CLOCK.

Music
Lecture—Debt a Lecture for the Times.....Dr. Alston Ellis.

WEDNESDAY, 9 O'CLOCK A. M.

Devotional Exercises,—Roll Call,—Miscellaneous Business.

Geography.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer
Arithmetic.....Dr. Alston Ellis

RECESS.

Psychology.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.
Theory and Practice.....Dr. Alston Ellis.

1:30 O'CLOCK P. M.

Teaching Definitions.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.
History.....Dr. Alston Ellis

RECESS.

Paper—"The Albaugh Bill".....Supt. W. B. Carter.
Discussion of this paper by the Association.

EVENING SESSION, 7:30 O'CLOCK.

Music
Lecture—Education Among the Greeks and Romans.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

THURSDAY, 9 O'CLOCK A. M.

Devotional Exercises,—Roll Call,—Miscellaneous Business.

Grammar.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
Psychology.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

RECESS,

Arithmetic.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
Composition.....Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

1:30 O'CLOCK P. M.

Grammar.....Dr. Alston Ellis.
Geography.....Dr N C Schaeffer.
Paper—Incentives to Teachers for Self-Improvement.....Mr Lester Nave.
Discussion of this paper by the Association.

EVENING SESSION, 7:30 O'CLOCK.

Music
Lecture—Life and Time of Thomas Jefferson...
.....Dr Alston Ellis.

FRIDAY, 9 O'CLOCK A M.

Devotional Exercises,—Roll Call,—Miscellaneous Business.

Emerson, His Life and Writings...Dr Alston Ellis.
The Duodecimal Arithmetic.....Dr N C Schaeffer
Paper—Penmanship.....Prof M W Oberlin
Discussion of this paper by the Association

1:30 O'CLOCK P M

Election of Officers General Business
Adjournment

SATURDAY, 9 A M

Teachers' Examination conducted by County Board of School Examiners, in High School room at Canal Fulton, instead of Canton

At Bucher's To-night.

OFFICE OF PEOPLE'S THEATER, ALLIANCE, Ohio, August 19, 1887.

Messrs. Bar & Porter,

GENTLEMEN:—I played Messrs. Root & Love's attraction entitled, "The Man of The People," last night, to a good intelligent audience, and do not hesitate in recommending them to the amusement going people of your city.

Respectfully yours,
G. W. Sourbeck, Mgr.

You will save money by buying your umbrellas, trunks, traveling bags and valises at Spangler & Wade's. They have the largest and finest line in the city,

The State Senatorship.

A reporter called on Mr. T. C. Snyeer this morning, and inquired concerning his candidacy for Senator. He said he was making no canvass. He had been announced as a candidate at the solicitation of friends, and if he received the nomination would accept it. "As regards the talk about the candidacy of Mr. Henry Harter and Mr. Henry A. Wise," said he, "I have the word of those gentlemen. Mr. Harter told me he was not a candidate, and would vote for Snyder in the convention. Mr. Wise also said positively that he was not a candidate, and would vote for Snyder."—Canton Repository.

Now is the time to buy Manillas, Mackinaws and light stiff hats. Spangler & Wade are closing them out at jobbing prices.

All silk suspenders at Spangler & Wade's.

Massillon Independent.

[WEEKLY ESTABLISHED IN 1868.]
[DAILY ESTABLISHED IN 1887.]

PUBLISHED BY
THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
Independent Building,
No. 20 E. Main Street,
MASSILLON, - - OHIO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year	$5 00
Six Months	2 50
Three Months	1 25

WEEKLY.

One Year	$1.50
Six Months	1.00
Three Months	.50

Contributions on subjects of general and local interest are solicited and the use of the columns of this paper to agitate proper matters is urged. Advertising rates will be furnished upon application.

The DAILY INDEPENDENT wishes to be at once a pleasure and convenience to the people of Massillon. It wants them to read it, think about it, and write to it. It wishes them to consider it their property and not a private enterprise. If this is done there will be no limit to its usefulness.

The Independent's Telephone No. is 72.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1887.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Stark County.

Sheriff, Augustus Leininger.
Coroner, George B. Cock.
Recorder, J. E. Dougherty.
Treasurer, Hiram Doll.
Auditor, Patrick Manley.
Clerk of Court, John McGregor.
Common Pleas Judges, Anson Pease and Rober Raley.
Probate Judge, J. P. Fawcett.
Commissioners, Jacob Schmachtenberger, Alonzo Smith and C. F. Laiblin.
Surveyor, R. Z Wise.

City of Massillon.

Mayor, Josiah Frantz.
Marshal, Adam Wendling.
Solicitor, Otto E. Young.
Treasurer, J. W. Foltz.
Clerk, Joseph R. White.

Massillon Time Tables.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

East.		West.
No. 8	2 49 a. m.	No. 1 3 50 a. m.
No. 10	9 27 a. m.	No. 3 5 52 p. m.
No. 12	10 11 p. m.	No. 7 1 55 p. m
No. 4	3 20 p. m.	No. 9 11 13 a. m
Local	12 00 m.	Local 8 35 a. m.

CLEVELAND, LORAIN & WHEELING RAILROAD.

North.		South.
No. 2	6 10 a. m.	No. 5 6 10 a. m.
No. 4	3 45 p. m.	No. 1 9 59 a. m.
No. 6	arrives 8 10.	No. 3 7 13 p. m.
Local	12 45 p. m.	Local 10 55 a. m.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

North.		South.
No. 4	8 15 a. m.	No. 3 7 42 a. m.
No. 6	1 05 p. m.	No. 5 1 20 p. m.
No. 8	5 56 p. m.	No. 7 6 20 p. m
Local	8 35 a. m.	Local 3 05 p. m.

THE REPUBLICA COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

For Probate Judge,
JACOB P. FAWCETT.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
CLINTON C. BOW.
For County Treasurer,
HIRAM DOLL.
For Sheriff,
RICHARD B. CRAWFORD.
For County Commissioner.
JONAS W. WEARSTLER.
For Infirmary Director,
T. C. PUTMAN.
For Representatives,
JACOB GROSSMAN.
GEORGE W. WILHELM.

No better Republican State executive committee has been selected in years than the one which will manage the campaign this fall.

The official count of the vote of the Republican primary election was completed yesterday. Last Monday the INDEPENDENT came within one hundred of accounting for every vote cast in the county.

It is without any desire to force the Water Company into a disagreeable position, that the suggestion is made that now would be an excellent time for the city council to order a test of the water works. It is believed pretty generally that in many respects the result would not be satisfactory. The company has been obliged to publicly caution its patrons to be sparing in their use of water recently, though the consumption never reached 850,000 gallons, and this in the face of the fact that by its contract it should be prepared to furnish 4,000,000 if need be. Everybody sees the trouble and regrets it. But it is not for the city to be overlooking this matter, however good the excuse. The company has contracted to do certain things, for which the city pays roundly, and when it is evident that it cannot deliver all it has agreed to deliver, the council should not study out the cause but demand the remedy.

It is right that we should know the exact state of affairs. When the works were planned, Massillon did not contemplate a curtailment of supplies in time of drouth The supposition was that everything should be on such a liberal scale that at all times the service should be alike. It is now six months since the first test was made, and another one should be ordered.

The Star shirt waist, the only perfect fitting waist made at Spangler & Wade's.

AN ELEVATOR ACCIDENT.

One Girl Killed and Several Others Seriously Injured.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—An elevator in the collar and cuff manufactory of Seldenber, No. 47 Mercer street, crowded with employes fell this morning, killing a girl named Jane Lynch and injuring a number of others. The elevator contained about eighteen female hands employed in the factory and the elevator boy, named O'Neill. The accident occurred about 8 o'clock. Everything went well until the elevator reached the third floor when it began to descend. All efforts of O'Neill to stop it were unavailing. The safety catches failed to work. The speed of the car rapidly increased and it was soon rushing down with its now thoroughly panic-stricken load to destruction. The car fell with a crash to the basement floor and everyone of the occupants were more or less injured. Jane Lynch was instantly killed. Her body was horribly mangled. The of those who received the most serious injuries are:

John O'Neil, elevator boy, spine broken.

Lizzie Doughter, of Brooklyn, right leg broken.

Mrs. Jessie Bryers, of Green Point, ankle broken.

Mary Ring severely hurt about the body.

Maggie Moriarity, Mary O'Shaughnessy, Gussie and Fannie Van Tassel, Nettie Peck, Virgey Daly, Amelia Lichtenstein and Nellie McCabe, all of New York, slightly injured and suffering more or less from shock. The elevation is one of Otis Brothers make and was inspected a week ago and pronounced all right. The accident was due to the breaking of the pinion wheel which controls the drum upon which the cable winds.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 19.—J. F. Riley, a newspaper man from Washington, who has been in Omaha for two months, was arrested early this morning on a charge of embezzling $30,000 from the Union Trust Company, of Philadelphia. He was arrested as James N. Taggart on information furnished by Pinkerton. On examination, Mr. Riley proved that he was not Taggart, and Edward T. Perkins of the Trust Company, failed to identify him. As soon as released, Mr. Riley brought suit against the Trust Company for $10,000 and got service on Perkins. Suit will be commenced against Pinkerton for a like amount to-morrow.

Boy Killed on the Belt Line.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—An unknown boy was run over and instantly killed by bobtailed belt line car No. 16, on Fifty-ninth street yesterday evening. The boy was stealing a ride on the rear of the car going west and the driver drove him away, when he ran in front of car No. 16 and was knocked down and killed on the spot. The driver of car No. 14, Frank Finn, and the driver of car No. 16, Cornelius Killeher, were both arrested. The boy's body was taken to the morgue.

No Use for McGlynn.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The county board of directors of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Brooklyn, which has full jurisdiction in such matters, refused yesterday, by a vote of 110 to 7 to sanction the action of Division No. 3 in extending an invitation to Dr. McGlynn to deliver a lecture under the auspices of that branch on August 26 next, in Williamsburg. The ground taken was that the order should stand by the church and have nothing to do, as an order with Dr. McGlynn.

Killed By a Falling Bridge.

HENDERSON, Ky., Aug. 19.—A small bridge in course of construction near Marion, Ky., fell yesterday afternoon, killing the foreman, William McCarroll, of Owen Sound, Ont., and fatally injuring Frank Solguea, carpenter, of Gallipolis, O. Joe Reilly, a laborer, had an arm broken, and William L. Gordon, resident engineer, of Madisonville, Ky., had his left leg broken, and was otherwise badly hurt.

Not a Violation of the Law.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 19.—The fisheries department has received information that the seals on board the Columbian schooner, W. P. Saynard, at the time of her seizure by a United States cruiser in Behring sea, were all caught in the Pacific ocean, entirely outside of the waters claimed by the United States. The Saynard is now held at Sitka awaiting the action of the United States courts.

Chinaman Murders a Boy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Last Wednesday a number of boys were throwing missles at the windows of Charlie Jim, a Chinese laundryman at 1897 Avenue A. This enraged the Chinaman and seizing a club he ran out and struck Charles O'Donnell, aged thirteen, on the head, fracturing his skull. O'Donnell lingered until last night when he died. Charlie Jim has been arrested.

Murderer Hurtle in Jail.

NEW ALBANY, Aug. 19.—John Hurtle, the murderer of Daniel Winnegar, near Palmyra, Washington county, Ind., Tuesday, surrendered to the authorities to-day. There is some excitement but the citizens insist that the law shall take its course. The report that Hurtle killed Winnegar in a duel is without foundation. It was a cold-blooded murder.

Female Forger Arrested.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Mrs. Josie Newkirk, of East St. Louis, has been arrested by Chief Inspector Kidder, for forging a receipt and obtaining possession of a registered letter addressed to Mrs. James Gordon. She was taken before Commissioner Crawford, at Springfield, and held in $1,000 bond, to await the action of the grand jury.

Lacked Good Sense Drunk or Sober.

LAKE LINDEN, Mich., Aug. 19.—James Smith, a prominent merchant, while drunk, recently married a woman of the town. The act weighed heavily upon his mind, and yesterday, while sober, he blew out his brains.

Sixty-One Bondsmen Sued.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Aug. 19.—Suit was brought by the state's attorney this morning against sixty-one bondsmen of Daviess county's ex-treasurer, Richard H. Greenwood, who is short in his accounts $13,000 or more.

Fast Running the Cause.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The coroner's jury, in the case of the wreck on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, in this city, yesterday, find that the cause of the accident was fast running, and censures the company.

Congress to Decide.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Secretary Whitney has decided that Congress should be called upon to decide whether or not the famous old battleship Hartford shall be repaired or turned into junk.

The Munson Family Reunion.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 19.—About 500 members of the Munson family are in reunion to-day. They are descendants of Capt. Thomas Munson, who settled in New Haven 250 years ago.

Jamestown Strikes More Gas.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Gas was struck in well No. 2 this morning at a depth of 1,382 feet. When lighted the gas blazed thirty feet high. The town is greatly excited.

UNITED LABOR PARTY.

Union Labor and Socialistic Delegates Ruled out of the Convention.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 19.—The United Labor party convention was to have reassembled at 9 this morning, but it was an hour and a half late. The reason was that three-score of the delegates from New York and Kings counties had sat up until 5 this morning to get even a word from the room at the Empire house, where the committee on credentials held a stormy session.

When this committee was named yesterday afternoon it was intended to exclude delegates who had any sympathy with the Socialists from the body, but as the business progressed it was found there were some stanch friends of the Socialists on the committee. Both Dr. McGlynn and Henry George remained up all night with the others, anxious as to the result of the committee's work. At the hour when the convention was to have been called to order the committee was still in session, and, although information was refused for publication, it became noised about that the contesting Socialistic delegates had been ruled out and only those holding United Labor party credentials accepted. The committee finished its labors soon after 10 and at 10:30 the convention was called to order.

W. T. Crosdale, of New York, chairman of the committee on credentials, read the majority report and by it the Socialistic delegates were denied admission to the convention; Edward Fickelstein presented a minority report recommending that the Socialistic delegates be admitted. After a series of motions, amendments and substitutes had been offered, a motion was carried by which both sets of delegates—Socialists and United Labor—were allowed five minutes each in which to address the convention.

GEORGIA BUILDERS.

The League Demands Discharge of Non-Unionists and Fifty-Eight Hours.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 19.—An important labor pronunciamento has just been issued by the Builders' Trade League of Georgia, headquarters at Augusta. The league is composed of bricklayers, stonemasons, carpenters, tinners, painters, etc., and embraces nearly the entire state. The following schedule is published:

"No work with non-union men. No work on any sub-contract job. Fifty-eight hours a week the limit, and all firms furnishing building material to contractors who exact more than fifty-eight hours to be boycotted."

A formal demand will be made in a day or two for the discharge of all non-union men.

A Big Purchase.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—The Vermillion Iron Range in Minnesota, which turned out 510,000 tons of ore last year, has been purchased by a syndicate composed mainly of Chicago capitalists. Marshall Field, H. H. Porter, president of the Chicago & Indiana Coal Railway company, and J. C. Morse, of the Union Steel company, are the principal members of the syndicate, which paid $6,000,000 in certified checks and several millions of stock to Mr. Charlemagne Tower, of Boston, for his interest. This purchase comprises 20,000 acres of the iron lands, and is said to be the largest iron investment known.

B. & O. Victims.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—All the injured in the wreck at the "Y" on the B. & O. tracks in this city yesterday are doing well with the exception of the fireman, James W. Smith, whose legs were broken. He is in a critical condition. He was the sole support of his mother, living in Cincinnati. Mr. Koch, of Cincinnati, who, with his wife and three children, was on his way to Germany, is badly injured, but will probably recover. Mr. and Mrs. Buck, Mrs. Bond and her child Ed. Lochmeyer, all of Cincinnati, are rapidly recovering.

Lynched By Moonshiners.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 19.—Some time ago the body of a white man was found hanging from a rafter in the school house of Smith's district, in Gwynette county. The neighbors said it was a case of suicide, took the body down, quietly buried it and made no inquiry as to the man's identity. Now comes the news that the man was really lynched, that he was suspected of being a revenue informer, and wandering into a district where there were four illicit stills in operation, the moonshiners made short work of him.

Cranks Annoying Mrs. Cleveland.

MARION, Mass., Aug 19.—Mrs. Cleveland has not been entirely free from cranks even in this retired spot. A few days ago a man calling himself William J. Bryan arrived. He pretended to be the author of a romantic poem, and engaged the chapel of the Congregational church here in which to have the poem recited. He solicited patronage, saying Mrs. Cleveland promised to attend. Mrs. Cleveland declined to have anything to do with it.

Jacob Sharp's Condition.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—There was great excitement at Ludlow street jail this morning owing to the sudden change in Jacob Sharp's condition. He had a violent chill at 4 o'clock. He suffered much and could not sleep until after 9 o'clock. He awoke shortly after 11 and said he felt a good deal better. He is greatly exhausted, and his wife is quite sick from worry and constant attention at her husband's bedside.

Robbed By His Son.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19.—Dr. Joseph Fabian on Monday placed $7,000 in government bonds and $1,000 in cash in a safe and went to Atlantic City for a day's enjoyment. When he returned the bonds and money were missing. It has since transpired that the doctor's son, Samuel, disposed of the bonds at a banking house and left for parts unknown.

Injured By an Explosion.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—A fire occurred in the mixing room of Masten & Wells' Fire works factory at Roxbury, which led to an explosion, by which C. E. Masten and two employes, Richard Howard and Matthew Fitzpatrick, were quite badly bruised and burned. The loss is not heavy, but is uninjured.

Two Public Benefactors on Trial.

MOREHEAD, Ky., Aug. 19.—The Rowan county circuit court is busy this morning impaneling a jury to try Hiram Pigman and Ap Perry for killing the notorious outlaw, Craig Tolliver, June 22. There appears to be no cause for apprehension of trouble. A jury will probably be secured to-day.

Shot During a Row.

MEDINA, N. Y., Aug. 19.—During a row last night at Albion, Joseph Kane was shot twice by a young man from Lockport, who refuses to give his name, but claims he did the act in self-defense. Kane is very low and may die.

Fell on a Circular Saw.

ZANESVILLE, O., Aug. 19.—James Drake, aged thirty, fell upon a circular saw in his father's mill this morning, and his body was ripped open lengthwise. He was dead before he could be taken from the saw table.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

Charleston, W. Va., will have free mail delivery after October 1.

James Dodge, bookseller, Pittsburg, confessed judgment for $23,700.

Rev. Daniel Curry, a prominent M. E. minister, is dead at New York.

Brooks, the St. Louis "trunk" murderer, has "joined" the Catholic church.

Louisville's committee of invitation Wednesday called on the president.

A $4,000,000 company is developing iron deposits near Waukon, Altakee county, Iowa.

Edward Gilmore, former manager for Mrs. Langtry, sues the Lily for $16,000 for past services.

Two thousand five-dollar bills were stolen from the Pacific express at a point in Wyoming Territory.

Since the first of the year over five hundred persons have been killed in railroad bridge disasters.

Richard Bean, a hack driver of Boston, and his sisters are heirs to a $10,000,000 estate in England.

Russia has protested against Ferdinand's occupancy of the Bulgarian throne, and threatens trouble.

Slow progress is being made in the investigation into Ives' books, though they do say the books were admirably well kept.

Nebraska Prohibitionists nominated a state tick: Judge C. F. Abbott for supreme court and two regents for the state university.

South Carolina is preparing a $500 gold medal to be presented Confederate Gen. N. G. Evans, for gallantry at Leesburg, Va., in 1861.

Will. Shepard, aged fifteen, of Winfield, W. Va., in a quarrel struck Ned Jones, aged fifteen, across the neck with a club, killing him.

Charles Page, the Montreal bookkeeper who raised a $25 check to $25,000, cashed it and skipped, was captured with the money near Quebec.

Charles Maloney, coke worker, Connellsville, Pa., being threatened by two colored strikers, shot both, killing one and fatally injured the other.

Jake Pettijohn, of Atlanta, Ga., who was sentenced to be hanged for murder thirty years ago and escaped, has just been recaptured in the Indian territory.

The "Cannonball" express on the Union Pacific ran into a freight train at Dodge City, Kan., wrecking many cars and killing Freight Conductor J. N. Elliott.

An attempt to ditch an east bound Ohio & Mississippi train was made by wreckers at a high embankment near St. Louis Wednesday night. A policeman discovered the obstruction just in time.

He Had to Be Civil.

A certain Detroit parvenu of great wealth has hanging in his drawing room a large and hideous daub in oils which some Shanghai dealer in Paris induced him to buy. He is very fond of taking a caller by the arm, leading him before the canvas and saying:

"Great picture that. By Macaroni di Vermicelli, you know. Paid $2,000 for it in Paris and got a great bargain. —— (naming an eminent American artist who sometimes visits Detroit) says it's worth $10,000."

A few days since this gentleman was lunching at the Detroit club when the cat came out of the bag. Some one said:

"——, old Centpercent says that you have appraised that frightful nightmare of his at $10,000. Is it true?"

The artist answered, smilingly: "I will tell you how that happened. He asked me to dinner one day, and after we left the table took me to see the picture and told the usual story. Then, turning abruptly, he asked:

"'How much is that painting worth?"

"'Why, Mr. Centpercent,' said I, 'I really would not like to place a value upon it.'

"'Well, I'll put it differently,' said he. 'How much would you charge for such a picture?'

"'I don't mind saying,' I answered, 'that I would paint such a picture for $10,000.'

"I had to be civil, you know."—Detroit Free Press.

Ahead of Wiggins.

It has been said that the Indians were the most reliable weather prophets that could be obtained. So when old Bodie came around this morning to secure a two bit payment in advance on some wood he proposed to saw for us, we asked him: "Bodie, what kind of a winter are we going to have?"

"My fok he ketchum heap pine nut."

"What is that a sign of?"

"Deer him heap pat."

"What does that indicate?"

"Jack rabbit him heap plenty."

"Sign of cold weather, may be?"

"Mabbe so, mabbe him cold, mabbe him hot, mabbe him sun all time, mabbe him lain, mabbe him snow. I dunno."

The Indian may be as good a prophet as Wiggins, but he lacks exactness.—Truckee (Cal.) Republican.

Paradise for Sportsmen.

Alsace-Lorraine must be a true paradise for sportsmen. Last year there were shot in the forests of the Reichslande 37 wolves, 1,199 wild boars, 152 wild cats and 2,680 foxes, with of course an abundance of ordinary game. Lorraine has long been endeavoring to rid herself of predatory animals, but so far to little purpose, for French huntsmen are not so zealous in exterminating the wolf as they might be.—New York Sun.

Needle Guns in Oregon.

The needle guns that have been in the possession of the authorities at Colfax, Ore., since the last outbreak of the Nes Perces have been loaned to the farmers thereabouts, as they were becoming rusty and useless from lying in the armory. Farmers give a receipt for the weapons and promise to return them when called for by the board.—Chicago Times.

A Petrified Corpse.

Greenlawn cemetery in Indianapolis has a vault in which are several coffins forty years old. In examining one of these the sexton came to the body of a woman who died in 1846. The body was petrified and after forty years the eye of the corpse was blue. Old residents remember her as a comely French girl.—Chicago Herald.

Well Preserved Tobacco.

Twenty-six years ago the steamer Pacific burned and sunk in the Ohio river at Uniontown, Ky. The other day a hogshead was dug up from the wreck, and, being opened, the tobacco within was found to be as bright and good apparently as when it was packed.—Chicago Times.

Rhode Island gained about two and a half feet of territory from Connecticut in the recent settlement of the boundary line dispute.

The Harrison Tragedy.

HARRISON, O., Aug 18.—Hearing of Clifford Weeks for killing John Pratt yesterday was begun before Mayor Davidson to-day at 9 a. m. After examining fifteen witnesses the mayor bound Weeks over for manslaughter and placed his bail at $1,500, in default of which he was placed in jail.

Stanley Reported Massacred.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—A dispatch received at the office of the secretary for foreign affairs, dated at Zanzibar, states that Stanley, the African explorer, was deserted by his escort and massacred by the natives.

A Unsuccessful Forgery.

HAMILTON, O., Aug. 18.—John Connell, aged twenty-two years, was arrested to-day for forging the name of Joseph Augspurger to a check for $700. The money was returned by Connell.

Cut His Throat.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 18.—Allen Smith, an aged German, cut his throat from ear to ear yesterday on account of some trouble with his children, and died several hours afterward.

Fell From a Window.

PADUCAH, Ky., Aug. 18.—Richard Lane, fireman of the M. V. railroad, walked out of a second-story window of the Huntington house last night, while dreaming, and was fatally injured.

Judicial Convention at Fremont.

FREMONT, O., Aug. 18.—The Democratic judicial convention for this district is in session at the city hall this afternoon. There are five candidates, and a fight is imminent.

Drowned While Bathing.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 18.—J. R. Avery, a prominent young man of Coal Valley, was accidentally drowned while bathing. His body was recovered.

Strike Settled.

FALL RIVER, Aug. 18.—The strike of spinners at the Mechanic's mill has been settled. The American mills spinners are still out.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Please announce the name of E. C. ROSS, of Carroll county, for the office of State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican senatorial convention.

Please announce the name of T. C. SNYDER as a candidate for the office of State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican Senatorial convention.

Please announce the name of ROBERT RALEY as a candidate for Common Pleas Judge in this subdivision of this judicial district, subject to the decision of the Republican judicial convention.

Wants of various kinds, not to occupy more than five lines, will be inserted twice in these columns free of all charge. Should they exceed the allotted space, or be published by request more often than twice, a moderate charge will be made. The publishers wish patrons to avail themselves freely of this offer.

WANTED.

HORSE OWNERS to know that Gove's 5 Remedies and Book, in case, complete, is a veterinary at home, ready for use without a moment's delay.

ORGANIST—The German Evangelical St. John's Church wishes to engage the services of an organist. Persons desiring the place will please make written application, stating salary wanted, to Paul Kirchofer.

WANTED—A GOOD canvasser for the "Ohio Veterinary Journal." Apply to Dr. W. H. Von Schneider, at Volkmor's stables. Good terms for the right man.

A COMPETENT girl to do general housework. Apply to Chas. G. Skinner, East street.

GIRL—For general house work. Good wages to right party. W. H. Kreiter.

MR. H. O. C. KORTHEUER,
OF NEW YORK CITY,

Will take a limited number of pupils for a short term of five weeks in the study of the most advanced modern technique and artistic execution on the piano forte. Applications may be made to Mr. Kortheuer on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week at Baltzly's drug store from 2 to 3 p. m.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned in Massillon, O. until 12 o'clock noon, August 20, 1887, for the grading of a switch from the P. F. W. & C. railway to the Sippo Valley mill, all in the city of Massillon. Length of switch 3,200 feet. Approximate quantity of excavation 18,000 cu. yds. Profile and specifications can be seen at the office of the Sippo Valley mill. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

WARWICK & JUSTUS.
Massillon, O., August 9, 1887. 85-6t

PHIL. BLUMENSCHEIN, Manufacturer of Fine Cigars, Retail Dealer in Cigars, Smokers' Articles, News Dealer, Candies, etc. Factory over Arcade Clothing Store, corner Main and Erie streets.

Retail Store, Hotel Conrad.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Skinner & Weirich, printers and publishers of the Massillon INDEPENDENT, was dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Weirich retiring. The business of this firm is now consolidated with that of J. V. R. Skinner, book seller, stationer and news dealer, and dealer in wall paper and window shades. The new firm consists of J. V. R. Skinner, E. F. Bahney and R. P. Skinner, and will be known as the Independent Company. The same lines of business will be carried on in commodious new quarters at No. 20 East Main street.

Massillon, Ohio, July 23, 1887.

WANTED

50 COAL MINERS to work in the mines at Corunna, Mich. The coal is from 2½ to 8½ feet thick. We pay from 90 cents to $1.60 per ton for mining, have railroad trade which gives us steady work. We have good boarding houses, or can furnish men of families houses. For further information write to Tod Kincaid, Sup't, Corunna, Mich. Aug 4-1m

OPERA HOUSE.

Friday and Saturday,
August 19 and 20.

Root & Love's Co.
—IN—
"A Man of the People"
and the grand military drama,
"True as Steel."
Carrying their own band and orchestra.
Admission 35, 50 and 75 Cents.
Reserved seats for sale at C. F. Porter's Drug Store.

ATTEND THE GREAT
West Virginia Exposition
—AND—
State Fair,

$15,000 IN PREMIUMS.

$15,000 IN PREMIUMS.

At Wheeling, West Virginia,
Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

This will be Wheeling's most fashionable event of the season.

Fine Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Products of the Farm, Workshop and Foundry.

Racing each day. 9 great Trotting, Pacing and Running Races.

Grand Cavalcade September 8 and 9 at 1:30 p. m. City to be illuminated by natural gas during the week of the fair

Special arrangements for reduced fare and special trains on all railroads.

Entries in Trotting and Pacing classes close Aug. 29 at 2 p. m. All entries in running races close September 5 at 6 p. m. Live stock entries close September 2.

Address secretary for premium lists or information. GEORGE HOOK, Secretary.
J. H. HOBBS, President.

Albright & Co.'s
—FOR—
Fancy Groceries,
Lambs' Tongue,
Deviled Crabs,
Soused Mackerel,
Potted Ham,
Lobsters,
Salmon,
Salmon Steak,
French Sardines,
Pickled Oysters,
Boston Baked Beans,
Olives,
Durkee's Salad Dressing,
Lea & Perrin's Sauce,
Heiuz's Bottled Pickles.
Home Grown Cantelopes.
25 E. Main Street.

Look Out!

FOR MY LIST OF

Bargains

IN ALL CLASSES OF

Real Estate!

In the DAILY INDEPENDENT next week.

James R. Dunn.

Stoves & Castings,
WEST MAIN ST.

KILLINGER & CO.,

TROOPS TO THE RESCUE.

SOLDIERS READY TO MARCH ON COLOROW AND HIS BAND.

The Ute Indians Receiving Reinforcements From Other Tribes—Over Three Hundred of Them Ready for Battle. Women and Children in Peril.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 19.—The White river Ute Indians are said to have sent runners to the Uncompahgre camp, the Blackfoot, the Sioux, the Crow and other tribes in Colorado, Wyoming, Montana and Idaho for aid. Colorow has determined, it is said, to have the other tribes brought into the present difficulty, and while the outbreak has been local so far, he wants to make it a national one.

Yesterday was an exciting one here. One company of state militia has reported and were supplimented by an organized band of volunteers headed by Under Sheriff Clements and Jack Ward, a settler familiar with Indian tactics and the country. The other state troops are on their way. If the state troops once get in the field they will, from present indications, be able to quell the outbreak and compel the hostiles to go back to the reservation or kill them.

Late advices show that the Indians are concentrating and at least three hundred of them are in the White River country ready for battle, which they will be able to maintain advantageously, being in a country with which they are thoroughly familiar and which will make their position impregnable. No very serious casualties have been reported yet, but the unprotected ranches are at the mercy of the hostiles, and to prevent it troops must begin to work.

Joe Reynolds, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Garfield county, arrived here last evening. A large body of Utes it is reported, is moving upon Meeker. Kendall is fifty or eighty miles away from Meeker, but brushes have occurred only a few miles from the settlement. Kendall must be engaged in brush fights, or else the whole Ute tribe are on the warpath. County Assessor Van Cleef was under instructions this morning to call out the state militia, issue a call for volunteers and beg, borrow or steal ammunition. It is thought that Colorow's son has been killed, as a white man was seen riding his famous race horse, the horse being well known in this section. Since that time man and horse are missing. If the boy has been killed a long war has certainly been inaugurated.

Another Account.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—A Denver dispatch to the Herald says that Colorow is in the mountains, north of Meeker, awaiting the arrival of fifty or seventy-five bucks from the agency, who are on their way to join him. When he hears of the killing of his son he will seek revenge, and will begin at Meeker, where there are 400 women and children.

At Meeker there are 150 men who will defend the place to the last.

The adjutant general intends to force march a company of militia to Meeker to aid the settlers.

Triple Drowning.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 19.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Tom Riley, of St. Louis, a laborer, aged twenty-seven; "Brocky Pete" Escheabrenner, a laborer, aged twenty-eight, and "Black Ed." Farre, a negro laborer, aged thirty, together with John Veuneman, Owen Travis, Frank Burns, John Maher, John Davey, Chris. Seibold, and an unknown negro roustabout, all colored, put off in a skiff from a coal barge which they had been loading at the foot of Main street, and had drifted just below Walnut, when they were swamped by the waves from the steamer Lancaster. The skiff sank like a stone, and Tom Riley, "Brocky Pete" and "Black Ed." were drowned.

A Murderer Caught.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Aug. 19.—F. D. Williams, deputy jailer of this county, went to West Virginia yesterday and arrested Van Bartram, brought him to this place and lodged him in jail last night. About eighteen months ago, near Clinton Furnace, in this county, Bartram wantonly stabbed Green Kirk to death and fled, since which time he has been a fugitive from justice. This was the ending of an old feud. Mr. Williams arrested Bartram on the waters of Seven-Mile, and since the killing he has been over forty miles from this place. Bartram stands in the Boyd criminal court for willful murder.

Murder at a Camp Meeting.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 19.—An actrocious murder was perpetrated at a colored camp meeting near Wilmington on Sunday night. After preaching was over, Fannie McDonald and Moses Garrett, her accepted lover were strolling through the pines when they were overtaken by Anthony McCormick, a former lover of Fannie, who, after speaking pleasantly to the couple, suddenly pulled a pistol from his pocket and shot Garrett in the right side. He died the following day. The murderer fled and so far has eluded the sheriff's posse who have been in pursuit of him.

Died From His Wounds.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 19.—John Bosker, of Plains township, aged twenty-six, died at the Wilkesbarre hospital Tuesday night, from the effect of three bullet holes in his head. Bosker was brought to the hospital on Sunday morning last by three unknown men. The case was not reported to the authorities until the young man was dead. Bosker died without regaining consciousness, and there is not the slightest clew to show where or at whose hands he met his death.

Manitoba Railroad War.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 19.—A declaration of war and a practical commencement of hostilities on the Red River Valley road by the Canadian Pacific has set the populace afire. In the dead of night the Canadian Pacific placed spur tracks across the proposed Red River Valley line, and then asked for injunctions to prevent the track being torn up. The local government has informed the sheriff that if the Canadian Pacific succeed and he is given an injunction, he will be immediately dismissed if he dares serve it.

From Church to a Fire.

MT. STERLING, Ky., Aug. 19.—Last Monday night, while the citizens of Compton, Wolfe county, were at worship, the district conference being in session at that place, the crowd sprang from bended knees to witness the greater part of their town in flames. A whole block, consisting of the Compton hotel, Center's general store, Center & Hamilton's furniture store and several residences, was destroyed. Loss $8,000. Cause not known.

Miners on a Strike.

LIVINGSTON, Ky., Aug. 19.—Six hundred miners are on a strike at the Pittsburg, Laurel, Altamont and neighboring mines. They want three cents per bushel, have been getting two and one-half. A strike is feared to-day at the Jellico mines. At a meeting of mine owners at Jellico last night to consider the situation no result was reached. There is prospect of a very serious time.

MORE RAILROAD WRECKS.

AN ACCIDENT ON THE PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO ROAD.

A Sleeping Car Derailed Near Bayard, Ohio — The Colored Porter Instantly Killed and Several Others Seriously Wounded—Three Other Wrecks.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 19. — About 4 o'clock this morning the through express train, which left Chicago at 3:15 yesterday over the Fort Wayne & Chicago railway was wrecked at Bayard, O., on the Pittsburg & Cleveland road, about eighty-one miles west of Pittsburg. When the train reached Alliance, O., it was found that the Fort Wayne road was obstructed by a freight wreck some miles east of Alliance, and the train was ordered around by the Cleveland & Pittsburg road. The train was made up of three baggage and express cars, one smoker, one passenger coach, two Chicago sleepers, and a Toledo sleeping car, called the "Topic," which was attached to the rear of the train.

After leaving Alliance the train was proceeding at the rate of thirty miles an hour. As it swung around a sharp curve near Bayard the rails spread, and the Toledo sleeper was derailed, falling on its side. The two Chicago sleepers also jumped the track, but after running nearly three hundred yards they were pulled on again and escaped injury. When the crash came the porter, O. Warner, ran to the forward platform and jumped, but got off on the wrong side of the car, and when it fell over on its side, was buried under it. Fortunately there were only three passengers and the flagman on the sleeper, and in the meantime they were tossed about the car like balls, and all seriously hurt.

When the train stopped the trainmen and passengers rushed back to ascertain what damage had been done. The injured were speedily removed from the car, but no trace of the porter could be found. It was not until nearly an hour afterward that a hand was seen projecting beyond the wreck of the sleeper. Work was immediately commenced and the crushed and mangled body was found.

The casualties were: O. Warner, colored porter, of Pittsburg, Pa., crushed to death.

J. L. Maloney, of Detroit, badly cut about the face, head and breast; believed to be fatally injured.

W. H. Dennison, Pittsburg, badly cut and bruised; very weak and will probably recover.

George D. Lawson, Washington, D. C., badly cut about the head, neck and breast; will recover.

W. A. McCoy, Pittsburg, bruised and injured internally; very serious.

The passengers in the other sleepers were badly shaken up, but sustained no serious injuries.

The injured were taken to the hotel at Bayard and placed in the care of the company's physicians and the train came on to Pittburg, arriving three hours late.

A Stock Train Wrecked.

NAPIERVILLE, Ill., Aug. 19.—At 4:45 o'clock this morning a cattle train was standing on the track of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, when another stock train crashed with terrible force into the rear end. The caboose was thrown twenty feet down an embankment and the engine plowed through three cars loaded with fat steers, almost totally demolishing them and killing and maiming the cattle. The engine is a complete wreck. The tender telescoped the first car, loaded with hogs, of the moving train, killing the most of the animals. Engineer Robinson, of the second train, was severely bruised by jumping from his engine. The fireman escaped unhurt. The cause of the accident was a dense fog which prevented signals from being seen.

Freight Train Wrecked.

CASTON, Pa., Aug. 19.—An ore train stopped at the Three Bridges, N. J. station on the Caston & Amboy division of the Lehigh Valley railroad last night for orders. The fast freight came along at a high rate of speed, and before the ore train could get out of the way, a collision occurred and the track was lined with broken cars and their contents. Amos Clark, the engineer of the freight held his post up to the last and in jumping, rolled down a ditch, receiving serious injuries. His fireman was slightly bruised. About sixteen cars and a locomotive are wrecked and the track was blocked several hours.

Another Wreck on the B. & O.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 10.—A collision occurred last night on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, by one of the east bound freight trains running into the rear of another freight, by which seventeen cars were wrecked. The collision was about three miles west of Ellicott City, on the main stem, near Hollifield's station. A train of colored excursionists from Harper's Ferry was detained on the track until this morning. The engineer and conductor of one of the trains were severely, and it is believed fatally, injured. The firemen are also probably fatally hurt.

Still Another.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Aug. 19.—As the "Rawhide" freight on the Boston & Albany railroad, due at Milford at midnight was approaching that place, the brakes failed to work. The engine was running with such force that the end of the rails was cleared and a dash made into a meadow where the locomotive sank deep into the earth. Engineer Croft was thrown from the cab and was seriously injured. One brakeman had both legs broken. The damage aggregates $5,000.

THE VERDICT ANNOUNCED.

Section Boss Coughlin Found Guilty and the Railroad Company Censured.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 19.—The coroner's jury in the railroad disaster, after a deliberation of three hours, returned a verdict that Section Boss Coughlin was guilty of gross criminal negligence, in leaving fires burning across the track and in failing to inspect the track. It is recommended that he be held to the grand jury. The company is censured for not having had the track patrolled all the evening. Coughlin will be arrested. The coroner's warrant was taken to Pontiac.

Dr. H. S. M. Bards, of Fairbury, Ill., who arrived here at noon, brings the information of the death at 1 o'clock this morning of Elliott Waters, of the Peoria Watch Company, who was on his was to visit his parents, who live at Cottage near Dalton, N. Y. When taken from here to Fairbury, he said to your correspondent that he was on his way to visit his parents, and would get to them yet. He had a hole in his thigh as big as a man's wrist, together with internal injuries, but he bore up so bravely that the physicians dubbed him the hero. He did well until last evening, when blood poisoning and failure of the heart supervened and he gradually sank. His body passed through here at noon, expressed to Dalton, N. Y.

Saratoga Races Postponed.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 19.—To-day's races were postponed on account of rain.

THE BULGARIAN MUDDLE.

STRANGE ACTIONS OF AUSTRIA, ENGLAND, GERMANY AND ITALY.

Prince Ferdinand's Ascension to the Bulgarian Throne Places Several Countries in Very Embarrassing Situations. Various Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The Bulgarian question has assumed a phase which puts the powers opposing the position that Russia took at the outset and has since steadfastly adhered to in a very embarrassing situation, and one from which they must speedily extricate themselves if they would preserve an unsullied reputation for consistency. From the beginning of the Balkan muddle, dated from the expulsion of Prince Alexander, Russia has acted entirely within the limits of the provisions of the treaty of Berlin and has exacted nothing more of the other powers than that they also should confine their action to the limitations of that convention.

In her recent controversies with the powers on the subject of the election of Prince Ferdinand to the Bulgarian throne held through her ambassadors, or directly from her foreign office, Russia has very clearly pointed out the not to be controverted fact that as sticklers of strict observance of treaty obligations Austria, England, Germany and Italy are acting strangely at variance with their former professions in the present instance. So plainly has the accusation of inconsistency been put by the czar's government that Germany has found no difficulty in appreciatcng the justice of the charge, and has already begun to trim her sails to catch the breeze from another quarter, and the fact that the phlegmatic Teuton has veered from his course will unquestionably have the effect of causing the other passive abettors of Prince Ferdinand's virtual seizure of the Bulgarian throne to set a sharp lookout for breakers ahead.

The rule of Prince Ferdinand in Bulgaria, should it be permitted by Russia, could redound to possible disadvantage to England, Italy, or even Austria, that the rule of any other prince would not give them, nor would the rule of any other prince eligible to the Bulgarian throne under the terms of the Berlin treaty prove detrimental to the interest of these powers, so long as the local status of the principality was maintained. The rule of the Prince of Mingrelia or the Prince of Oldenburg in Bulgaria, could not materially affect any interest or enterprise that England has in or near that country, nor would the presence of either on the throne at Sofia render a whit more uncertain the chances of Austria's ultimately obtaining possession of Salonica. Whatever reasons, singly or collectively, the powers may offer for opposing Russia's demands that the Bulgarian throne shall be filled in a manner strictly legal, the situation presents no aspect indicating that they are actuated by any higher motive than that of thwarting the wishes of a power of which they are jealous or afraid.

If Russia is forced to resort to war to uphold her Balkan policy—and she will certainly fight rather than depart from it—the spectacles will be presented of the country to curtail whose power the treaty of Berlin was peculiarly formulated, plunging into war to maintain the terms of that treaty inviolate, while the other signatory powers contest her right to do so and endeavor to prove the invalidity and illegality of their own work. It seems impossible that stultification can be carried to this extreme.

Blaine in London.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Mr. James G. Blaine was in London on Sunday. He is said to have told a friend that he was on the eve of making a short tour of the continent, but his movements since his departure from Ireland have been kept so completely in the dark that this statement may have been made for the purpose of throwing news hunters off the scent, or may not have been made at all. At all events it is unlikely that any further information as to the American statesman's itinerary will be given to the public while he remains in England, since his experience in Ireland has taught him the value of secretiveness and seclusion. Absolutely nothing definite can be learned of his intentions through the ordinary process of interviewing, and, as a matter of fact, the gentleman has become almost as inaccessible as the queen herself.

Stanley's Death Discredited.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 19.—At the office of the Congo Free State association in this city and in other well informed circles here the report that Stanley was murdered is discredited.

Sporting Items.

Pete Nolan, of Cincinnati, is challenged to fight an "unknown" in Pittsburg for total gate receipts.

BASE BALL.—Baltimore 2, Mets 1, ten innings; Brooklyn 15, Athletics 2; Boston 6, Washington 5; Philadelphia 3, New York 2.

The winners in the races at Brighton Beach were: Effie Hary, Chance, Garry Owen, Leonora, Tornado, Roy. At Utica, N. Y.: Prince Wilkes, Annie King, Lavoni and Argyl.

There are entries from Duluth, Oshkosh, New York, Milwaukee, Philadelphia, Chicago and Rome, N. Y., to participate in the lawn tennis tournament at Lake Minnetonka, Minn. It will last three days.

Wants Damages.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 19.—James O'Neill, the actor, brought suit against Jacob Litt, manager of the academy here, to recover $5,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by infringement of copyright. The alleged offense was committed last fall when Mr. Litt engaged Stevenson to play at the academy in a version of Monte Cristo, which O'Neill claims to be identical with the one on which he holds the copyright.

His Headless Body Found.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Aug. 19.—Pat Derkin, aged seventy-one years, a well-to-do farmer, residing near Ascade, this county, left a neighbor's house one stormy night last February for home. That was the last seen of him. Search proved unavailing. Yesterday news reached here that his headless and dismembered body was found at the edge of a creek, 300 yards from his house. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Boy Accidentally Killed.

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 19.—William Haines, a boy who worked at the woolen mill in Mount Joy, was removing wool from the freight depot there yesterday afternoon. When the Lancaster accommodation train passed that place James B. Schlegelmilch, a blacksmith, who was on the train, threw off a bundle of steel bars. The bars struck the boy and knocked his brains out. The jury exonerated Schlegelmilch from all blame.

Captured With the Swag.

MONTREAL, Aug. 19.—Charles Page, who swindled the Jacques Cartier bank out of $25,000, was arrested last evening at Versailles, Quebec, about eighteen miles from the border line. All the money was found in his possession.

James Ferrell is a living skeleton in the Atlanta, Ga., hospital. The only food his stomach retains is a drop of nitro-glycerine every four hours. By this means life has been prolonged several weeks, but he cannot survive much longer. He has cancer of the stomach.

Sons of St. George.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 19.—Delegates representing 240 lodges, with 20,000 members, Sons of St. George, are in annual convention in this city. The following officers for the ensuing year have been elected: Worthy grand president, Thomas Brown, of Philadelphia; worthy grand vice president, Charles Downer, of Boston; worthy grand messenger, Isaac Ellis, of Lockport, N. Y.; worthy grand treasurer, Robert Stewart, of Philadelphia; worthy grand inside sentinel, W. D. Collingwood, of Buffalo; worthy grand outside sentinel, Robert Aspinaw, of Philadelphia.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19. — Indications—Fair weather, westerly winds, becoming variable, nearly stationary temperature.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for August 18.

NEW YORK—Money 5 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments firm.

Currency sixes, 122 bid; four coupons, 126¾; four-and-a-halfs, 108⅝ bid.

The stock market opened dull but during the first half hour there was considerable selling of some stocks which caused a decline of ⅛ to 1¼ per cent. After 10:30 the market became stagnant and up to the present writing, little or nothing has been done. The lowest prices of the morning are current.

Bur. & Quincy	140	Mich. Central	86
Canadian Pacific	56	Missouri Pacific	98⅛
Canadian South'n	55¼	N. Y. Central	109⅝
Central Pacific	37½	Northwestern	115¼
C., C., C. & I.	54	Northern Pacific	28⅛
Del. & Hudson	101¼	do preferred	55
Del., Lack. & W.	131½	Ohio & Miss	27½
Denver & Rio G.	27½	Pacific Mail	39⅝
Erie seconds	31⅜	Reading	55⅝
Illinois Central	119½	Rock Island	129
Jersey Central	76¾	St. Paul	82⅜
Kansas & Texas	27⅛	do preferred	117½
Lake Shore	94¼	Union Pacific	56¼
Louisville & Nash	63⅜	Western Union	73⅜

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, $3.60@3.80; family, $3.10@3.35.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 70@73c; No. 2, 73@74c.

CORN—No. 3 mixed, 46@46½c; No. 2 mixed, 46@47c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed 27@27½c; No. 2 mixed, 2 @—c; No. 3 white, 29½@32c.

PORK—Family, $14.50@14.75; regular, $15.25@15.50.

LARD—Kettle, 7@7¼c.

BACON—Short, clear sides, 9¼@9.15c.

CHEESE—Prime to choice Ohio, 10¼@10½c; New York, 11@12c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, $2.15@2.25 per dozen; fair to prime, $2.50@2.65; choice, $2.65@2.75.

WOOL—Unwashed medium clothing, 25@26c; fine merino, 18@20c; common, 17@18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 30@31c; combing, 31@32c; fine merino X and XX, 28@29c; burr and cotts, 16@18c; tub-washed, 28@38c; pulled, 28@31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $14.00@15.00; No. 2, $12.00@13.00; mixed, $10.00@11.00; prairie, $8.00@9.00; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5.00@6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers', $3.00@3.65; fair, $2.25@2.85; common, $1.25@2.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.00; yearlings and calves, $1.50@2.50.

HOGS—Select butchers', $5.25@5.45; fair to good packing, $4.80@5.00; fair to good light, $4.65@5.00; common, $4.10@4.60; culls, $3.25@4.00.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $2.50@3.25; good to choice, $3.50@4.25; common to fair lambs, $3.75@4.50; good to choice, $4.75@5.50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 81¼c; No. 2 red winter, 80⅝c; October, 81¼c.

CORN—Mixed, 48½c; September, 48¼c.

OATS—No. 1 white state, 42c; No. 2, 30¼c.

CATTLE—$3.75@5.15 per 100 lbs. live weight.

HOGS—$5.25@5.95 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP—$3.00@5.00 per 100 lbs. live weight.

COTTON—Quiet; middling uplands, 9 11-16c; do New Orleans, 9 13-16c; August, 9.42c; September, 9.25c; October, 9.11c; November, 9.12c; December, 9.11c; January, 9.15c; February, 9.21c; March, 9.29c; April, 9.35c.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Fair; prime, $4.25@4.50; fair to good, $3.50@4.10; common medium, $3.00@3.75; common, $3.50@3.75; receipts, 361; shipments, 265.

The Union National Bank.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, President.
JAS. R. HUNT, Cashier.

Does a General Banking Business.

South Erie Street,

MASSILLON, - - - - OHIO.

Now has come the time when the ladies are looking for the cheapest place to buy

Fruit Jars

—AND—

Jelly Tumblers,

and they cannot do better than to purchase of

F. J. Keller & Co.'s

Coal Leases

Of the most desirable form, and Check

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We have just secured some of the "latest" things in ladies writing papers. The new long fold papers, Crane's etching paper, Crash and a number of unique designs. We have an elegant RAGGED EDGE paper for 25 cents per box.

The September numbers of the fashion books are in. The Season, Young Ladies' Journal, New York Fashion Bazar, L'Art de la Mode, Demorest's, Butterick's Delineator. and others

HOW TO GET AN INK THAT WILL SUIT YOU.—Inks are made with a view to suiting exactly some particular purpose. You cannot do satisfactory work in your books with copying ink, or anything but a chemical fluid. If you take but one impression in copying your letters, there is a light copying ink that will make as clear a copy as a heavy one. If you do not copy your correspondence, and like an ink black from the start, you don't want either of the above. For writing and copying combined get Stafford's or Carter's combined writing and copying fluid. For book work and records, general correspondence and all writing to be preserved, use Carter's, Arnold's or Stafford's writing fluid. For correspondence that is not to be copied, get Carter's black ink or Stafford's Universal. You will then be suited.

"PINK-EYE"

Cured for 30 Cents.

Distemper, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Kidney, Liver and all diseases of the blood, cured by

One Package of Pabulum.

Manufactured by the American Cattle Food Co., of Cleveland, O.
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Inquire as to the merits of Pabulum.

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Daily and Weekly.

Oldest and Newsiest Newspaper Massillon Has.

Have you a friend who is interested in Massillon?

Then send him the Weekly Independent.

Are you a Stark County farmer?

Then subscribe for the Weekly Independent.

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Then advertise your business in the Weekly Independent.

The Weekly Independent is bigger than ever before,

Contains twice as much Home News, and is only

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Are you a citizen of Massillon anxious to see Massillon thrive?

Then subscribe for the Daily Independent.

Do you want to read all the home news every evening?

Then subscribe for the Daily Independent.

Do you want to catch the city trade?

Then advertise in the Daily Independent.

OFFICE

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MASSILLON, OHIO.

NARCOTIC SLEEP.

The dim Narcissus flickers in his dreams,
And fulsome lilies cast a veined shade
Across his lids; a murmurous magic braid
Of lights and sounds and yellow purple gleams
Of pansies rains about him; and meseems
The rich-lipped poppies have him all the while,
A Hermes-wand doth touch his lips to smile,
And angle in his soul's sweet water streams.

His brow? a sleep-fraught seashore where a sea
Of dreams breaks, lulling, on a land of smiles,
The violet candelabra of wan Dis
Lilac illumine all the magic isles
Of slumber in him; and in troops they flee—
The shadowless dreams—and as they flee, they kiss. —The Critic.

Clerical After Dinner Talkers.

Many entertaining after dinner talkers are found among the clergy. There is but one Beecher, to be sure, but there are several other ministers in New York and Brooklyn who enjoy the creature comforts of a public banquet and who can supplement their feast of the body with a flow of soul that is oftentimes rich in thought and anecdote. There is Robert Collyer, for instance. He is an enthusiastic banqueter. His broad, beni gnant countenance beams with pleasure from the time he dips his spoon into the soup until he dons his overcoat and hat to go home. He is an interesting talker and is always eagerly listened to. His favorite theme is the nobility of honest labor, and he seems never to tire of recalling his own early struggles with poverty when he was an illiterate blacksmith.

The courtly Assistant Bishop Henry C. Potter and the scholarly Dr. Storrs, of Brooklyn, are occasional participants in public dinners. The energetic De Witt Talmage is as original and amusing at the dinner table as he is in his own pulpit. The Rev. John R. Paxton, the Rev. R. Heber Newton and the Rev. Charles S. Eaton—all young men—are always welcome guests at a banquet, and their post prandial efforts will, as a rule, stand comparison with those of the secular speaker for liberality of thought and vivacity of language. Dr. Paxton is a particularly vivacious speaker.—New York Times.

The French Prizes for Virtue.

The annual sitting of the French Academy for awarding the prizes for virtue and literary merit was held Nov. 25. M. Caro read the report on the virtue prizes, the chief of which (3,000 francs) was to the Abbe Lemoine, who has brought up 750 Alsatian orphans and tended 326 hospital patients. Mlle. Antoinette Lafont of Lectoure has 2,000 francs. She has for fifty years dvoted herself to the distressed family to which she was originally servant. Pierre Nicolle, a peasant, has 1,500 francs for having made his cottage a permanent infirmary for eight persons visited with terrible maladies, and Sister St. Gauthier a like sum for thirty years of unbroken night nursing in a Vendean hospital.

Of the fourteen medals of 1,000 francs one is assigned to parents named Rabaud, who on their child being so horribly burned in the stomach that only epidermic grafting could save him, immediately offered themselves. Five large grafts were taken from the father and twenty two smaller ones from the mother, the child recovering after fourteen months. M. Caro also dwelt on the exceptional award of 5,000 francs to the Pasteur institute, which, though resolved on some months ago, was not officially anounced till the other day. He pronounced a glowing panegyric on M. Pasteur, and quoted his reply to his family on their pressing him to take a rest: "When I am not working I seem to myself to be committing a theft."—Pall Mall Gazette.

The Doctors' Great Mistake.

The bill appropriating $75,000 for the medical and burial expenses of President Garfield was not passed without opposition. Senator Vest was especially severe on the surgeons, who did not know the structure of the human body, and who had treated one part while the wound was in another, like the carpenter who cannot tell garret from cellar, or the shipwright who knows not mast from hull. For eighty days James A. Garfield lay and sweltered, and agonized and suffered. Bulletin after bulletin went to the anxious hearts and ears of the Amercian people: "We have probed the wound; we have found the bullet; the electric machinery responds under the great laws of nature until we have located the bullet to a hair's breadth!" And he died with the far off look in his eyes across the dim and distant ocean, and the autopsy showed that they never came within a foot of the bullet, and that they doctored and probed and lanced the pus cavity for eighty long days; a curious exemplification of scientific skill.—Ben: Perley Poore.

Women Who Wear Tight Shoes.

"Women who pose as models have, as a rule, poorly shaped feet," said an artist to a reporter. "If their feet are not poorly shaped they are apt to be out of proportion by being too small. The reason is obvious. Women are ambitious to have small feet and hands and at an early age they begin to wear tight shoes. The result is that their feet are cramped and do not grow with the other members of the body. Of course there are some professional models who began early in life and never cramped their feet with tight shoes. They have correct proportions. I speak generally of the mass of women who become models after they are 18 years old. Women imagine if they have small feet and hands they have all that is necessary to give them a shapely appearance. A worse mistake was never made. Women who are large should naturally have large feet in proportion; from an artistic point of view they look better. But you cannot make them think so."—New York Mail and Express.

What One Vote Accomplished.

The fact that in Indiana the official count shows that a candidate has been re-elected by just one vote leads The South Bend Tribune to remember that in 1842 Lot Day, Sr., was the Democratic candidate for sheriff and William Cosgrove was the Whig candidate. When the official canvass of the vote was made Lot Day was elected by one majority. In 1844 Hugh C. Flannegan was elected representative by one majority. He went to the legislature and his vote elected a United States senator by one majority. The United States senator's one vote brought on the Mexican war. So St. Joseph county has had an experience that no other county perhaps in the United States has had with a single vote. Four men elected to important offices by single votes and the Mexican war brought on by a single vote.—New York Sun.

As a Great Truth.

The following from Mr. Lowell's Harvard address is going the rounds as "a great truth," as if it were a matter of familiar experience: "A man rich only for himself has a life as barren and cheerless as the serpent set to guard a buried treasure."

One Kind of Reading.

And how few persons who can devote but an hour or half an hour a day to reading and study take due thought as to how they can make the most of their little leisure. They read in a desultory way whatever comes to hand, and think that if they had more time for books they would soon become much better informed. But the half hour a day, if used in the wisest manner, would make a vast difference in one's mental growth as the months and years glide by.

An incident occurs to me that well illutrates this. A pretty maiden hair fern growing in a flower pot was given to a young girl hopelessly ill with spinal disease. It proved a thing of beauty and of inexhaustible interest, as the delicate, graceful fronds came up one by one and slowly uncurled. There was a little pot beside the fern and under its spreading fronds in which grew an aloe. By and by the sick girl noticed in the little pot some tiny ferns scarce an inch high quite unlike the maiden hair. Whence came they? Her interest was aroused. She was no botanist, but she wanted to learn something about ferns. She could use her eyes for reading but five minutes at a time and not more than twice a day. A book on ferns came to her, and another and another. Friends, knowing her interest in ferns, brought them to her fresh and green from the woods or sent her pressed specimens of rare varieties gathered in distant lands. Sometimes a visitor would read to her from one of her precious books, but only for four or five minutes. "I cannot remember more at a time," she would say, "and you have read enough for me to think about for a long time."

It is now some years since the maiden hair fern was given to her, and she has become an authority as to the species and culture of ferns and is an enthusiast in regard to them. It is true that she has become edcuated in one direction only, and is not particularly well informed in other respects. But is it not a great gain that she should talk about her ferns and their wonderful method of reproduction, awakening her listeners' interest and teaching them many things worth remembering rather than to dwell chiefly on her pains and privations? It is many years since she was able to step out of doors, but when you are with her you do not think of her as an invalid so interested and interesting is she.—Boston Transcript.

The Bones of A. T. Stewart.

Mrs. Stewart gave $25,000 instead of the $50,000 at first demanded. The bargain was made through a lawyer who seemed to have no other briefs and who probably got a good fraction of the swag. "The ghouls insisted that the money should be delivered to them on a lonely hill in Westchester county at dead of night. Thither, in accordance with their directions, a relative of Mrs. Stewart journeyed alone in a wagon which he drove himself. At a spot in the country road, which had not been designated or described, the driver was suddenly halted by a masked horseman. This mysterious messenger led him through a by-lane to the hill top, where, after certain precautions to insure their safety, they received the $25,000, examined it and then dragged a bag of bones from another buggy near by and surrendered it to the keeping of the solitary traveler. Before they disappeared down the side of the hill they commanded him, on the peril of his life, to turn about and descend the other slope.

The next night the bones were committed to the vault under the great cathedral at Garden City, which had already been connected by a secret wire with a chime of bells sure to ring and alarm the town if it was disturbed. So now the remains of the great merchant millionaire and those of his patient, enduring, frugal and affectionate wife of 60 years lie side by side.—Croffut's Letter.

Baggage in England.

The American baggage car and the system of checks are not generally used in England. Every passenger must needs look after his own baggage. The small stuff is placed in the car with the passenger, and trunks (which are in England called boxes) are stored in a compartment in passenger cars. To be sure porters abound in English railway stations, and every person with any considerable baggage puts it in their charge. So far as I could see, they were very intelligent, faithful and prompt. It is customary, however, to pay them for such service. Arrangements may be made by which express companies will deliver your baggage at hotels or private houses, but we saw none. Indeed, the express business as it exists in America is not widely if at all known in Great Britain; the roads do the express business for themselves. Whether this is an advantage we have no means of knowing.—H. W. Beecher in New York World.

The Organ Grinders' Organization.

The organ grinders of New York city have an organization more close even than the Knights of Labor, and they have parceled out the whole town in routes just as the newspaper carriers have done in Philadelphia. When any of the members die or leave for Italy their routes are sold to the highest bidder, the amount received going into the treasury of the organization. There are now 882 members. Another interesting fact is that the tunes are adjusted to suit the taste of the different localities. Those with classical and operatic music go to Fifth Avenue and the Murray Hill streets, while the melodies that are ground out on the east and west sides are of a less ambitious character. I am told that the owner of a hand organ and a monkey gets rich enough here in five years to return to Italy and live the rest of his life without working. Three or four dollars a day is the average income.—New York Mail and Express.

Significance of Tattooing.

In a recent issue of the The Vienna Anthropological Society Dr. M. Halberlandt discusses the origin, extent and significance of tattooing. He does not believe that it was at first meant merely as ornament. He attributes it to a religious significance, the figures described on the skin having some reference to the totemic or ancestral god of the clan, and serving as a protection to the wearer. In latter days, when this meaning had faded the figure became a mere style of personal decoration. Dr. Halberlandt draws a distinction between tattooing, in which the figures are delineated by inserting a fine pointed instrument repeatedly into the skin, and what he calls, from an Australian word, the manka, in which process the lines are scratched or cut and the coloring matter rubbed in. This distinction he maintains as important as an ethnological criterion.—Boston Budget.

In Great Demand.

It is said that Gen. W. T. Sherman is in great demand among the dinner givers. He has already enough invitations to occupy his dinner hours from now until next September, with a few dates still open.

Jack's Hour of Leisure.

Reckless of their money as sailors are known to be when on a spree, they are models of economy when at sea on a long voyage. Spare hours are devoted to mending their clothing, the sole object in selecting a patch where one is needed being to get a patch that will stand as much wear as possible. Dungaree trousers patched with a piece of a jib or topsail that has been blown to pieces are not uncommon. The pipe which Jack brings on board, if of clay, may be broken but the pieces are carefully saved and doweled together ingeniously with bits of wire. If the pipe be of wood a piece of an old tin can that has held cabin grub is obtained from the steward, and with it a neat fitting lining is made for the pipe that prolongs the existenc of the wooden bowl until it has a strength that would make a 'longshoreman turn pale. The sailor's sheath knife cuts the tin to the right size and a marline spike helps to round it into form.

Now and then a sailor is found forehanded enough to carry material along in his clothes bag with which he can while away hours below more profitably than in making the ordinary half model pictures or engraving a sea lion's tusks. Twine for making fish nets is a favorable article for Jack to work with. The price of nets is so small in these days, however, that he does not make so much at that work as he used to do. Not long ago a sailor came ashore here after a round voyage to Portland, Ore., carrying two good tennis rackets in his hand. He had got the materials in Oregon. Not unfrequently a sailor can be found who can so manipulate a gold coin that a ring nicely polished on the outside and yet showing the name and date of the coin on the inside is produced. A marline spike and a hammer with a piece of leather for a polisher are the only tools used.

Mat making is another favorite occupation of the sailor man. He usually works with fine materials, such as silks and worsted, and the care and skill and taste with which these materials are wrought together are wonderful. Many a cabin in the vessels that enter this port is ornamented with no end of banners and mottoes for the bulkheads and mats for the table, sideboards and floors that were made by the men in their off hours, and if purchased at a fancy store would cost hundreds of dollars.—New York Sun.

Remedies for Seasickness.

Nothing can be more unreasonable than continuous seasickness. The absolute remedies are so many, the many voiced witnesses are so grave that any one who persists in being sick after the third day is simply obdurate, and I above all men.

Capt. Knight was something of a doctor and he could bring round in a day or two by water cure treatment. He succeeded on the first day that I put my feet on shore! Remedies:

Go on board with a full stomach of plain but nourishing food; do not have anything on your stomach when you embark!

Keep on deck. Do not go out of your stateroom but lie quietly on your back.

Take champagne or claret or brandy or whisky or gruel or oat meal porridge or bits of salt codfish scorched upon living coals.

Then have an iceberg along your spine; a light belt should be worn below the waist; use homœpathic remedies freely, it makes little difference of what kind; blue pills and Congress water are as good as anything.

But the best of all things is to kick the doctor out of your state room, lie still in your berth and wait for land. This is a sure cure!

There are many alleviations of this condition—the smell of bilge water, if on ship; of grease, if on a steamer; the smell of dinner, if your stateroom opens on the dining saloon; the rattle of the knives and the jolly roar of merry men at their abhorrent meals. For variety a friend will visit you and narrates his experience and recommends new torments. —Henry Ward Beecher in New York World.

The Old Street Car Horse.

The driver of a Madison street car was jogging his team downtown when he was somewhat startled to see a horse wholly devoid of harness come dashing down Throop street. As he put on the brakes and pulled up his team the conductor rang the bell once as a signal to stop. The effect on the runaway animal was instantaneous; he came to a halt and stood puffing and blowing beside one of the car horses. The driver stared vacantly at the new equine arrival until the conductor aroused him by ringing two bells as a signal to start. As he mechanically let the brake go and loosened his hold on the reins the wild horse glanced at the driver and then jogged along with the team. By this time nearly all the passengers were watching the antics of the strange horse. A few blocks further down the conductor rang the bell for the car to stop, at which the wild horse stopped also, keeping pace with the car team. The conductor rang the bell as often as he got a chance, while all the passengers stood up and watched the performance of the horse. At a livery stable near Union street the knowing animal suddenly swung off, gazed wistfully at the car as if undecided what to do, and then walked into the barn. "Well, I'll be durned!" ejaculated the driver. "I've seen horses afore now what was street car crazy, but that fellow beats 'em all. He takes the condition powders. That horse is an old street car rounder. I don't remember him myself, but I'll bet there is men up to the barn what knows him. Street car horses is like fire engine horses—no matter where you put 'em they are always ready to go back to the business."—Chicago News.

The Baobab Tree in Africa.

One marked feature of the Lowanda district is the prevalence of the baob tree, that vegetable Falstaff which every one who has campaigned in the eastern Soudan will remember to have been dotted by hundreds over the burning plains of Darfur and Kordofan. A strange looking object it is, with its huge bulging barrel of a trunk and its outspread branches, irresistibly suggesting an enormously fat man who has wedged himself into a tight suit of black and is flinging his arms wildly about him in an agony of suffocation. On the uplands one meets at every turn the stiff, wiry, ponglike shoots of the "milky euphorbia," so called from the white sap which oozes from it whenever a twig is broken. But of other vegetation, thanks to the prevalent want of rain, there is little if any in the immediate neighborhood of the town.—Africa Cor. New York Times.

Wendell Phillips' Estate.

William I. Bowditch, of Boston, the administrator of Wendell Phillips' estate, has a little book with leather back and corners in which "Ann and Wendell Phillips" recorded the money they gave away. The grand total, inclusive of large and small sums, from 1845 to 1875 was $64,710. And yet neither of them was wealthy in the modern acceptation of the world.—Chicago Herald.

WHAT VOUDOO WORSHIP IS.

The Signification of the Word "Voudoo." Worship in Hayti—Temples.

Sir Spenser St. John gives a very spirited description of Voudoo worship in Hayti. "According to the true secretaries of the Voudoos," he says, "who maintain its principle and obey its rules, 'Voudoo' signifies an all powerful and supernatural being on whom depend all the events which take place in the world. This being is the non-venomous serpent—one so common in Hayti—and it is under its auspices that all those assemble who profess this doctrine. Acquaintance with the past, knowledge of the present, prescience of the future, all appertain to this serpent, that only consents, however, to communicate his power and prescribe his will through the organ of a grand priest, whom the secretaries elect, and still more by that of the negress, whom the love of the latter had raised to the rank of high priestess. These two delegates, who declare themselves inspired by their god or in whom the gift of inspiration is really manifested, in the opinion of their followers, bear the pompous name of 'king' and 'queen,' or the despotic one of 'master' and 'mistress,' or the touching titles of 'papa' and 'mamma.' They are during their whole lives the chiefs of the great family of the Voudoos, and they have a right to the unlimited respect of those who compose it. It is they who decide if the serpent agrees to admit a candidate into the society, who prescribe the obligations and the duties he has to fulfill; it is they who receive the gifts and presents which the gods expects as a just homage to him.

"To disobey them, to resist them, is to disobey God himself and expose one's self to the greatest misfortunes. This system of domination on the one hand and of blind obedience on the other being well established, they at fixed dates meet together and the king and queen of the Voudoo preside, following the forms which were probably brought from Africa and to which Creole customs have added many variations and some traits which betray European ideas, as for instance the scarf or rich belt which the queen wears at these assemblies, and which she occasionally varies."

As for the practice of Voudoo worship, it is well to say that of the votaries in Hayti there seem to be two classes—those who worship the serpent and offer animal sacrifice to appease his wrath or court his favor, and those who kill human beings and not only offer them as sacrifices, but eat their flesh. Of the former fully 15 per cent. of the inhabitants of Hayti are alleged to be given over to that kind of Voudooism to a certain extent; of the latter sufficient has been told. The temples of the Voudoo are generally small, unpretentious wooden buildings—called by the natives Humfort—and are scattered generally throughout the interior of Hayti. Some of them are most incongruous in their interior decorations, and one situated a little distance back of Heaux du Cap was profusely decorated with illutrations from colored weekly pamphlets, interspersed with gaudy chromoic pictures of various saints.—New York World.

Joe Howard, Jr., on Cranks.

Mr. Howard spoke with little effort and in an ordinary tone, using no gesture. The subject was "Cranks." Mr. Howard said that cranks, as a rule, were people who held opinions contrary to those held by the majority. These opinions, while being very good at times, were not accepted by common humanity because common humanity could not understand them. All the great inventors were considered cranks. Fulton was considered a crank, yet in history he is revered and looked upon as a great man. Elias Howe, the inventor of the sewing machine, which was of great benefit to hundreds of thousands of women, was a crank. His fellows spoke slightingly of him when he was engaged in perfecting his great invention, but he lived to enjoy the fruits of his brain and sagacity. Eli Whitney was a crank, yet he did a great service for mankind. The most scientific men of the age in which Professor Morse lived pronounced him to be a crank, yet his name is now surrounded by a bright halo in the history of our country.

The lecturer referred to other men who were benefactors and inventors who were stigmatized as cranks. He said that there were several hundred men in New York city who are worth millions of dollars and who work harder than men in their employ so that they may add to their fortune. They wanted to be the richest men on earth. They were undoubtedly cranks on this one subject—that of money making. A. T. Stewart wanted to be the great American merchant prince, and he was. He conceived the idea of erecting a magnificent white marble business building, which never would be marred by a business sign. He was a crank on this subject, and he had his way. Yet he died, and in a short time the entire building was covered with signs.—Joseph Howard, Jr.

Angora Goats in California.

I was on the summit of Tallac, nearly 10,000 feet in elevation, at sunset. I there found nearly 200 Angora goats camped for the night on rocks about thirty feet east of and below the summit. They were in full sight of Tahoe and the best views from the summit. There was fine, green mountain pasture, soft soil bedding and shelter down below them a mile or two, but they preferred the rocks of the summit and the keener air and magnificent mountain pictures. Their bed was nearer the stars, and they would have the very earliest sight of the morning sun. Four hundred of this breed of goats were, five years ago, every one killed by lightning near the same spot. They were the property of the same owner, Mr. Gilmore of Glen Alpine Springs. Many of them were pure or half pure breeds. The herd was worth at least $6,000. They were dead several days before they were discovered, so that not even their pelts were saved.

These goats are not herded; they take care of themselves altogether, and except for being salted—that is, supplied with salt to lick twice a week—they get no care or watching. They are shorn once a year and yield three to four pounds of mohair, which is worth fifty cents a pound. Mohair is used very largely for railroad car cushions. Seven years ago there were no mohair factories in the United States; now there are some forty of them. But for the disaster named Mr. Gilmore would now have a herd of about 2,000.—San Francisco Bulletin.

France's Little Gunboat.

France revels in a diminutive gunboat which has been flying around experimentally near Toulon, cutting through the water at the rate of nineteen knots, with a gun out of all proportion in size. The inventor's proud boast is that the boat is too small for big ships to tackle, while its cannon is big enough to smash things.—Chicago Tribune.

Paul Bert's Scientific Courage.

A striking anecdote of M. Paul Bert's intrepedity as a savant is related by one who, owing to his connection with the hospital at the time, is in a position to vouch for its authenticity in every particular. Some years ago he visited Havre while a severe epidemic of smallpox was raging in that port. Noticing on his return to Paris that the mortality was daily on the increase he began to entertain doubts as to the efficacy of vaccination as a prophylactic, and resolved to solve the problem to his own satisfaction by experiments on his own person. He accordingly got himself vaccinated, and, going a fortnight afterward to the Charite hospital, he courageously had himself inoculated with the virus of a man who was dying of the smallpox. No ill effects having resulted from this terrible experiment M. Paul Bert was completely won over to the cause of vaccination, which throughout the remainder of his life had no warmer supporter. It is characteristic of the savant that he never breathed a word about this to any one, evidently regarding the trial to which he had subjected himself and the fearful risk which he had run as a commonplace episode in the career of a votary of science.—Paris Cor. London Telegraph.

A New York Lodging House.

Mr. Solomons, president of the committee on lodging house, which was founded over a year ago at 9 Doyers street as a model lodging house has become self supporting. Every lodger is required to take a bath and wear a night shirt provided by the Sanitary Aid society. A clerk has been added to the establishment, and he cries "Front" to bell boys, just as they do in a hotel. A bed costs 10 cents. Attached to the lodging house is a restaurant, where a bowl of coffee, a Hamburger steak and bread may be had for 10 cents. The lodging house was established by the society with the hope of persuading charitable societies in the city to establish them in all of the thickly settled wards. An auxiliary committee of ladies is now organizing under the auspices of the Sanitary Aid society with the view of providing one or more similar lodging houses for women.—New York Sun.

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Manufacture Best Grades of

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Ask your grocer for Fancy Patent, either

SIPPO VALLEY

—OR—

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C. L. & W. Railway.

Condensed time schedule of passenger trains. In effect June 5, 1887, and until further notice. New Standard—90 Meridian time which is 28 minutes slower than Columbus time.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5. Accom.		No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6. Accom.
Cleveland	6 45am	5 40pm	4 00pm		9 20am	6 55pm	10 15pm
Grafton	7 55	6 50	5 10		8 25	6 00	8 15
Elyria	8 40am	7 20	5 55		7 40	5 14	7 45
Lorain	9 05	7 55	6 20		7 07	4 44	7 10pm
Grafton	9 32	8 22	6 45		6 37	4 13	6 40
Medina	9 08	8 54	6 22		7 01	4 37	6 50
Seville	8 54	8 40	6 07		7 16	4 51	5 05
Sterling	9 02	8 47	6 16		7 09	4 44	5 15
Warwick	9 22	9 02	6 45		6 45	4 23	4 55
Canal Fulton	9 40	9 22	7 02*		6 27	4 04	4 35
Paris	9 59	9 48*	7 13		6 10	3 56*	4 00
Massillon	10 13*	10 13*	7 28*		5 57*	3 30*	3 45
Navarre	10 18	10 18	11 53		5 52	3 25	3 40
Justus	10 26	10 26	12 00m		5 45	3 17	3 32
Beach City	10 46	10 46	12 15pm		5 25	2 56	3 12
Canal Dover	11 30	11 30			4 55	2 35	2 45
New Philadelph	11 54	11 54			4 30	2 05	2 20
Orrichsville	12 12pm	12 12pm			4 12	1 47	2 02
Freeport	12 22	12 22			3 59	1 18	1 29
Butler	1 36	1 36			3 39	12 54	1 18
Flushing	12 44	12 44			3 30	12 45	1 08
Barton	2 00	2 00			3 15	12 30	12 54
Bridgeport					3 00	12 15	12 45am
Wheeling					2 30	11 45am	12 15
Bridgeport					2 20pm	11 35	11 55
Barton					2 40	11 55	12 15pm
Flushing					2 50	12 05pm	12 25
Butler					3 05	12 20	12 40
Freeport					3 17	12 32	12 52
Orrichsville					3 25	12 40	1 00
New Philadelph					3 35	12 50	1 10
Canal Dover					3 45	1 00	1 20
Beach City					3 56*	1 11	1 31
Justus					4 04	1 19	1 39
Navarre					4 13	1 28	1 48
Massillon					4 37	1 52	2 12
Paris					4 44	2 02	2 22
Canal Fulton					5 14	2 32	2 52
Warwick					5 40	2 55	3 15
Sterling					6 00	3 15	3 35
Camp Chippewa					6 20	3 30	3 50
Seville					6 50	3 45	4 05
Medina					7 10	4 05	4 25
Grafton					7 41	4 35	4 55
Elyria					8 15	5 05	5 25
Lorain					8 45	5 40	6 00
Grafton					9 05am	6 00	6 20
Cleveland					9 40	6 40	7 00

Ar. Wheeling by Street Car from Bridgeport.

* Trains stop on signal for passengers. All trains daily (Sundays excepted)

CONNECTIONS.

At Cleveland with fast trains for the East and West. Also with Cleveland and Detroit Daily Line Steamers.

At Lorain with N. Y. C., & St. L. R'y for Fostoria, Ft. Wayne, Chicago and all points West.

At Elyria with L. S. & M. S. Railway for Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West and Northwest.

At Grafton with C. C. C. & I. R'y, for Crestline, Indianapolis, St. Louis and all points West and Southwest.

At Sterling with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Ashland, Wadsworth, Akron, Mansfield and intermediate points.

At Warwick with C. A. & C. R. for Akron, Orrville, Mt. Vernon and Columbus.

At Massillon with P. F. W. & C. R'y, for Canton Wooster, Pittsburg, etc. Also with Wheeling & Lake Erie R'y for points on that road.

At Justus, with Cleveland & Canton R'y for points on that road.

At Canal Dover with C. [illegible] y, for [illegible] bridge, Marietta, Parkersburg, etc.

At Uhrichsville with P. C. & St L. R'y, for Steubenville, Coshocton, Zanesville, Newark, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis.

At Barton, with St. Clairville & Northern R'y, for St. Clairville, O.

At Bridgeport, with C. & P. R'y, for Bellaire, Pittsburg, etc.

At Wheeling, W [illegible]or & Ohio R. R. for Washington, Balti [illegible] Also with Ohio River Steamers. [illegible] M. H. GROUT, Gen'l Freight & Ticket Agent, OSCAR TOWNSEND, General Manager.

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Passengers holding first-class tickets via this line are entitled to seats in the New and Elegant Pullman Reclining Chair Cars at a nominal charge, leaving Columbus on the Fast Express at 3:00 p. m. daily, arriving at Indianapolis 10:20 p. m., St. Louis 7:00 a. m. and Kansas City 7:20 p. m.

THE SCHEDULE.

Central or 90th Meridian Time.
In effect May 22, 1887.

GOING NORTH.				GOING SOUTH.		
No 35. Cleveland Express.	No 27. Night Express.	No. 3. Fast Mail.	STATIONS.	No. 2. Fast Mail.	No. 28. Night Express.	No. 38 Columbus Express.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Ar U. Depot Lv	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
12 55	6 45	5 40	...Cleveland...	8 10	8 00	12 10
12 40	6 31	5 26	" Euclid ave	8 24	8 14	12 25
12 24	6 15	5 10	" Newburg..	8 39	8 29	12 41
11 46	5 40	4 35	.....Hudson.....	9 15	9 05	1 18
11 27	5 23	4 16	Cuyahoga Falls	9 29	9 20	1 35
11 15	5 10	4 05	.....Akron.....	9 40	9 35	1 45
10 35	4 29	3 29	.....Warwick.....	10 12	10 08	2 20
10 10	4 05	3 08	le...Orrville ...ar	10 36	10 32	2 47
9 15	3 01	2 18	...Millersburg....	11 21	11 20	3 37
8 02	1 48	1 15	.....Gambier.....	12 33	12 34	4 50
7 52	1 37	1 05	...Mt. Vernon...	1 03	12 52	5 10
7 17	12 56	12 34	...Centerburg	1 29	1 21	5 39
6 54	12 34	12 13	.....Sunbury	1 49	1 46	6 01
6 35	12 15	11 55	...Westervi	2 06	2 07	6 20
6 10	11 50	11 30	lv Columb	2 30	2 35	6 45
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
.....	11 35	11 10	ar Columbus lv	2 40	2 55	.....
.....	10 00	9 33	.....Xenia.....	4 20	4 55	.....
.....	8 36	8 14	.....Loveland.....	5 33	6 17	.....
.....	7 45	7 25	lv Cincinnati ar	6 20	7 10	.....
.....	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	.....
.....	11 20	11 10	ar Columbus lv	3 00	5 40	.....
.....	9 54	9 43	.....Urbana.....	4 49	7 01	.....
.....	9 04	8 53	.....Piqua.....	5 49	7 46	.....
.....	7 30	7 05	.....Richmond.....	8 00	9 40	.....
.....	4 55	4 30	...Indianapolis...	10 20	11 45	.....
.....	2 38	1 51	...Terre Haute ..	1 42	2 18	.....
.....	12 22	11 25	.....Effingham.....	3 49	4 20	.....
.....	11 23	10 20	.....Vandalia.....	4 48	5 10	.....
.....	9 00	8 00	lv St. Louis ar	7 00	7 30	.....
.....	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....

Trains 5 and 6 (Cleveland and Orrville Express) leave Orrville at 7:00 a. m., Akron 8:00 a. m., arriving at Cleveland 9:35 a. m.; returning leave Cleveland at 4:15 p. m., arriving at Akron 5:50 p. m., Orrville at 6:45 p. m.

Trains 27 and 28 run daily, all other trains daily except Sunday.

Trains 7 and 8, known as the Gann and Columbus accommodations, leave Gann at 6:10 a. m., arriving at Columbus at 8:45 a. m.; leave Columbus at 4:30 p. m., arriving at Gann at 7:00 p. m.

Train 25 (Cleveland express) connects with P., Ft. W. & C. No. 10 from Wooster, Shreve and all points west.

Train 38 (Columbus Express) connects with P Ft. W. & C. No. 7 for Wooster, Shreve and all points west.

Trains 2 and 3 make connections with P., Ft. W. & C. trains to and from all points east and west via Orrville.

For further information, address
CHAS. O. WOOD,
Ass't Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Akron O.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.
In effect July 18, 1887.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.	No. 5.	No. 7.	No. 9.*	No. 1.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Toledo.....Lv	7 45	1 00	4 50	.....
Oak Harbor.....Ar	8 41	1 53	5 45	.....
Fremont.....	9 07	2 18	6 08	.....
Clyde.....	9 24	2 34	6 23	.....
Bellevue.....	9 40	2 48	6 37	.....
Monroeville.....Lv	9 58	3 05	7 01	3 10
Norwalk.....	10 15	3 22	7 17	3 22
Wellington.....	11 05	4 13	8 08	4 08
Creston.....Ar	11 53	5 05	8 55	4 47
Orrville.....Ar	pm12 20	5 35	am5 15	*5 15
" Lv	12 40	5 40	7 00	7 00
Massillon.....	1 20	6 20	7 42	7 42
Navarre.....	1 35	6 35	8 00	8 00
Valley Junction.....	2 15	7 20	8 45	8 45
New Cumberland.....	2 28	7 33	9 05	9 05
Sherrodsville.....	2 40	7 45	9 25	9 25
Leesville.....	2 48	7 53	9 40	9 40
Bowerstown.....	2 55	8 00	9 50	9 50
Canal Dover.....	3 42	am5 52	.....	.....
New Comerstown.....	4 28	6 30	.....	.....
Cambridge.....	5 25	7 30	.....	.....
Macksburg.....	6 56	9 03	.....	.....
Marietta.....Ar	8 10	am10 15	.....	.....

GOING SOUTH AND WEST.	No. 6.	No. 8.	No. 4.	No. 2.*
	A. M.	P M.	A. M.	A. M.
Marietta.....Lv	6 50	12 15	.....	.....
Macksburg.....	8 04	1 26	.....	.....
Cambridge.....	9 40	3 00	.....	.....
New Comerstown.....	10 50	4 00	.....	.....
Canal Dover.....	11 32	4 40	.....	.....
Bowerstown.....	11 25	3 45	6 35	.....
Leesville.....	11 32	3 55	6 43	.....
Sherrodsville.....	11 40	4 10	6 53	.....
New Cumberland.....	11 52	4 25	7 07	.....
Valley Junction.....	pm12 20	5 02	7 25	.....
Navarre.....	12 50	5 35	8 00	.....
Massillon.....	1 05	5 50	8 15	.....
Orrville.....Ar	1 40	6 25	8 53	.....
Orrville.....Lv	1 45	*6 35	8 58	A. M.
Creston.....Lv	2 18	7 02	9 28	5 30
Wellington.....	3 05	7 43	10 15	6 20
Norwalk.....	3 55	8 25	11 25	7 25
Monroeville.....	4 07	8 35	11

Canal Fulton Ohio

The Massillon Independent.

VOL. XXV—NO. 9. MASSILLON, OHIO, AUGUST 19, 1887. WHOLE NO. 1,437

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6 to 8 P. M.
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JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

C. F. VON KANEL, West Side Jeweler, No. 9 West Main street.

THE NEWS IN A NUTSHLL.

All the Occurrences of the Week.

Forest fires in Belgium are spreading.

Glass factories in Pittsburg will resume in September.

Watchman Start perished in the Kansas City box shop fire.

Locusts are eating up crops in the Northwestern Canadian settlements.

Another operation was performed on "Unzer Fritz's" royal throat Wednesday.

The report that the famous Kit Carson's son, a sheriff in Colorado, was killed proves untrue. It was another Carson.

John McDonald, veterinary surgeon of Chicago, was fatally shot by his jealous wife, who also inflicted fatal wounds on herself.

The cable war promises to reopen in a few days, when messages will be sent for nothing and chromos given by the competing companies.

The intense heat and drouth in Chicago, Iowa, Wisconsin and Northern Michigan was partially relieved by welcome showers Wednesday night.

Suit was begun in Pittsburg to dissolve the attachments of certain Pennsylvania banks against late Fidelity bank of Cincinnati. The amount involved is $200,000.

The Latonia fair promises to be one of the most successful ever held by the association. The entries in the different stock departments, and in the produce exhibits are very full and the program of trotting and pacing races is very attractive.

Workmen digging a trench for Edison electric light wires in Boston struck an ancient burying ground. All along the line of the ditch, right in the heart of the city, can be seen hundreds of bones and skulls thrown out of the graves.

BASE BALL.—Brooklyn 13, Athletic 10; Baltimore 6, Metropolitans 5; Pittsburg 7, Boston 2; Cincinnati 4, Louisville 5; Detroit 4, Washington 9; Chicago 14, Philadelphia 8; Indianapolis 10, New York 7; St. Louis 12, Cleveland 4; Zanesville 7, Wheeling 6; Kalamazoo 5, Mansfield 1; Canton 11, Columbus 4; Sandusky 13, Akron 2.

William Campbell, a rich Scotchman, who went into the cattle business in Texas a few years ago, and was drugged and robbed of $2,500 in Chicago last year, has been murdered in Kansas. The murderer was arrested. His name is Van Doren, and he is believed to be an accomplice of the Chicago thieves awaiting trial, and who feared Campbell's evidence.

Goshen, Ind., cattle are dying with Texas fever.

A mine cave-in at Hurley, Wis., killed three men.

Glass factories in Pittsburg will resume in September.

Fire in Hull, England, destroyed $200,000 worth of lumber.

Oil has been struck at Evansville, Ind., at a depth of 1,400 feet.

An exploding shell in a Swedish fort near Stockholm killed nineteen men.

Hargadine, McKittrick & Company, dry goods, St. Louis, lost $170,000 by fire.

Four men ditched an express train near Tucson, Ariz., and robbed the passengers.

Mrs. George Beltz, of Middletown, O., dropped dead at the breakfast table Thursday.

October 6 and 7 is set for the annual reunion of the Eighty-first O. V. I. at Greenfield, O.

The artesian well at Aurora, Ind., throws a stream eighty-five feet from a perpendicular pipe.

Stewart, Estep & Company, glassmakers, of Pittsburg, will remove their plant to Marion, Ind.

Senators Sherman and Hiscock will deliver addresses at the fair in Lyons, N. Y., September 23.

Frederick Hopt, a murderer, was shot to death by due process of law at Salt Lake City, Thursday.

Mrs. Jane Hollingshead and Mrs. Beeler, two Xenia ladies, were seriously injured in a runaway accident.

Michael Tehan, of Urbana, O., attempted to cut his throat while being imprisoned for abusing his family.

Dell Estry, a Fort Wayne excursionist, leaned too far out of the car window, struck a bridge and was killed.

Ex-County Commissioner James S. Stevenson, of Xenia, O., lost $500 in a lottery deal. The three sharks escaped.

Ira Scothorn was killed and John McGee fatally injured by being struck by a passing train at Ashville, O., Thursday.

Mollie Bond, of Toledo, was found in bed with a severe gash across her throat, but disclaimed all knowledge of the deed.

The Champion works, at Springfield, O., hope to settle at thirty cents on the dollar and begin operations the coming fall.

Mat. Meshbeck, of Grant Lick, Ky., was waylaid by one white and four negroes, shot in the arm and robbed of $150 a watch.

The Ancient Order of Foresters, in session at Chicago, threatens to split on the question of admitting colored men to membership.

James Johnson, colored burglar and incendiary, was arrested at Gallipolis, O., for crimes committed two years ago at Belpre, Ohio.

Mrs. Thomas Sutton and babe were thrown from a wagon at Winchester, O. The former was seriously injured and the child killed.

The Giant Powder works, near San Francisco, blew up Thursday, killing one Chinaman and injuring six others and four whites.

At Augusta, Ky., Gus Wood and Sylvester Hamilton terminated an old feud by a fight, in which Hamilton was fatally cut. Wood is in jail.

A man by the name of Campbell, of Carlisle, Pa., while sleeping by the railroad track at Bucyrus, O., was instantly killed by a passing train.

Editor Hatton, of the Chicago Mail, is negotiating for the New York Star. If purchased the Star will be issued as a one cent Republican morning paper.

Two bridges on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis railroad near Connersville, Ind., were fired by a passing freight train Thurday and destroyed. Loss $35,000.

Six juries failed to return a verdict in the Beyland vs. Cutler sheep case at Independence, Ky. Beyland charges Cutler with having twenty-seven sheep belonging to the former.

Joe Shelton, who killed his wife, choked his mother to death, and killed Sam Million, a fellow prisoner, has been removed from the Nicholasville, Ky., jail to the Lexington insane asylum.

At the instance of the Woman's Christian Temperance union a number of Chillicothe, (O.) bartenders were arrested for selling beer at the Scioto Valley fair, in violation of the law prohibiting the sale within two miles of a fair ground.

Six new cases of yellow fever at Key West.

National Photographers' association has elected E. Decker, of Cleveland, president.

The story of a consolidation against the Western Union of all rival telegraph lines is officially denied.

Several wealthy residents of Kansas City have been fined $500 each for renting houses for immoral purposes.

George H. Palmer, a New York stock broker, committed suicide by shooting. He was in business trouble.

Russia and England have agreed, in event of the ameer's death, to seize and divide Afghanistan between them.

A tornado at Renville, Minn., killed Mrs. A. P. Hahn and George Kreiger. Many buildings were blown down.

Dan Huskins, colored, Franklin, La., murdered his stepdaughter. He was captured by neighbors and requested to be hanged. It was done immediately.

Paul Gordon, of Mt. Etna, Ind., gave himself up to the New York police, saying he robbed a Sandusky (O.) hotel a year ago. Sandusky officials have gone after the conscience-stricken thief.

In a rubber factory on Long island the deadly fumes from vulcanizing rubber are causing insanity among the workmen. Four have been sent to asylums, each under the delusion that he was the Almighty.

BASE BALL.—Cincinnati 3, Cleveland 4; Mets 9, Athletits 0; St. Louis 8, Louisville 5; Baltimore 7, Brooklyn 6; Indianapolis 17, Pittsburg 5; Canton 6, Columbus 2; Zanesville 10, Wheeling 9; Kalamazoo 7, Mansfield 6.

George Bubear, champion of England won the Saratoga lake race of three miles and return against Wallace Ross, making the distance in twenty minutes. Ross took and held the lead from the beginning; but on the last quarter mile his sliding seat gave way and he was defeated.

Business was lively for the hangman Friday. Frank Wilson, who killed Samuel Clevinger and wife for purposes of robbery, was hanged at Prescott, Ariz. Holmes Puryear, the wife-murderer, tried to bleed to death in Petersburg, (Va.) jail by cutting arteries in his arm, but failed. He was so weak, however, that four men carried him to the scaffold. Solomon Conyer, a colored homicide, was swung off at Hampton, S. C.

Oil has been struck at Warren, Ind.

Ex-Senator Sargent, of California, is dead.

The Louisville spoke factory burned. Loss $80,000.

The eighth gas well has been opened at St. Marys, O.

McCoy's hotel, Chicago, was slightly damaged by fire.

A colored clergyman died from yellow fever at Key West.

Prince Ferdinand has been sworn in as King of Bulgaria.

John Birmingham was found dead at his home in Fort Wayne, Ind.

The flower growers of America met in convention at Chicago this week.

John Sullivan and Pat Kennedy were drowned in Boston harbor Sunday.

Two balloonists of Paris made an ascent Sunday to the height of 7,000 meters.

Professor Alphonse King successfully crossed Niagara river on a water bicycle.

Sam. Jones preached three sermons Sunday at Round Lake, N. Y., camp grounds.

Robert Sweeney, aged ten years, was drowned at Wheeling, W. Va., while bathing.

A colored clergyman died of yellow fever at Key West. Two new cases were reported.

A woman has been arrested in England with forty-six pounds of dynamite in her trunks.

Mrs. Magdalene Boggs, who was born in 1783, is living in good health at Milton, Wayne county, Ind.

Fire in the lumber yard of George F. McQuester & Co., East Boston, Mass., destroyed property valued at $50,000.

At Pittsburg the child of John Machinsky was burned in its coffin, the lace igniting from an overturned candle.

Mr. Blaine denies the reports of his ill health, and says they are the inventions of a Chicago News correspondent.

James Wallace and his niece, Lucy B. Williams, colored, of Centralia, Ill., were arrested at Champaign, while eloping.

Mrs. Sarah Wilson, of Glenwood, Mo., was robbed of $500 on a Bee Line train between Cincinnati and Springfield, O.

Rear Admiral Luce, of the North Atlantic squadron, his resigned in consequence of the rebuke from Secretary Whitney.

The remains of Stephen Lucke, who has been missing from his home in Indianapolis, for a week, were found in a field near that city. He had taken poison.

James Reynolds, who assaulted Mrs Mary Noble, of Leon, Iowa, was lynched Saturday night from a railroad bridge by thirty masked men, who broke into the jail.

The Church of the Passionate Fathers near Baltimore, Md., was consecrated Sunday, with Cardinal Gibbons as consecrator. Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, celebrated pontifical mass.

The directors of the Boston base ball club offer a gold medal, $2,500 and the proceeds of a benefit game, that would not be less than $5,000, as an inducement to the players to win the pennant.

A colored woman at Mexico, Mo., left a baby in charge of its five-year-old brother, and when she returned home the baby was dying, the brother having gnawed and eaten parts of the infant.

A man named Slater, engaged in the bridge construction department of the B. & O. railroad, jumped from a train near Hunt's Station, near Newark, O., and was very seriously injured.

Prairie fires in the vicinity of Mexico, Mo., have caused heavy damages. They invaded the fair grounds Saturday, causing, but little damage, but almost causing a panic among the spectators.

The Phœnix Fire Insurance, of Brooklyn, is becoming impaired financially, but the Directors propose to make good the loss in capital, which is said to be owing to unusually heavy marine losses.

George W. Julian, surveyor general of New Mexico, reports to the commissioner of the land office that the aggregate of lands in that territory illegally withheld from settlement is about 4,000,000.

Dan. Lyons, who succeeded the condemned murderer, Driscoll, as leader of the Whyo gang, of New York, was shot dead Saturday night by a saloonist whose place he was endeavoring to "clean out."

Mrs. Belle Howall, who deserted her husband, Perry S. Howall, of Petersburg, Md., and eloped with Dr. G. B. Blackwell, returned and stole her two children from their grandmother's house.

The wife of William Mohs, of Indianapolis, sues for divorce on the ground of cruelty, and says that three years ago her husband's father committed suicide on account of the son's cruel treatment.

The liquor dealers of New York will hold a convention in Brooklyn. They will have a procession of 1,800 carriages. The object of the meeting is to draft a new excise law and select a committee to assault the legislature in that behalf.

The bark Marie Louise, dry-docked in New York, was partly upset by waves from a passing steamer, and a panic ensued among the passengers. One man was killed by a falling piece of mast, and a score or more were injured and trampled upon.

Over 70,000 persons died from cholera in June and July in East India.

Gen. Hancock's widow is an applicant for the Washington postmastership.

Mrs. President Cleveland held a public reception in New Bedford, Mass., Monday.

Bonner says he has no doubt that Maud S. can lower her record whenever there is any necessity for her to do it.

John J. Reily fell asleep in a ladle oven in an Albany, N. Y., foundry, and was burned to a crisp when the oven was fired.

Nelson McDaniel was killed and Clinton Webb fatally injured by an explosion of chemicals in the latter's drugstore, Decatur, Illinois.

The postoffice, M. Riffe's store and Dr. Heck's residence and three-story building, at Hinton, W. Va., were burned. Loss, $25,000.

Knights of Labor support the demands of the Chicago union carpenters for an eight-hour day, and will give pecuniary assistance.

The American Association for the Advancement of Science has adjourned its meeting at New York. It meets next year in Cleveland.

The United States company's cement works, below Whitehall, on the Lehigh Valley railroad, were destroyed by fire early this morning. Loss, $24,000.

Secretary Lamar has ordered the restoration to the public domain of over twenty-five million acres of land granted to the Atlantic and Pacific railroad companies.

Rudolph McKibben, employed in a saw mill at Ogden, W. Va., was killed by a bursting drum, and Mosos Reber, in the same mill, was crushed to death by a load of lumber.

The winners at the Chicago races yesterday were Bon Jour, Rosa Lee, Somerset Barney Lee, Rebel Scout. At Brighton Beach Charley May, Tipsey, Armstrong, Adrian, Jacobus, Franz.

BASE BALL. Athletics 7, Brooklyn 3; Mets 11, Baltimore 13; St. Louis 15, Cleveland 3; New York 3, Boston 2; Philadelphia 6, Washington 1; Chicago 6, Detroit 4; Kalamazoo 5, Canton 5; Akron 4, Wheeling 1.

The contracts for the three new cruisers have been awarded, Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia, getting two for $2,595,000, and the Union Iron works, of San Francisco, the other at $1,428,000. M. F. Palmer & Company, of New York, Roach's assignees, got the contract to construct two gunboats for $400,000.

Hirsh & Bro., New York importers of veneers, failed for $100,000.

Henry Dougherty, Charleston, W. Va., was murdered from ambush near his home.

Mrs. Herbert, a cataleptic patient in a Joliet, Ill., hospital, has been asleep for 219 days.

The winners of the Chicago races were Frederick, Violin, La Fitte, Paragon, Revoke.

Nearly three-fourths of the distillers in the United States have joined the new whisky trust.

Mrs. Alonzo A. Stone, a wealthy lady of Rochester, N. Y., was killed in her chamber by burglars.

A jury has been summoned at Woodstock, Va., to inquire into Senator Riddleberger's mental condition.

Asa. F. Barren, one of the best known hotel men in New England, died Tuesday in New Hampshire, aged seventy-five.

Professor Jenot, the French savant arrested at the German fortress of Metz, on suspicion of being a spy, has been released.

The Volunteer won the yacht race at New York, leading the Puritan more than half a length, the Mayflower fifteen minutes behind the Puritan.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union throughout the world has set November 12 and 13 as days of prayer for the success of temperance.

A cyclone swept the southern portion of France Tuesday doing an immense amount of damage. Many houses were leveled and several persons killed.

W. J. Hutchinson, the well known Wall street broker, has been indicted for larceny in the first degree. He is accused by W. H. M. Sistare, a customer.

Minnie Eckert, of Chillicothe, Mo., on the eve of marriage to a man of her parents' choice, cut her throat, leaving a note saying death was preferable to such a union.

Stewart Jackson, president of a transfer company, at Kansas City, deserted his wife, and borrowed $17,000, joined Lizzie Pullem, a notorious adventuress, and skipped.

Mrs. Sarah Ellen McIntosh, of Salem, Ind., oldest child of the late W. C. DePauw, has brought suit to set aside the will, on the ground of undue influence [illegible]

THE INDIAN UPRISING.

GOVERNOR ADAMS ORDERS OUT COLORADO'S STATE MILITIA.

Forty of Sheriff Kendall's Cowboys Desert Him and He Returns to Meeker for Reinforcements—Chief Colorow's Son Killed—An Expected Massacre.

MEEKER, Col., Aug. 18.—Sheriff Kendall and seventeen men arrived here last night. The sheriff left here with nearly sixty men, but in the face of Tuesday's battle forty of the cowboys deserted. The settlers and cowboys continue to come in with their families. The Indians are divided into three bands and are attempting to join forces. Colorow will have about two hundred bucks when the junction is effected. A buck killed in the first skirmish was Colorow's son, and it is expected when he learns this he will attempt a massacre. There are four hundred women and children here now.

Governor Adams has ordered the cavalry companies at Denver, Colorado Springs, Canon City, Leadville and Aspen to start for the front at once. The governor also telegraphed Gen. Crook at Omaha, that the situation was becoming serious, and urged the war department to protect the settlers. It is denied that serious results are anticipated unless prompt action is taken by the state militia. Harry Goff, one of the couriers sent from here to Glenwood, has been captured by the Indians.

The present Ute Indian outbreak grows out of the dissatisfaction felt by many Utes with the settlement of the difficulties several years ago. Prior to 1879 a hue and cry was raised by Colorado settlers against the Utes, who then held some of the finest lands west of the mountains. Settlers wanted the land, so they appealed to congress and congress passed the bill providing for a treaty. The Utes were given choice of certain lands in southern Utah, and as a bonus to induce them to accept were granted certain annuities. Chief Colorow was one of the first to express dissatisfaction at being driven from their fine lands at the point of the bayonet into Utah, upon an arid desert. Colorow returned to western Colorado with sixty braves and their families. Since 1880 Colorow has been adding to his following. He is a warrior, and will die fighting. He took part in the frightful Meeker massacre at the White river agency a few years ago. Among his associates were the famous Capt. Jack, who, when a prisoner, was ordered to leave his tent, and upon his refusal was blown out of the tent and out of existence at the same time with a mountain howitzer. Colorow used to visit Denver, and on one occasion went to Governor McCook's office and became rather insolent, and the governor kicked Colorow out of his office and down a flight of stairs into the street.

SECTION BOSS TO BLAME.

VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY AT CHATSWORTH.

They are Still Undecided on the Question of Censuring the Railroad Company. Testimony Before the Inquiry—Relic Hunters to Be Arrested.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 18.—Two primary facts were developed by the coroner's jury, which for seven long hours examined witness after witness yesterday afternoon. These were disobedience and obtuseness, the primary causes of the slaughter at the culvert near here Thurday morning. Had Section Foreman Timothy Coughlan obeyed the instructions received from his superior officer, and had some of the men, one of them in particular, who saw lights on the railroad track for hour after hour on Wednesday night before the ill-fated excursion train came along, exerted themselves to the extent of a two mile ride on a hand-car, the catastrophe which has horrified the civilized world would never have occurred.

The inquiry took place in the public school building. Several residents of Piper City saw a light burning on the railroad track toward Chatsworth on the night of the accident, but made no effort to investigate the cause. Joseph Morris, a farmer, living half a mile south of the culvert, swore that he saw two or three of the section men firing the grass in proximity to the bridge just before dark on Wednesday afternoon. After dark he saw a blaze in that direction big enough to make him think that a building was on fire. His testimony was corroborated by other farmers.

The jury is in session, but there is delay in making out a verdict. The jury is agreed in fixing the immediate blame on Foreman Coughlan, but is divided, however, on the question of censuring the company. Some of the members think that because of hard luck for many years it would be rather severe to censure the management, which has been putting the road on its feet and spending money to improve its condition. Others insist on censuring the practice of running double-headers. The jury is almost wholly composed of farmers. The company's officers at Peoria will make up the list of the dead and send it to the jury, and the document cannot reach Chatsworth before noon. A verdict will, of course, be delayed until then.

Coroner Long yesterday demanded possession of the gold watch found by Farmer Broadhead in the ashes of the wreck. Mr. Broadhead refused to give it up. Last evening Mr. Stevens, attorney for the road, advised that a subpœna be issued, and if Mr. Broadhead failed to give it up that he be arrested for larceny. Other parties who carried away valuable articles for relics will be looked after.

Sherman Brigade Reunion.

CRESTLINE, O., Aug. 18.—The first day of of the Sherman brigade reunion passed off nicely. The finishing touches were put on the decorations, tents erected, and veterans who arrived assigned quarters.

A Plasterer Missing.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 18.—August Olenbeck, aged twenty-eight years, foreman plasterer for Contractor William Dick, has been missing since last Saturday from his home, 123 Delhi pike, Sedamsville.

Sudden Death of an Ex-Congressman.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Aug. 18.—Judge B. Markley Boyer, president judge of the Montgomery county court, and ex-congressman, died suddenly of apoplexy yesterday afternoon.

Yellow Fever.

KEY WEST, Fla., Aug. 18.—Four new cases of yellow fever have been reported today and one death.

ANOTHER TRAIN WRECKED

B. & O. EXPRESS LEAVES THE TRACK IN WASHINGTON CITY.

The Engineer Killed and Many Others Seriously Injured—A Four-Story Signal Tower Completely Demolished—How the Accident Occurred—The Victims.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A frightful railroad accident occurred on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad this morning within the limits of this city. The limited express, No. 4, due from Chicago and Cincinnati at 6:20, having two sleepers, two day coaches, two baggage cars and one mail car attached to the engine, ran away from the engineer at Gales' Woods. The air-brake broke and the train came thundering along at a fearful rate of speed. Just before the "Y" was reached, the engine jumped the track, carrying the train with it. The signal tower, which was a four-story building, was cut from its foundation as if by a razor.

The news of the disaster spread through the city with great rapidity, and thousands hastened to the scene of the accident. It was almost the exact spot where the fatal accident of the summer of 1884 occurred. When the crowd reached the scene the train lay stretched like a wounded snake, extending from First street, northeast, to Delaware avenue. The engine lay completely overturned and smashed out of all semblance to a locomotive. The tender was but a mass of iron bolts and bars. Fences, sheds and everything in its track were swept away before the irresistible rush of the iron monster.

The engineer, Hamilton Brosius, of Baltimore, was scalded to death. He was taken into Mrs. Ellen Dent's house, 823 Delaware avenue, corner of I street, where he died two hours afterward. The fireman, named Smith, jumped from the engine and had his legs broken. He is not expected to live. William Baxter, the operator employed in the tower, saw the train and saved himself by jumping out of the window and catching in a tree near by. Joe Healy, a boy employed in the tower, was seriously hurt.

The following is as complete a list of the killed and injured as it is possible to obtain at this writing:

Killed: Hamilton Brosius, of Baltimore, engineer.

Injured: Charles Koch, of Cincinnati, badly injured in the back.

Mrs. Charles Koch, of Cincinnati, slightly shocked.

Charles Morrison, of Cincinnati, injured in the back.

Frank Donavor, of St. Louis, shoulder dislocated.

J. H. Smith, of Cincinnati, fireman, both legs broken.

Wilhelm Buck, of Cincinnati, head badly cut.

Mrs. Mary Buck, of Cincinnati, shocked.

Ed. Leckmeyer, of Cincinnati, slightly injured.

Joe Healy, of Washington, seriously injured.

Will Baxter, telegraph operator, of Washington, painfully injured about the head.

With the exception of the two last named the injured are at Providence hospital. Healy and Baxter have been carried to their respective homes.

Miss Ellen Dent, in whose house the engineer died, says: "Mrs. Brosius presented a pitiful sight. He was scalded from his head to his feet. His face was like a lobster, and his eyes, I never saw the like of them before. He lived two hours. I'm glad he was a single man."

A man who was in the house said he had been railroading for the last thirty years and had been in many accidents, but never before in his life had he witnessed such a complete wreck.

William H. Rollins, of 831 Second street, who was formerly fireman for Engineer Brosius said to a representative of the United Press: "Just as soon as I heard the distress whistle I knew there would be an accident. They were late and were coming in at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The air brakes would not work, and he blew the distress for his crew to put the hand brakes on, and some people think they had time to get them on, but it seems they didn't."

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS.

Proceedings of the State Convention at Harrisburg—The Ticket.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 18.—The Republican state convention was devoid of much interest, as the nominations were practically made last evening. The attendance was slim, the 204 delegates constituting more than half. No political body has ever convened here with so little friction, the delegates uncomplainingly submitting to the program of the leaders. There was a noticable absence of prominent Republican politicians.

Walter Lyon, of Allegheny, was elected temporary chairman. He made a brief speech urging upon the convention the importance of the campaign of this year because of the effect it will have on the struggle for the presidency next year. He trusted the platform would have no uncertain sound on the great issues of the day. The usual committees were appointed, excepting a committee on credentials, as there were no contests.

Adj. Gen. Hastings was elected permanent chairman. In his address he predicted that after the nominations the Republicans would advance to the skirmish line of the great battle of 1888, and November's victory would notify other states that Pennsylvania was not satisfied with the present national administration.

After Hastings' speech W. E. Hart, of Harrisburg, was nominated for state treasurer, and Henry W. Williams, of Tioga, was nominated for supreme court judge.

Thomas V. Cooper was re-elected state chairman, after which the convention adjourned sine die.

W. C. DePauw's Will to Be Contested.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Sarah E. McIntosh, oldest child of the late millionaire, Washington C. DePauw, who had married against her father's will, was virtually disinherited, all she received being two poor farms in Washington county, valued at probably $5,000. She can not even dispose of these according to the provisions of the will. She claims to be entitled to one-sixth of the estate, valued at about $6,000,000, and will therefore bring suit to break the will for the reason that it was unduly executed.

A Dishonest Paymaster.

GOSHEN, Ind., Aug. 18.—Yesterday Amos Criep, a trusted bookkeeper and paymaster of the Noble Oval Churn company, left for parts unknown, having been detected stealing from the firm under cover of a false pay roll. This has been going on for years, and his stealings amount to $1,200.

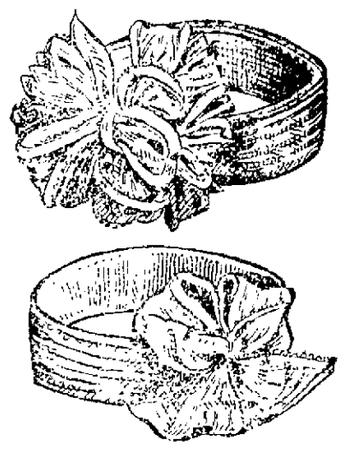
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

A LACE FICHU DESIGNED TO WEAR WITH SUMMER DRESSES.

Pretty Jackets, Dainty Matinees and Tasteful Dressing Gowns for Warm Days at the Seashore—Decorative Collars and Bows for the Neck.

Laces and ribbons play an important part in the accessories of summer toilets for ladies' wear this season. Numbered with other attractions in the way of neckwear are standing collars, with throat bows, similar to the ones illustrated in the first cut.



STANDING COLLARS, WITH THROAT BOWS.

These collars are designed to wear over the collar of a high dress. One is covered outside with folds of pale blue crepe and lined with blue ribbon, the pleated edges of which are turned over to form the binding. A ribbon bow covers the fastening, in which pale blue and heliotrope and blue striped ribbon are blended.

The remaining figure shows a similar collar made of pink crepe, with a fold of pink feather edged ribbon at the top. The bow is composed of numerous loops of narrow pink ribbon grouped with pointed loops of crepe.

Loose Jackets and Matinees.

Very pretty loose jackets and matinees, says The Style, are being worn in the country and at the seashore, trimmed with beautiful embroidery worked with ingrain cotton in various colors, Japanese, Russian and Lancaster embroidery carrying off the palm. On some of these jackets the embroidery is executed on the material itself, while on others it is made on bands of the same. A dainty effect is given to the front by pleating it in two rows and fastening down at the side under a broad band of embroidery. The sleeves are very often pleated also gathered into a deep cuff to correspond to harmonize, and the high pleated collar is finished off with small ruffles to match.

Matinees, for indoor wear, are composed of very light stuffs, and trimmed in a most elaborate manner. Favorite materials are: plush, moire, muslin, figured silk and foulard, and for the trimming the richest laces are chosen. On the pleated skirt, the ornamentation often consists of pleatings and small frills of the same texture and hue, or it is entirely of lace, and ribbon run through the latter, finished off on one side with small bow-knots.

The jacket opens with this trimming down a little below the waist trimming, and must be draped to correspond.

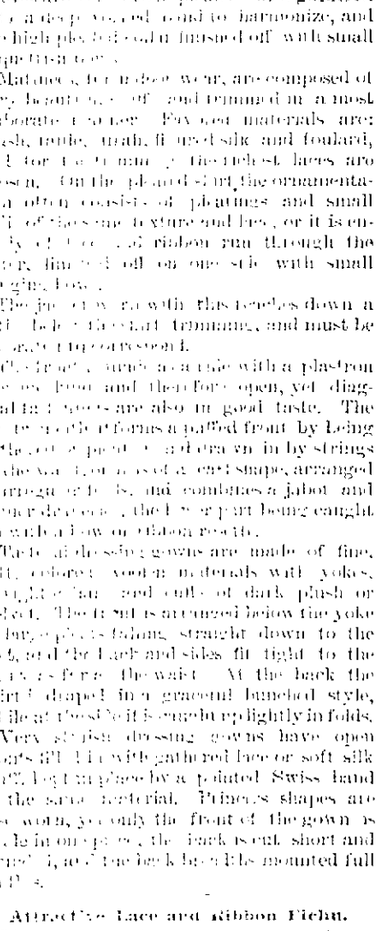
The front of a tasteful wrapper with a plastron of open work and the fabric open, yet diagonal in its lines are also in good taste. The plastron is made of crepe, and forms a puffed front by being gathered at the neck and drawn in by strings at the waist, and is cut in a cape shape, arranged in irregular folds, and combines a jabot and pointed collar, the lower part being caught up with a bow of ribbon or satin.

The dressing gowns are made of fine, soft, colored woolen materials with yokes, sleeves, collar and cuffs of dark plush or velvet. The material is arranged below the yoke in large pleats falling straight down to the feet, and the back and sides fit tight to the figure before the waist. At the back the skirt is draped in a graceful bunched style, while at the side it is somewhat plaited in folds.

Very stylish dressing gowns have open fronts filled in with gathered lace or soft silk stuff, kept in place by a pointed Swiss band of the same material. Princess shapes are also worn, yet only the front of the gown is made in one piece, the back is cut short and round, and the back breadths mounted full on it.

Attractive Lace and Ribbon Fichu.

The accompanying cut represents a dressy fichu, composed of pale ribbon and white lace. The collar is made of the ribbon, which is folded to form a point of plastron on the front.



LACE AND RIBBON FICHU.

A lace jabot borders the point on each side. Underneath it are attached two lace scarfs, which extend downward in folds, and meet in a point at the waist under a ribbon bow. The scarfs are composed of three strips of white lace sewed together lengthwise.

The above models, with descriptions, are from Harper's Bazar.

Fashion Notes.

Bright scarlet, or blue and white canvas striped woolens, make gay and pretty dresses for misses.

The old time fan waist is receiving considerable attention this season.

The fancy for the sailor hat is decidedly on the increase.

Tea gowns of pale yellow China silk trimmed with creamy Fedora lace are cool, fashionable and generally becoming.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Swimming as an Exercise for Developing and Strengthening the Chest.

In considering the importance of swimming as an athletic sport for women, a teacher of the art states in Herald of Health that from personal observation early in her career she became convinced that for chest diseases particularly the exercise of swimming might be well recommended, for the membranes of the chest of a swimmer acquire development, the pulmonary tissues firmness, tone and energy. It is the only exercise which forces into motion every muscle and into circulation every drop of blood in the system. Often delicate ladies have been recommended by their physicians to learn the art of swimming for the beneficial effect of the exercise, and, although in the beginning a little practice would greatly fatigue them, by perseverance and determination they became proficient and improved in health.

In swimming as in other good things, the same authority advises that excess be avoided and prudent precautions taken. Swimming when hungry or too soon after a full meal, or when the body is chilled or exhausted, is more apt to be dangerous than beneficial. Before entering the water the body should not be in any great perspiration, nor should it be cold. Many believe it necessary to take stimulants before entering the water, but the after effects are of an enervating sort, and it is safe to say that the water itself is tonic enough, especially in conjunction with the movements of swimming, and even people who are slow to get up a reaction after bathing might find a brisk walk or some hot coffee or beef tea of more service. Invigoration should come from the bath, not from the stimulants.

On first plunging into cold water there comes a shock which drives the blood to the central parts of the system. But immediately a reaction takes place which, assisted by the exercise of swimming, produces an agreeable warmth, even in water of low temperature. The stay in the water should never be prolonged beyond the period of this excitement. If the water be left while this warmth continues, and the body immediately dried, the healthy glow over the whole surface will be delightful. To remain in the water after the first reaction is over produces a prolonged chilliness, a shrinking of flesh and a contraction of the skin by no means favorable to health or enjoyment, and it is only in water thoroughly warmed by the summer heats that we may bathe for any great length of time with impunity.

Action of Tea, Coffee, Etc., on Food.

As the result of experiments, Dr. J. W. Frazer reports that the digestion of starchy food appears to be assisted by tea and coffee; that the gluten in flour is the principle least retarded in digestion by tea, and it comes third with cocoa, while coffee has a much greater retarding action on it. From this it appears that bread is the natural accompaniment of tea and cocoa used as beverages at a meal. He finds that meats are not much retarded in digestion by coffee; that eggs are the best form of animal food to be taken with infused beverages, being apparently best when lightly boiled, if tea is used, and hard boiled when coffee or cocoa is the beverage.

A Harmful Habit.

It is not uncommon to see children, and grown people also, scratching the passages into the ears with pin, especially hairpins, toothpicks, carsoopes, pencils, etc. The habit is a very dangerous one. Many cases of serious inflammation of the ear have resulted from it. The advice "Never put anything into your ear but the end of your elbow," ought to be heeded.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Manners and Customs Practiced in Polite Society.

Twelve o'clock is the usual hour selected for a city wedding, but this is a matter of mere minor choice. The Art Interchange suggests that the place and hour of the wedding must determine the kind of refreshments to be offered to the guests. If the wedding takes place in the house and in the middle of the day, a substantial luncheon must be provided. If the ceremony is held at the church, guests are not necessarily asked to the house and, in that case, no refreshments are required. A wedding at 3 or 4 o'clock at church, followed by a small reception at the house of the bride's family, would be naturally followed by a 5 o'clock tea, when tea and coffee, cakes, ices and fruit would be the refreshments. These may be arranged on the dining room table and guests allowed to help themselves, or they may be handed around.

A Proof of Good Breeding.

It is a proof of fine breeding, says an authority in the world of fashion, to seem to be happy whether one is content or not. We have no right to permit our mental or physical tastes or moods to depress or annoy other persons. Moods should be our own secrets, and if we have them not well in hand we may be sure there is something for us to attain that we cannot afford to live without, and that is a triumph over ourselves. One often feels the need of "a perfect self containedness" at a dinner table where food and sentiments may not be to our liking.

When to Use the Spoon.

The fork is so much used of late that it is well to know just when the spoon properly comes into play. The latter is used for soup, for all stewed fruit and preserves, for melons which from their juiciness cannot be conveniently eaten with the fork, for strawberries and cream, peaches and cream and like dishes.

Points, New and Old.

Menu cards are never used at luncheon.

The pineapple is almost the only fruit that equires the use of both knife and fork.

A knife and fork are both used in eating salad, if it is not cut up before serving.

Progressive dinner parties, modeled on the progressive euchre party, are the latest and most novel form of hospitality.

Gems and Fancy Stones.

Perhaps the most popular jewel of the day, next to the diamond, is the sapphire. The sort preferred and most costly, because rarest, is that in which the color appears blue by artificial light as well as by day, and in which the blue is pure and spread over the whole substance of the stone. In inferior sapphires the blue is mixed with black, which gives an inky appearance when seen by artificial light.

Sapphires are set sometimes alone, but oftener with diamonds or rubies. A beautiful design for a pin seen recently represented a three leaf clover, with a diamond, a sapphire and a ruby set in each leaf. The sapphire is popular as the central stone to clusters, either for finger or ear rings. A good stone, when set round with diamonds, produces a remarkably brilliant effect.

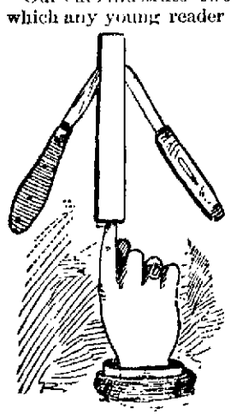
Numbered with novelties that please those who can afford to pay for them are emeralds, perfect in color and of a square shape. Another novelty is the double cut diamond, which is thought to be more effective and beautiful than diamonds cut in the usual manner. A turquoise in diamond form and encircled by small brilliants is also considered a novelty.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

THE BEST THING ABOUT A FIRST PAIR OF BOOTS.

A Letter of Advice to Young People Who Always Want to Wait "a Minute"—Two Simple Tricks Easy of Trial.

Our cuts illustrate two pretty little tricks which any young reader who desires to indulge in conjuring will find easy of trial.



THE BALANCED STICK.

Procure a piece of wood 6 inches in length and about ¼ an inch in thickness, and near one end of it thrust in the blades of two penknives in such a manner that one of them inclines to one side and the second to the other, as delineated in the illustration. If the other end of the piece of wood is then placed on the tip of the forefinger, it will keep itself perfectly upright without falling, and even if it is inclined to one side, it will instantly recover its perpendicular position, being, in reality, kept in equipoise by the knives.

Cut the figure of a man out of any very light substance, the pith of the elder tree for instance, which is soft and can be readily carved into any form. Then provide an hemispherical base of some heavy material, such as the half of a large leaden bullet, and take away all inequalities which may be on the convex part. Fasten the figure to the plane surface of the bullet, and in whatever position it is placed, when left to itself, it will immediately rise upright. A tumbler made as described will prove a source of much amusement.

THE LITTLE TUMBLER.

"In a Minute."

The following letter appeared recently in the postoffice box of Harper's Young People. As it was directed to no one in particular, but seems to have been written for the great majority of young folk, space is given to it in this column, in the hope that it will reach the rightful owner:

I will mention no names, but there are some children of my acquaintance who try even my patience by the answer, "In a minute."

They are called. Papa is standing at the door, or mamma has her bonnet on, and desires to say a word before going out, but these busy grown people are obliged to wait until it pleases Janie and Johnny to attend to them. Johnny is repairing his ball, and thinks he cannot stop till he has fastened his knot; Janie is finishing her map, and has just begun putting the rivers in. Each hotly intends coming "in a minute," but the minute often stretches away to five or ten. The parents are displeased and inconvenienced, and everything becomes uncomfortable.

Did you ever watch a company of soldiers at their drill? You must have observed the beautiful precision of their movements. When the captain says "Halt!" they stop on the instant the whole company just like one man. When he orders "Advance!" how promptly every foot obeys. "Ground arms!" and the muskets ring as they fall. Now what sort of drill would those fellows have if here and there along the lines a soldier should reply, "In a minute," when the command came to "Advance!" or to "Halt!"

I wish you would think of yourselves as soldiers with a daily drill, part of which should be to obey the word of command promptly. Nobody can compel you to obey by force half so easily as you can compel yourselves. Resolve never to say "In a minute" when you are wanted, but always to be on time, answering with never you are called, just as they did in the old Bible days, "Here am I!"

Be Honest.

The famous explorer, Dr. Livingstone, was descended from the Highlanders, and was fond of telling the following story of one of his ancestors. The good man, as death drew near, summoned his family around his bed. He said: "Now, lads and lassies, I have looked all through our history as far back as I can find it, and I have never found a dishonest man in all the line, and I want you to understand you inherit good blood. You have no excuse for wrong doing. Be honest."

Willie's First Boots.

Do you hear that funny sound,
Curious sort of creaking,
Every time I step around?
That's my new boots squeaking!

Sounds like men or grown up boys,
When I walk—just hear me!
Mamma don't like the noise,
Makes her say, "Oh dear me

THE FIRST PAIR OF BOOTS.

These are my first stoga boots,
Made of good stout leather;
Papa says they're just what suits
Rugged roads and weather.

They're as stout as stout can be—
Proof against all leaking;
But the best of all to me
Is their squeaking.

—Wide Awake.

Babies are wearing quaint little Dutch caps made of embroidered muslin over silk.

Colored Glass.

Until quite recently but little colored glass, with the exception of common black and amber bottles, was made in this country. Now quite a number of glass works are engaged in its manufacture exclusively, and at others it forms a large part of the product. Some of the most beautiful colored glass produced in the world, rivaling in depth and richness of coloring, as well as in beauty of design, that from the famous works of Europe, is made at the flint glass works of the United States.

The coloring materials most largely employed are iron, manganese, copper, cobalt and gold. These are generally used as oxides, though in some cases, but very rarely, other compounds are used. In addition to the above, arsenic, uranium, chromium and silver are occasionally employed.

The Liquid Island.

A half pint flask should be half filled with a saturated solution of sulphate of zinc; about a drachm of bisulphide of carbon, tinted with a trace of iodine, should then be carefully poured on the surface of the zinc solution and the flask filled up with water; the latter should be carefully poured in, down the side of the neck, so as to mix as little as possible with the zinc. The carbon bisulphide will assume the shape of a perfect amethyst colored sphere, floating between the liquids, and, according to Popular Science News, if undisturbed, will last for weeks. The solution ought to be filtered before using, as otherwise it is likely to become turbid.

The Calhoun Doctrine.

"Calhoun held that the states were sovereign, that the constitution was merely a compact between separate sovereign nations, to be construed entirely by the rules of international law; that such a treaty, when broken by one state, was no longer binding upon any; and that, consequently, the declaration of a state that the constitution had been violated absolved the people of that state from any further allegiance or obedience to the United States until the wrong had been made good. To Calhoun's mind this theory did not militate against the existence of the Union; it only operated as a check upon the tyranny of a national majority.

What Was the Holy Alliance?

The holy alliance was entered into in Paris, September, 1815, by the emperors of Russia and Austria and the king of Prussia. It was an attempt to announce a principle of government which it was expected would secure justice and prosperity and peace to Europe. It was considered that the French revolution and the supremacy of Napoleon I was the work of men. The human laws by which the state was governed were to be purified and invigorated by a divine power.

Naval Academy.

The United States Naval academy was founded in 1845. The buildings were transferred from the war to the naval department, and in these midshipmen who were from time to time on shore were given instructions in naval matters. In 1849 the school was reorganized, the course of instructions was revised and the title changed from Naval school to United States Naval academy, and two years later the term of study was fixed at four years.

Excellent Domestic Wine.

A housewife who makes excellent cherry wine does it after the following formula: Stone and mash the cherries and strain the juice. To one quart of juice add one or one and a half pints of water according to the richness of the juice. Some juice will bear more dilution than others. To every gallon of the mixture add three pounds of sugar. Let stand in an open mouthed jar with muslin netting over it until it ceases to ferment, then bottle and cork.

Why Does the Needle Point North?

It seems strange that the magnetic needle, without which no sailor has dared to leave port for centuries, should still be an object of mystery; nevertheless it is a fact. We are not only ignorant why the needle points north, but do not know the cause of its variation. One thing we do know is that when used on an iron ship the needle is much affected.

Strategic Territory.

At the close of the Franco-Prussian war the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine were not demanded from France by the German government because they had formerly been German territory, nor as containing a German population, but as the key to an invasion of Germany. At least such was the reason given at the time.

English General Officers.

The English army does not lack for officers. There are 7 field marshals, 20 generals, 52 lieutenant generals and 130 major generals, in all 209 general officers. The greatest war of this century was carried on by the United States, with only two officers above the grade of major general, viz., 1 general and 1 lieutenant general.

A Novel Bet.

While I am not a betting man, said F. J. Cheney, of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., I considered it my religious duty to make that fellow a bet. You see he was about dead, and I guess he would have died before spring, if I had not of got him on the bet. You know some men had rather lose their lives than lose a hundred; well, he was one of that kind, and we both came near being out, but I saved my hundred and it cost him ten dollars. How's that? He sent for me one day and said the doctors had all given him up to die with the catarrh. I told him that I would bet him $100 that Hall's Catarrh Cure would cure him or I would give him $100 if I failed. He took the latter proposition. This was three months ago; you see how he looks now, don't you, as well as any one, and a dandy.—American, Toledo, O.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self destruction. We know of no remedy for dyspepsia more successfull than Hood's Sarsaparilla. It acts gently, yet surely and efficiently, tones the stomach and other organs, removes the faint feeling, creates a good appetite, cures headache, and refreshes the burdened mind. Give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial. It will do you good.

Wall Paper!

You can always find a complete assortment of

Wall Paper and Fine Decorations, Window Curtains, hade Rollers. Cornices, Poles and Room ouldings. Also

LARGE STOCK OF

PAINT, OILS, VARNISH,

Mixed Paint Ready for Use.

House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging and decorating done promptly, in town or country.

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City Property.

There is no better investment to be made than in real estate in Massillon, as the city is bound to grow rapidly and steadily. I have a number of

Finly Located Lots AND Comfortable Dwellings

Scattered in the different wards which will be sold upon easy terms. For particulars inquire of

P. G. ALBRIGHT,

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COAL! COAL!

PRICE REDUCED!

$2 PER TON.

The Sippo Coal Company will deliver the Best Quality of Coal until further notice, at the very low price of $2.00 per ton.

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September 15, 1886.

The Tippecanoe Stone Company,

Miners and Manufacturers of

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Bilding Stone.

Sawed Stone of Every Description.

Bridge Stone,

SAWED FLAGGING, CURBING, ETC.

All kinds of sawed stone on hand or furnished on short notice at yard on Tremont street, opposite Kitchen's mill.

Quarries on line of C. L. & W. R. R., Tippecanoe, Harrison Co., O.

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Watch Free!

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$100 per month guaranteed Good Workers. Valuable outfit and Circulars sent on receipt of 25c in stamps to pay postage and packing. Write us and we will prove what we say.

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THE ONLY TRUE

IRON TONIC

Will purify the **BLOOD** regulate the **LIVER** and **KIDNEYS** and RESTORE the HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength and Tired Feeling absolutely cured: Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe, speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. All attempts at counterfeiting only adds to its popularity. Do not experiment—get ORIGINAL AND BEST

DR. HARTER'S LIVER PILLS

Cure Constipation, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage.

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MAIN STREET, MASSILLON,

dealers in Foreign and Domestic

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Consisting of a fine selectio of

COACH TRIMMINGS,

SADDLERY,

CUTELRY

with a large stock of

Scythes, Forks, Hay-Hooks,

Paints, Glass. Etc.,

Hurrah Smokers!

If you want a good Cigar call for

Phil. Blumenschein's

Brands of Cigars.

They will give you good satisfaction. Try them and be convinced.

Store room and factory corner of Main and Erie streets, up stairs. Retail store in Hotel Conrad.

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MASSILLON, OHIO

FURNITURE!

I desire to say that all those in need of Furniture of any kind, can not fail to be suited both in regard to

GOODS AND PRICES,

My stock will comprise all grades of

Parlor, Chamber, Kitchen and Office

FURNITURE.

SUCH AS

Parlor Suits,
Chamber Suits,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Tables,
Lounges
SPRING BEDS,
Hair,
Husk and Sea Grass Mattresses and the original Woven Wire Mattress

AND OTHER SPRING BOTTOMS.

Thankful for favors bestowed upon me in the past, I hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

JOHN H. OGDEN

Free Treatise For the Weak Nervous and Debilitated: How to regain Health, Strength and Vigor by **Home Treatment** for Nervous and Mental Diseases, TRIAL SENT

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Keeps on hand all kinds of pension blanks.

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Two houses on West Cherry street.

House and lot on Akron street, one lot north of State street.

One cheap dwelling house in Taylor Clay's addition to Massillon. North of Cherry street.

5¼ acres of land, well improved, in 4th ward

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A ONE TIME MASSILLONIAN,

Who, after Winning Success, is again in Our Midst.

The many friends and admirers of Mr. H. O. C. Kortheuer in our city will be pleased to learn that this eminent pianist, composer and teacher has decided to spend the remainder of his vacation in our town aud vicinity. It will be remembered that years ago he was in the habit of doing so every summer, and many of our musical amateurs, as well as professionals, will gladly testify to the excellent results of his advice and tuition in years past. The musical public will rejoice to learn that again he has been prevailed upon to give the benefit of his superior knowledge of music to such as desire it, by taking a limited number of pupils for a short term.

Since last Mr. K. was here, which was seven years ago, he has made great strides in his art and profession; and stands now in the very front rank of concert pianists and teachers, and is looked upon as an authority in questions of pianoforte technique and artistic conception and rendition of the great masters. His yearly recitals on the pianoforte, in which he renders works of all masters in chronological order, have an established reputation in New York and Brooklyn, his home. They are attended by the elite of music lovers; and professional musicians and students look upon them as unsurpassed factors and features in their musical cultivation. As a teacher of the pianoforte he stands first in Brookiyn; over half of his pupils are themselves professors of music, and consequently his influence on the study of music is widely felt.

A number of compositions for grand orchestra and chorus testify as to his obility as a composer. One of these, a grand "Te Deum" was rendered at the great Luther festival on October 31, 1883, in Steinway Hall, New York city, under his own direction, by a chorus of 400 voices, grand orchestra, and organ. A grand Symphonic March has been played repeatedly by grand orchestras under his own as well as the direction of others. At present he is at work on a romantic opera, the subject of which is distinctively American.

It is to be hoped that this opportunity of gaining knowledge will be embraced by all earnest students of music.

FIRE AT NORTH LAWRENCE.

FOUR BUILDINGS DESTROYED THIS MORNING.

The Loss will Amount to $12.000, Partly Covered by Insurance.

Word was received at the central engine house at 4 o'clock Friday morning, that the village of North Lawrence, about eight miles northwest of this city, was in flames, and urging the fire department to send out immediate assistance. It was, of course, impossible to leave the limits of Massillon with a fire engine without the consent of the proper authorities, and by the time the fire chief and the council committee had been seen, a second telegram was received stating that the flames were under control, and that the assistance, if it came, would be too late to do any good. An INDEPENDENT reporter left for North Lawrence this morning to learn exactly how serious the conflagration had been. Upon reaching the village it was found that the damage was not nearly so serious as was reported about Massillon, but sufficiently so to stir up the little community to its utmost. Groups of men surrounded the smoldering ruins, and the women and children had gathered in the rink to commiserate with the other women whose homes had been destroyed.

Four of the principal houses of the town are in ashes and the ruins are still smoking. The alarm was sounded about two o'clock this morning by some man who ran through every street shouting the news. The flames first burst out of John and Robert Pollock's large store building and quickly spread to three adjoining houses. All were of frame and were quickly destroyed. Bucket brigades were formed, and succeeded in saving the rest of the town.

The Pollock and Sandworth store buildings were demolished, and two dwelling houses. The loss will aggregate ten or twelve thousand dollars, partly covered by insurance, of which four thousand will be born by John and Pollock, and three by Mr. Sandworth. The stock in the co-operative store, owned by about twenty-five miners, valued at between two and three hundred dollars, was burned.

The cause of the fire is unknown, but everything points to incendiarism: Some one made it a business to rush through the town and shout fire, but the name of this individual is not known and it is felt that he could tell more of its origin than any one else. Everybody in the town feels much disheartened, as the loss will fall very hard upon the people of this mining region.

A QUIET ELECTION.

Wilhelm Makes a Splendid Run. Capturing 319 out of 340 Votes Cast.

So far as it depended upon the Republican primary election to create any excitement on Saturday, there was none. Not that the party was not interested, but there were no contests except for representative and county commissioner. For the latter position, the two candidates had not worked enough to rouse up much interest, and the little work that was done was for the legisative ticket. George W. Wilhelm was the favorite, and he may well feel proud of the splendid vote he received in Massillon. Out of 341 cast, he received 319, and this in the face of the fact that he had been announced only the day before. At this hour, whether he is nominated or defeated is not known. But if the former is the case, George W. Wilhelm will go out of the western township this fall, with as good a following as that of any man, Republican or Democrat. He will go into Bach's own precinct, and carry it too. But little seemed to be known of Landon, and he only received 33 votes. The other two candidates came within ten of each other.

For county commissioner, Jonas Warstler took the lead. and surprised many people by the distance he placed between himself and Mr. Wilson.

Mr. T. C. Putnam has often been made infirmary director when no others on his ticket were elected, but he was too modest this year to offer his name No one else was inclined to make the run, so there was one blank space on the ticket. The extent of Mr. Putman's popularity can be judged by the fact that 251 persons voluntarily wrote his name on their ballots, without knowing whether he was or was not a candidate.

The vote was very light, being scarcely one-half of what it should have been. One of the interesting incidents of the day occured when Fred Paul, a Democrat of long standing, and for several terms city marshal, announced his thorough conversion to Republicanism, and deposited a ticket, as such, in the box. The candid Republican looks upon the prospects this fall with great equanimity. Take the Democratic party, and notwithstanding their good organization, there never was a time when they were more split up by quarrels of one kind or another. The Leininger bolt has been growing greater all year, and can never be healed.

Sponseller labors under the disadvantage of not being a lawyer. Mr. Welty is losing prestige on account of his connection with the liquor dealers' association, and Bach's reputation is becoming notorious. On the other side, all the nominees are capable and popular. It is too early to spend much time on this subject, but as remarked before, the Republican prospects seem very bright. Much will depend upon a good nomination for State Senator.

THE NOMINATIONS

Made at the Republican Primary Election.

A VERY LIGHT VOTE CAST ALL OVER THE COUNTY.

The Indications Point to the Success of Wearstler for Commissioner, and Wilhelm and Grossman for Representatives.

The INDEPENDENT has just had telephonic communication with Mr. J. J. Grant, of Canton, chairman of the Republican county committee, and finds that he has returns from fewer precincts than the INDEPENDENT itself. The figures given by this paper, this afternoon, are therefore more comprehensive than those from any other source in Stark county, and while not as complete as desired, serve to show beyond any reasonable doubt that Wearstler was nominated for county commissioner, T. C. Putman for infirmary director, and G. W. Wilhelm and Jacob Grossman for representatives. The vote was very light throughout the county, that of Canton township especially so. Were Mr. Wilhelm's friends thoroughly satisfied that the ticket with his name upon them reached the various precincts in time, they would feel secure as to his success. None of them were to be had at North Lawrence, which was accounted one of his strongholds, and he therefore received no votes where all were expected. As stated Saturday, the second edition of election tickets were not printed until the eleventh hour, when it was almost a physical impossibility to thoroughly distribute them. If North Lawrence is the only place missed his nomination is certain, but the bare chance that it is not makes the result doubtful. Mr. Wearstler's heavy vote is a surprise to all, as he had not made a thorough canvass. His connection with a veteran regiment was of great assistance to him. The spontaneous following of Mr. T. C. Putman is remarkable, and he is probably nominated.

A CHAPTER ON BOOMS.

The Growth of Chautauqua and the World-wide Operations of the Literary and Scientific Circles.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug 15, 1887.

It has been noticable of late that the daily papers in nearly every city in this State have been claiming a boom for their particular locality. This epidemic has even infected the dignified city of Albany, whose antiquity and magnificence would seem to have placed it above such an ordinary affair as a boom. Our friends in the great West are as familiar with sort of thing as with their own names. So it is hardly supposable that here on Chautauqua Lake, where the east, west and south meet, the people should escape the popular cry. Jamestown, one of the youngest cities in the State, has the disease badly. With natural gas and several new railroads building, the town assumes the air of a metropolis, and talks of being a great commercial center. Near so large and important a town is Chautauqua Lake, one of the most delightful in the State. Its shores, abounding with beautiful resorts, have become familiar to thousands of people living in every section of the United States. Not the least among these resorts is Chautauqua, with its Summer School and Sunday School Assembly. To say that Chautauqua has had a boom would be mistating the case. Its growth has not been ephemeral or spasmodic, but a natural and steady increase, showing a firm and sure foundation. The privileges which it offers meet the needs of the people and are duly appreciated. The summer school, with its large and capable faculty, the members of which represent nearly all of the first colleges in this country, affords students and teachers an opportunity of special work in every department of science and literature.

It is often argued that six weeks in one branch tends to make superficial scholarship, but when the student comes in contact with men who are specialists, who in the very nature of things cannot be superficial teachers, where is the danger that the pupils will think that he knows all of the subject that is to be learned? On the other hand he will be lead to a realization that he has only taken the first steps in the understanding of a topic, an impulse for future investigation will be received that will insure careful and studious work on the part of the young man or woman, and an ambition to succeed will be aroused.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C, Aug. 15.

Hon. Beriah Wilkins, the Ohio member who is about to erect a handsome residence on Massachusetts avenue, near Seventeenth street, is one of the youngest members of the House of Representatives being only 41 years of age. He is a successful banker at Urichsville, in the western part of the State. He is a Democrat and a vigorous party worker—one of the kind who take no stock in Civil Service reform. He is a friend of Senator Payne, and is known as the man who got out General Vilas's letter on the subject of the removal of fourth-class postmasters. He will probably be the chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency in the next House. The residence which he proposes to build will cost over $20.000, and as the site will be worth at least half as much more the new dwelling will be a substantial addition to the great avenue.

The latest fad of the the delicately sensitive is exhibited in the petition of several persons to the Commissioners to embody in the new police regulations a clause prohibiting housekeepers from killing chickens for dinner in their back yards in view of their neighbors.

There have been multitudinous rumors afloat as to the appointment of a new District postmaster to succeed Mr. Conger. The latest and most authentic is that Judge Montgomery called on President Cleveland a few days since in company with Wm. Dickson in relation to the appointment, and the President stated that the appointment would be made before October 15, and that a District man would get the appointment.

Private McNamara, of the Marine Corps, who was sentenced by court-martial to one year's imprisonment for deserting his post of duty, has had his sentence commuted by the Secretary of the Navy to one month's imprisonment. The offence with which McNamara is charged is that he left his post at the Navy Yard and went to see his mother, who was dying. Before leaving he applied for leave, but, being refused, he took it.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie to be Extended—Minor Notes.

At the stockholders' meeting of the Wheeling & Lake Erie road at Toledo yesterday, which has been advertised daily in the INDEPENDENT for some time, the proposition to extend the line from Bowerstown to Wheeling, a distance of fourty-four miles, was voted upon and the proposition accepted. Work will be commenced at once, and the capital stock increased to $3,500,000 to meet the expense. This conclusion had been practically reached long before, but the stockholders' meeting was necessary to legalize it.

The earnings of the Valley railway in July, 1889, were $2,405 less than in July, 1886.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie's earnings in July, 6886, were only $55,432. In July, 1837, they were $59,578.

The Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling road has from one to five excursions daily to Camp Chippewa.

It is said that the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway would like to get an outlet into Cleveland of its own.

If, as it is alleged, one good sized eel can destroy more spawn and young fish than a dozen seines, the State fish commission have not conferred a benefaction on the people of the Tuscarawas valley by depositing twelve thousand eels in the Tuscarawas river, as they did a few weeks ago, but on the contrary they have done us irreparable injury. If the allegation be true, steps ought to be taken to prevent a repetition of the outrage.—New Philadelphia Advocate.

Remember your friend who used to live in Massillon and send him the WEEKLY INDEPENDENT.

To All Water Consumers.

The Massillon Water Company desires to impress all its patrons with the necessity of exercising the most rigid economy in the use of water at the present time. Everywhere there is complaint of drought, and in many Ohio cities the water-works have been completely abandoned for the time being. Massillon is consuming a great deal more water than the average city with the same number of subscribers, and evidences of waste can everywhere be seen. This is an unusual summer, and all persons should govern themselves accordingly.

Rheumatism & Neuralgia Cured in 2 Days.

The Indiana Chemical Co. have discovered a compound which acts with truly marvelous rapidity in the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia. We guarantee it to cure any and every case of acute inflammatory rheumatism and neuralgia in 2 Days, and to give immediate relief in chronic cases and effect a speedy cure.

On receipt of 30 cents, in two-cent stamps, we we will send to any address the prescription for this wonderful compound, which can be filled by your home druggist at small cost. We take this means of giving our discovery to the public instead of putting it out as a patent medicine, it being much less expensive. We will gladly refund money if satisfaction ss not given.

THE INDIANA CHEMICAL CO.,
32-y fr Crawfordsville, Ind.

Messrs. Carlisle, Hurd, Morrison and the other bright and shining lights will stump Ohio for the Democracy this fall.

No Cold Feet.

Send one dollar in currency, with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles for rheumatism, cold feet and bad circulation. They are the most powerful made in the world. The wearer feels the warmth, life and revitalization in three minutes after putting them on. Sent by return mail upon receipt of price. Send your address for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment Without Medicine," with thousands of testimonials. Write us full particulars of difficulties.

Our Magnetic Kidney Belts for gentlemen will positively cure the following diseases without medicine: Pain in the back, head or limbs, nervous debility, lumbago, general debility, rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, sciatica, diseases of the kidneys, torpid liver, seminal emissions, impotency, heart disease, dyspepsia, indigestion, hernia or rupture, piles, etc Consultation free Price of Belt with Magnetic Insoles, $10. Sent by express C. O. D. or by return mail upon receipt of price. Send measure of waist and size of shoe worn. Send for circlars. Order direct.

NOTE—The above described Belt with Insoles is warranted to positively cure chronic cases of seminal emissions and impotency or money refunded even after one year's trial. 35-e o w

THE MAGNETIC APPLIANE O.,
134 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

To Be Absolutely Certain

Of most things is difficult, but if the united testimony of people in every walk of life, for more than a quarter of a century, be good evidence, then dyspepsia, loss of appetite, headache, wakefulness and debilitation, from whatever cause, may be cured by Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

Captain W. F. Mong, a prominent resident of Minerva, died last night at his home. He was the general agent of the Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company and a prominent member of the G. A. R. He was a brother of Judge J. C. Mong of Canton,

The Verdct Unanimous.

W. D Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of rheumatism of ten years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, O., affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Z T. Baltzly's Drug Store. 2

Findlay Republicans talk about carrying Hancock county, on account of the recent large addition to its population, supposed to be Republican in sentiment.

Physicians Have Found Out

That a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism. This settles upon the sensitive subcutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints. No fact which experience has demonstrated in regard to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has stronger evidence to support than this, namely, that this medicine of comprehensive uses checks the formidable and atrocious disease, or is it less positively established that it is preventable to the poisons often used to arrest it, since the medicine contains only salutary ingredients. It is also a signal remedy for malarial fevers, constipation, dyspepsia, kidney and bladder ailments debility and other disorders. See that you get the genuine.

One of the barbarous practices which has been carried on to quite an extent in Ohio, is that of dishorning cattle. It would seem that a method productive of such exquisite agony to the dumb animals ought to be prohibited by law. Commenting on this subject, Dr. Pauren, Illinois State Veterinarian, says: "In sawing off the horn and its bony support, which latter is an extension of the bones of the forehead, cavities are opened to the free access of air, dust, chaff or any foreign substance. Sometimes the operation is followed by the application of tar, with the object of healing the exposed bone But tar or any fluid application thus caused to enter these cavities is productive of additional irritation within the skull."

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist For full particulars, address Golden Specific Co, 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Notice of Attachment.

Gottlieb Snider, Pl'ff, } Before Sylvester Higerd,
vs. } J. P. of Tuscarawas Tp.,
John Adams, Def't. } Stark County, Ohio.

On the 29th day of July, A. D. 1887, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of eighteen dollars.

GOTTLIEB SNIDER.
West Brookfield, O., Aug. 2, A. D. 1887 9-3w

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblaines corns and all skin impurities, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by Z. T Baltzly.

The Canton gas well is down 3,080 feet. The Repository disrespectfully says "that old shale is still holding out."

"My son had an abscess in his side, that discharged two quarts of matter. 'Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher' cured him." 7-1m

The K. of P. excursion train to Sage's Grove will leave the Wheeling & Lake Erie station at 7 o'clock, city time, on August 24.

Excitement in Texas

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of Discovery, he was well and gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial Bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at Z. T. Baltzly's. Large bottles $1 2

Minerva, the town where the senatorial convention will probably be held, is one of the brightest and most enterprising little villages in Ohio. It has four good hotels, a newspaper, a fair association, and an opera house. It citizens raised money and established a glass factory, and built a system of water works that would do credit to many larger places.

The Alliance Standard thinks it so likely that Dr. J. H. Vincent will be made a Methodist Bishop that his acceptance of the Mt. Union college presidency is improbable.

"I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla half enough," says a mother whose son, almost blind with scrofula, was cured by this medicine.

The weekly INDEPENDENT is made up of the cream of the daily, and will prove a very welcome present to out of town people who receive it, thanks to their thoughtful Massillon friends.

Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher," the great medicine for fever and ague, malaria and all blood poison. Don't fail to use it.

The Navarre Independent does not like to contemplate the indisputable fact that the milling business of Stark county is fast centralizing in Massillon.

It is simply marvelous how quickly constipation, biliousness, sick headache, fever and ague, and malaria are cured by "Seller' Liver Pills.

Massillon horsemen are beginning to use the J. E. Mentzer race track to exercise their flyers.—Navarre Independent

An old gentleman in Maryland said he had raised his family on "Sellers' Liver Pills," and considered them almost as essential to a family as bread. That's true. 7-1m

Wellsville, a town of only 6,000, is going to have a $15,000 electric street railroad. Good for Wellsville.

TAKE THE

Mt. Vernon & Fan Handle Route

The Great Through Line via

The C. A. & C. RAILWAY

P., C. & St. L. and C., St. L. & P. Railroads for all Points South & Southwest.

The only line running the celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Drawing Room Cars Between Cleveland, Akron, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

Passengers holding first-class tickets via this line are entitled to seats in the New and Elegant Pullman Reclining Chair Cars at a nominal charge, leaving Columbus on the Fast Express at 3:00 p. m. daily, arriving at Indianapolis 10:20 p. m., St. Louis 7:00 a. m. and Kansas City 7:20 p. m.

THE SCHEDULE.

Central or 90th Meridian Time.
In effect May 22, 1887.

GOING NORTH.					GOING SOUTH.				
No 35.	27.	No. 3.			No. 2.	No. 28.			No. 38
Cleveland Express.	Night Express.	Fast Mail.	STATIONS.		Fast Mail.	Night Express.			Columb's Express.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Ar U. Depot	Lv	A. M.	P. M.			P. M.
12 55	6 45	5 40	...Cleveland...		8 10	8 00			12 10
12 40	6 31	5 26	" Euclid ave		8 21	8 14			12 25
12 24	6 15	5 10	" Newburg...		8 39	8 29			12 41
11 16	5 40	4 35	.....Hudson.....		9 15	9 05			1 18
11 25	5 23	4 16	Cuyahoga Falls		9 29	9 29			1 26
11 15	5 10	4 05	..... Akron		9 40	9 35			1 45
10 35	4 29	3 29	.....Warwick.....		10 12	10 08			2 20
10 10	4 05	3 08	le...Orrville...ar		10 36	10 32			2 47
9 15	3 01	2 18	...Millersburg...		11 21	11 20			3 37
8 02	1 48	1 15	.....Gambier.....		12 33	12 34			4 50
7 52	1 37	1 07	Mt. Vernon...		1 03	12 52			5 10
7 17	12 56	12 31	...Centerburg		1 29	1 21			5 39
6 58	12 38	12 13	.....Sunbury		1 49	1 46			6 01
6 35	12 15	11 55	...Westervl		2 06	2 07			6 20
6 10	11 50	11 30	lv Columb		2 30	2 35			6 45
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	A. M.			P. M.
.....	11 35	11 10	ar Columbus	lv	2 40	2 55			.....
.....	10 00	9 33	.....Xenia.....		4 25	4 55			.....
.....	8 36	8 14	....Loveland.....		5 33	6 17			.....
.....	7 45	7 25	lv Cincinnati	ar	6 20	7 10			.....
.....	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	A. M.			.....
.....	11 20	11 10	ar Columbus	lv	3 06	5 40			.....
.....	9 54	9 43	....Urbana.....		4 49	7 01			.....
.....	9 01	8 53	.....Piqua.....		5 19	7 46			.....
.....	7 30	7 05	....Richmond....		8 00	9 40			.....
.....	4 55	4 30	...Indianapolis...		10 20	11 45			.....
.....	2 38	1 54	...Terre Haute...		1 42	2 18			.....
.....	12 22	11 25	...Effingham....		3 49	4 20			.....
.....	11 23	10 20	....Vandalia.....		4 48	5 10			.....
.....	9 00	8 00	lv St. Louis	ar	7 50	7 30			.....
.....	A. M.	P. M.			A. M	P. M.			.....

Trains 5 and 6 (Cleveland and Orrville Express) leave Orrville at 7:00 a. m., Akron 8:00 a. m., arriving at Cleveland 9:35 a. m.; returning leave Cleveland at 4:15 p. m., arriving at Akron 5:50 p. m., Orrville at 6:15 p. m.

Trains 27 and 28 run daily, all other trains daily except Sunday.

Trains 7 and 8, known as the Gann and Columbus accommodations, leave Gann at 6:10 a. m., arriving at Columbus at 8:15 a. m.; leave Columbus at 4:30 p. m., arriving at Gann at 7:00 p. m.

Train 35 (Cleveland express) connects with P., Ft. W. & C., No. 10 from Wooster, Shreve and all points west.

Train 38 (Columbus Express) connects with P. Ft. W. & C. No. 7 for Wooster, Shreve and all points west.

Trains 2 and 3 make connections with P., Ft. W. & C. trains to and from all points east and west via Orrville.

For further information, address

CHAS. O. WOOD,
Ass't Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Akron O.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.
In effect July 18, 1887.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.		No. 5.	No. 7.	No. 9.*	No. 1.
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Toledo	Lv	7 45	1 00	4 50	.....
Oak Harbor	Ar	8 41	1 53	5 45	.....
Fremont		9 07	2 18	6 08	.....
Clyde		9 24	2 34	6 23	.....
Bellevue		9 40	2 48	6 37	.....
Monroeville	Lv	9 58	3 05	7 01	3 10
Norwalk		10 15	3 22	7 17	3 22
Wellington		11 05	4 13	8 08	4 08
Creston	Ar	11 53	5 05	8 55	4 47
Orrville	Ar	pm12 20	5 35	am5 15	*5 15
"	Lv	12 40	5 40	7 00	7 00
Massillon		1 20	6 20	7 42	7 42
Navarre		1 35	6 35	8 00	8 00
Valley Junction		2 15	7 20	8 45	8 45
New Cumberland		2 28	7 33	9 05	9 05
Sherrodsville		2 40	7 45	9 25	9 25
Leesville		2,48	7 53	9 40	9 40
Bowerstown		2 55	8 00	9 50	9 50
Canal Dover		3 42	am5 52	.....	.....
New Comerstown		4 28	6 30	.....	.....
Cambridge		5 26	7 30	.....	.....
Macksburg		6 56	9 03	.....	.....
Marietta	Ar	8 10	am10 15	.....	.....

GOING NORTH AND WEST.		No. 6.	No. 8.	No. 4.	No. 2.*
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Marietta	Lv	6 50	12 15	.....	.....
Macksburg		8 04	1 26	.....	.....
Cambridge		9 10	3 00	.....	.....
New Comerstown		10 50	4 05	.....	.....
Canal Dover		11 32	4 40	.....	.....
Bowerstown		11 25	3 45	6 35	.....
Leesville		11 32	3 50	6 43	.....
Sherrodsville		11 40	4 20	6 52	.....
New Cumberland		11 52	4 25	7 05	.....
Valley Junction		pm12 30	5 02	7 25	.....
Navarre		12 50	5 35	8 00	.....
Massillon		1 05	5 50	8 15	.....
Orrville	Ar	1 40	6 25	8 53	.....
Orrville	Lv	1 45	*6 55	8 58	A. M.
Creston	Lv	2 18	7 02	9 28	7 30
Wellington		3 05	7 13	10 15	8 20
Norwalk		3 56	8 26	11 25	9 25
Monroeville		4 07	8 50	11 37	9 35
Clyde		4 39	9 20	pm12 10	8 06
Fremont		4 57	9 45	12 28	8 23
Toledo	Ar	5 45	*10 15	1 50	9 10

No. 27	No. 30.	Norwalk & Huron.	No. 26.	No. 28.
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
5 20	8 20	Ar.... Huron Lv	9 30	6 30
5 05	8 05	.... Fries Landing.....	9 15	6 15
4 55	7 55	..... Milan	9 05	7 00
4 20	7 35	Lv. Norwalk .....Ar	10 25	7 25

*Daily.

No. 8 W. & L. E. train will wait at Valley Junction for passengers on C. & M. train No. 4.

This route is now open through from Toledo to Rockport connecting with the Pennsylvania System for all points East.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Between Toledo, Cleveland and Marietta.
" " Bowerstown.
" " and Akron, Youngstown and Pittsburgh.
" Chicago, Akron, Youngstown and Pittsburgh.

JAS. M. HALL, Gen. Passenger Agt.
M. D. WOODFORD, Gen. Manager

C. L. & W. Railway.

Condensed time schedule of passenger trains in effect June 5, 1887, and until further notice. New Standard—90 Meridian time which is 28 minutes slower than Columbus time.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 9.	No. 11.
	Mixed.	Express.	Mixed.	Express.	Accom.
Lv. Columbus	7 00a	10 45a	3 00p	6 00p	10 15p
Ar. Delaware	7 40a	11 25a	3 40p	6 40p	10 55p
Lv. Delaware	7 45a	11 30a	3 45p	6 45p	11 00p
Ar. Marion	8 30a	12 15p	4 30p	7 30p	11 45p
Lv. Marion	8 35a	12 20p	4 35p	7 35p	11 50p
Ar. Galion	9 00a	12 45p	5 00p	8 00p	12 15a
Lv. Galion	9 05a	12 50p	5 05p	8 05p	12 20a
Ar. Crestline	9 40a	1 25p	5 40p	8 40p	12 55a
Lv. Crestline	9 45a	1 30p	5 45p	8 45p	1 00a
Ar. Galion	10 20a	2 05p	6 20p	9 20p	1 35a
Lv. Galion	10 25a	2 10p	6 25p	9 25p	1 40a
Ar. Marion	10 50a	2 35p	6 50p	9 50p	2 05a
Lv. Marion	10 55a	2 40p	6 55p	9 55p	2 10a
Ar. Delaware	11 40a	3 25p	7 40p	10 40p	2 55a
Lv. Delaware	11 45a	3 30p	7 45p	10 45p	3 00a
Ar. Columbus	12 20p	4 05p	8 20p	11 20p	3 35a

	No. 27	No. 25.	No. 23.	No. 21.	No. 29.
	Mixed.	Express.	Mixed.	Express.	Accom.
Lv. Columbus	8 30a	12 30p	4 30p	8 30p	4 30a
Ar. Delaware	9 10a	1 10p	5 10p	9 10p	5 10a
Lv. Delaware	9 15a	1 15p	5 15p	9 15p	5 15a
Ar. Marion	10 00a	2 00p	6 00p	10 00p	6 00a
Lv. Marion	10 05a	2 05p	6 05p	10 05p	6 05a
Ar. Galion	10 30a	2 30p	6 30p	10 30p	6 30a
Lv. Galion	10 35a	2 35p	6 35p	10 35p	6 35a
Ar. Crestline	11 10a	3 10p	7 10p	11 10p	7 10a
Lv. Crestline	11 15a	3 15p	7 15p	11 15p	7 15a
Ar. Galion	11 50a	3 50p	7 50p	11 50p	7 50a
Lv. Galion	11 55a	3 55p	7 55p	11 55p	7 55a
Ar. Marion	12 20p	4 20p	8 20p	12 20a	8 20a
Lv. Marion	12 25p	4 25p	8 25p	12 25a	8 25a
Ar. Delaware	1 10p	5 10p	9 10p	1 10a	9 10a
Lv. Delaware	1 15p	5 15p	9 15p	1 15a	9 15a
Ar. Columbus	1 50p	5 50p	9 50p	1 50a	9 50a

Ar. Wheeling by Street Car from Bridgeport.

* Trains stop on signal for passengers.
All trains daily (Sundays excepted)

CONNECTIONS.

At Cleveland with fast trains for the East and West. Also with Cleveland and Detroit Daily Line Steamers.

At Lorain with N. Y. C. & St. L. R'y for Fostoria, Ft. Wayne, Chicago and all points West.

At Elyria with L. S. & M. S. Railway for Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit Chicago, and all points West and Northwest.

At Grafton with C. C. C. & I. R'y, for Crestline, Indianapolis, St. Louis and all points West and Southwest.

At Sterling with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Ashland, Wadsworth, Akron, Mansfield and intermediate points.

At Warwick with C. A. & C. R. for Akron, Orrville, Mt. Vernon and Columbus.

At Massillon with P. F. W. & C. R'y, for Canton Wooster, Pittsburg, etc. Also with Wheeling & Lake Erie R'y for points on that road.

At Justus, with Cleveland & Canton R'y for points on that road.

At Canal Dover with C. [illegible] R'y for Cambridge, Marietta, Parkersburg, etc.

At Uhrichsville with P. C. & St. L. R'y, for Steubenville, Coshocton, Zanesville, Newark, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis.

At Barton, with St. Clairville & Northern R'y, for St. Clairville, O.

At Bridgeport, with C. & P. R'y, for Bellaire, Pittsburg, etc.

At Wheeling, with Baltimore & Ohio R. R. for Washington, Baltimore, etc. Also with Ohio River Steamers.

WM. H. GROUT, Gen'l Freight & Ticket Agent.
OSCAR TOWNSEND, General Manager.

TIME TABLE.

P., Ft. W. & C. Railway.

Schedule in Effect June, 1887.
Trains depart from MASSILLON station as follows.
CENTRAL TIME.

GOING EAST

No. 8	Daily	2 55 a. m
No. 10	"	9 27 a. m
No. 12	"	10 11 p. m
No. 1	Daily except Sunday	3 20 p. m
Local Freight	Daily except Sunday	12 05 "

GOING WEST

No 1	Daily except Sunday	3 50 a. m
No. 9	Daily	11 13 "
No. 7	Daily except Sunday	1 55 p. m
No. 3	Daily	5 52 "
Local Freight		8 35 a. m

Pullman Palace Sleeping and Hotel Cars attached to through trains run without change, westbound to Chicago; eastbound to Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

For time tables, rates of fare, through tickets and baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to J. A. Shoemaker, Ticket Agent, Massillon, Ohio.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Monday.

E. A. FORD,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent
AMES McCREA,
Manager.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Massillon Independent.

[WEEKLY ESTABLISHED IN 1863.]
[DAILY ESTABLISHED IN 1887.]
PUBLISHED BY
THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
Independent Building,
No. 20 E. Main Street,
MASSILLON, - - OHIO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year	$5 00
Six Months	2 50
Three Months	1 25

WEEKLY.

One Year	$1.50
Six Months	1.00
Three Months	.50

Contributions on subjects of general and local interest are solicited and the use of the columns of this paper to agitate proper matters is urged. Advertising rates will be furnished upon application.

The DAILY INDEPENDENT wishes to be at once a pleasure and convenience to the people of Massillon. It wants them to read it, think about it, and write to it. It wishes them to consider it their property and not a private enterprise. If this is done there will be no limit to its usefulness.

The Independent's Telephone No. is 72.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1887.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Stark County.

Sheriff, Augustus Leininger.
Coroner, George B. Cook
Recorder, J. E. Dougherty.
Treasurer, Hiram Doll.
Auditor, Patrick Manley.
Clerk of Court, John McGregor.
Common Pleas Judges, Anson Pease and Roner Raley.
Probate Judge, J. P. Fawcett
Commissioners, Jacob Schmaelzenberger, Alonzo Smith and C. F. Uhlan.
Surveyor, R. Z. Wise

City of Massillon.

Mayor, Josiah Prantz
Marshal, Aaron Wendling.
Solicitor, Otho E. Young.
Treasurer, J. W. Foltz.
Clerk, Joseph R. White.

If Main street is to be gravelled, let it be done in fact as well as in name.

The INDEPENDENT is authorized to say that Mr. Clement Russell is not a candidate for any office.

The sad news has reached this end of the world that the White House monkey is dead.

The INDEPENDENT is the only daily newspaper printed in Massillon. Strangers and all others will please make a mental note of this fact, and not be deceived.

The Columbus board of education has decided to substitute male for female school principals. The opinion of the Woman's Suffrage Association upon the change will be awaited with interest.

The latest information from New York is to the effect that there is no truth in the reported consolidation of all the telegraph and cable companies.

To say that Dr. Ross, of Carrollton, had captured the senatorial delegates would be untrue, for most of them are uninstructed. He seems, however, to have the upper hand in the east end.

As convention time approaches the names mentioned in connection with the State senatorship grow in number. The list now includes, E. C. Ross, T. C. Snyder, Henry Harter and Henry A Wise.

Mr. John C. Welty, Democratic candidate for prosecuting attorney is also the legal representative of the Stark County Liquor Dealers' Association. How he can satisfactorily serve this organization and the county of Stark at the same time is hard to understand. Possibly he can explain it.

All over the United States come reports of drouth, of ruined crops, and powerless water works. Happily in this city, there has been no lack of water, but the same causes are drying up the sources of Massillon's supply, that exist elsewhere, and the greatest economy should be exercised by consumers. There is no danger now, but in such an unusual season, it is proper to take every precaution.

It is now reported that John R. Walsh, a Chicago banker, D. O. Mills, and Whitelaw Reid, of New York, Robert Garrett, of Baltimore, John V. Mackay, of Nevada, and George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, have completed a combination by which all lines in opposition to the Western Union are to be united. If this is true, it is a very good thing that the United Lines reached Massillon before the consummation of the deal. One thing thing in favor of the Western Union is, that when once it lowers its rates for any city, it never raises them.

Mr. Blaine's friends are making the most of his endorsement at the hands of the Pennsylvania convention.

The city of Massillon is devoutly thankful for the magnificent rain which descended yesterday to moisten the earth and fill the reservoir.

Cleveland is having its annual trouble in impressing the world with its own immensity. The skeptical say that it is easy to manipulate directory figures and bring about any desired result.

Whether the Chautauqua boarding house keepers ought to pay tribute or not to the Chautauqua Association, is a matthr for the courts to decido and the newspapers to let alone.

Playing fountains, green lawns, clean sidewalks, and dust-laid streets are pleasant to look upon, and proper to have about, but they can better be parted with for a time, than the feeling of safety for the city, that must go, if people persist in wasting the city water.

One of the really funny political prognostications is that Mr. Halstead of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette is working to secure the Republican nomination for the vice presidency, providing Mr. Blaine is at the other end of the ticket.

Cincinnati is the most enterprising city in the United States. In the face of the most gigantic odds, great enterprises have been taken up and pushed to a successful issue. Notwithstanding its bad government it has prospered in a business way, far more than any city on this side of the Mississippi.

The unanimity with which everybody, Republicans and Democrats, have concluded that Ed. Bach is about as proper a person to send into the halls of legislation as a bull into a china shop, is quite remarkable. Now, if 'Squire Wilhelm is only nominated, the Republicans can be assured of a magnificent vote from this part of the county.

Whether to pay $103,000 over the contract price demanded by the lowest bidder, to a San Francisco ship building firm, employing 1,300 voters, or not, is the question that troubles the administration. The general public can readily appreciate the unwillingness of Mr. Cleveland to lose 1,300 followers rather than a trifle like $103,000.

People who find their way into railway offices and have a chance to glance at the bulletin board, where instructions of different kinds are imparted to the train men, in nearly every instance can read an order to all employes to keep a close lookout for fires along the line, and to report all of them at the first station. The most of them have been posted since the Chatsworth disaster.

The INDEPENDENT could have given the vote for the uncontested offices, and the names of the delegates to the senatorial and judicial conventions, yesterday, but it deemed it unnecessary to do so. It is sufficient to know that Messrs. Bow, Fawcett, Doll and Crawford received the solid party vote, and that good men were selected for the conventions.

It is not creditable to cities like Canton and Massillon to poll a total vote of 234 and 340 respectively at a Republican primary election. To be sure there were almost no contests on Saturday, but that is no excuse. It is the duty of every citizen to fully exercise his privileges. It is when people are napping that the dangerous political work is done. Everything turned out for the best in Stark county, but another time the results might be different

The streets of Massillon are not sprinkled properly. When they are wet they are muddy, and when they are dry they are dusty. If the industrious gentlemen who drive the carts would do their work with more nicety, carefully refraining from sending a torrent upon the stone crossings, and keeping the road surface at an even stage of dampness, the ladies and gentlemen who prefer clean boots, and the people who like to ride in immaculate carriages would raise their voices in grateful praise.

There is a mysterious and unaccountable silence among Democrats as to the probable nominee of that party for State Senator.

There are few men in any county who could have made so good a run for representative, on such short notice, as did Squire Wilhelm of Justus.

The INDEPENDENT was the only newspaper that was able to state upon authority yesterday what persons had been nominated at the Republican primary election. The INDEPENDENT then was able to account in detail for over one-half of the vote of the entire county.

A broken hearted husband whose wife is dying in Chatsworth, and whose boy has just been borne to the grave, bears testimony to the universality of human sympathy, writing to his children: "There are hosts of angelic attendants at the hospitals of Chatsworth, friends everywhere."

Mr. Blaine's ardent Ohio admirers were greatly exercised because Ohio Republicans "precipitated the discussion of the presidential question one year earlier than necessary," but no one hears of them raising any such objections to the proceedings of the Pennsylvania convention.

CONVICT LABOR.

Commissioner Carroll D Wright, in his report to the Interior Department upon the subject of convict labor, deduces, says the Boston Post, from the vast mass of statistics and opinions which his bureau has collected, the conclusion that the ideal method of furnishing employment to prisoners is that of hand labor under the public account system. As this is the system which by law will go into operation in all the prisons of the commonwealth of Massachusetts in November next, Colonel Wright's unqualified commendation is encouraging, and the reasons on which he bases it are of interest.

The public account system, as it is found elsewhere than in Massachusetts, involves the carrying on of the industries of a prison for the benefit of the State, as factors employing free labor are conducted for private profit. This requires at the start a costly plant in the shape of power machinery, and brings the State at once into the market as a competitor in trade and labor. To avoid these objectionable features of the plan, it is proposed to allow the use of tools or hand machines only, the articles to be manufactured being such as boots and shoes, coarse woolen or cotton cloths, needed for the institution or for sale to other institutions, harness, saddlery and other goods now made by machinery. In this way it is evident that the effect of convict labor upon the rate of wages or upon the sale of goods, either in price or quantity, will be reduced to the minimum. It is of course impossible that any plan for the employment of convicts can remove all competition, and Colonel Wright does not claim this virtue for the system which he approves: but a scheme which reduces this competition to its lowest point is to that extent commendable. In this connection it may be noted that the Massachusetts law, enacted at the last session, still further provides against interference with free labor by limiting the number of convicts that may be employed in any one branch of trade.

We have the highest authority for saying that the Tennessee delegation in the National Republican convention will be almost unanimously for Senator Sherman. The South is progressing.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

If bromine and water is a safe shield and buffet against the intolerable smells which bombard the nostrils of the town from the electrical subway trenches, those putrid pits can't too soon be made to run with bromine and water. Cologne, in its most malodorous moments, was a pouncet box compared to New York city at present.—N. Y. Sun.

The pressing need of this section now is slack-water navigation, and this matter should be pressed on Congress at this coming session. The Ohio River is not to be classed among the trout streams which receive attention in the annual river and harbor bill. It stands on its own merits, and should receive separate consideration, as does the Mississippi.—Steubenville Herald.

THE GALLANT 104TH.

NOW HOLDING ITS ANNUAL REUNION.

The Effect of the Weather—Lawrence Township Pie—A Glorious Spread—How the Akron Fellows Got In—The Proceedings—In the Evening.

CANAL FULTON, Aug 17.

The town is, or rather was, elaborately decorated in honor of the presence of the surviving members of the 104th O V. I., but the rain has inconsiderately mingled the gay colors, soddened the festoons of green, and even removed the pleasant crackle from the shell of the festive peanut. Crowds of people are bunched up on the sidewalks and are having a first rate time, despite the disagreeable weather. Probably the recollections of the bountiful dinner served by the ladies of Lawrence township has much to do with their equanimity.

"Did you get any custard pie?" was the first remark that assailed the writer when he reached Fulton. He was forced to confess that he had not. Then the speaker launched into a glowing rhapsody upon the merits of the pies, and cakes, and chickens, and biscuits, and everything that is palatable, which had been set forth to promote good feeling and the size of doctors' bills. Eight hundred people sat down to this feast, and the fragments would feed twice as many more. The excellence of this dinner is to an extent attributable to the generous rivalry that exists between the people living on the east and west sides of the river. The contract with the committee of arrangements was that the people on one side of the Tuscarawas should supply the tables the first day, and those on the on the other side the second. The consequence is, each side has done its best, and the visitors are reaping the benefit.

One of the humorous incidents of the day was the arrival of thirty-two people from Akron, in spring wagons. They started yesterday, full of life and hope, in the wheezy little steamboat hailing from the port of Massillon. They sailed merrily o'er the sewer-like deep until about midway between Akron and Fulton. Then there was a shiver, and the boat stood still. The little craft refused to go further, and no amount of coaxing could make it. No one knows now what the matter was. One of the gallant veterans waded to shore and pulled the boat in so that the rest effected a landing. They all walked to New Portage, took the train to Clinton, and then drove to Fulton.

At 11 o'clock a long procession was formed, in which one hundred and sixteen surviving members of the 104th were prominent. The Canal Fulton G. A. P. Band, the Manchester band, and a big drum corps furnished the music. After proceeding to a grove opposite the pretty new public school, Captain W. G. Myers, of Fulton, delivered the address of welcome, which was responded to by Major L. D. Woodworth, of Youngstown. His eloquent speech is the talk of the town. The major is a great favorite with the regiment, and is now a prominent Youngstown attorney. He served in the army with distinction, and was at one time a member of congress. He will be remembered in Massillon as the orator who delivered a fine Decoration day speech years ago. His speech was followed by a selection by a sextette, led by C. P. Reinoehl. The Rev. D. W. Sprinkle responded to the toast, "The Volunteer Soldier." This, too, was warmly received. Captain Watts, of Mississippi, was expected to answer to "The Southern Soldier," but was unable to be present, to the great disappointment of all. The Rev. Mr. Bonnell of Manchester propitiated the favor of the ladies by his gallant response to the toast. Other pleasurable minor exercises consumed the rest of the allotted time. Many comrades made brief remarks, and then came the love feast.

In the evening the visiting bands joined forces and raised a volume of sound that made the heavens and earth tremble. Afterwards the Rev. D. W. Sprinkle delivered an entertaining lecture upon Andersonville in the opera house.

ELTON.

Pay-day Saturday at the Elm Run mine.

Mr. William Masters will teach at the McFarren's, this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob McFarren are visiting friends in Shreve.

Rev. Roff and family are making pastoral visits in the neighborhood.

There will be an interesting Bible meeting at McFarren's church Sunday night.

Miss Eva Reefy, daughter of the editor of the Elyria Constitution, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Burkholder.

The body of Daniel Strauser, who formerly resided on the farm now occupied by Squire Oberlin, was brought from the west, and Sunday afternoon was placed beside that of his wife, in the graveyard at Stands'.

Far be it from the faithful chronicler to intentionally omit so rare an event as a marriage in Elton. Mr. William Bidle and Miss Lizzie Shoe were married on the 8th of August, at the residence of George Wilhelm, J. P. The small boys and the large boys gave them a chivari in the evening.

EAST GREENVILLE.

Mrs. M. Conner, of Cleveland, is visiting her mother Mrs. Madder.

Several Navarreites are moving here.

Mr. F. Speck is prospecting for coal at W. Ackerman's.

Work will be commenced on the Anderson shaft next week.

The East Greenville singing society have recently purchased a new song book entitled, the Sentinel.

GROVE CITY.

Miss Sadie Perry, of Massillon, visited Miss George, Sunday.

Miss Minnie Wensel, spent Saturday and Sunday, with friends at this place.

Mr Daniel Myers, of California, formerly of this township, is spending a few months with friends here.

Miss Frances George has returned to Massillon after a few weeks visit at home with her parents.

The festival Saturday night was a great success. Seventy dollars were cleared.

NAVARRE.

Christ Baatz, of your city, came down Saturday to visit friends.

Ora Barnett is home from Canton, on the sick list.

Leonard Sheiffele, of this place, spent Sunday at Strausburg.

F. M. Corl took in the excursion to Detroit, Sunday,

Ben Tagg left on Monday for Bellevue, O.

Mr. Walter Wyandt, of Wilmot, is the guest of Dr. A. H. Gans, of this place.

Miss Jennie Wilhelm, of Justus, visited the past few days with Miss Lizzie Corl.

Miss Etta Jones, of Paul's Station, visited with Mr. Hugh Merriman the past few days.

Mr. Frank Hanson, of Canal Dover, spent the past week with Navarre friends.

Mrs. William Shaffer, of Medina, and son Arthur, are visiting with friends and relatives at this place.

The concert given by Rev. O. W. Slusser at this place Saturday evening was a grand success.

Miss Nora Tagg, of Doylestown, is visiting with her brother, Ben Tagg, at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hoffman, of Justus, came over to attend the concert Saturday evening.

CHAPMAN.

Miss Emma Archibald is spending a few days with relatives in Cleveland.

Prof. Geo. W. Leahy, of Marshalville visited his sister, Mrs. P. H. Larkin, last Sunday.

The semi-monthly pay goes into effect next Saturday, and it is hoped that all will whack up.

John Sadler and family, brother-in-law of Thomas Masters and Richard Powell, landed on the hill last Monday, fresh from old England, and intends to make Chapman his future home.

The Republican primary passed off quietly last Saturday with a light vote. Wm. M. Hardgrove was elected Judicial delegate and Wm. Findley Senatorial delegate.

Our Sunday school excursion to Chippewa lake last Thursday was all that the most sanguine could expect. The party consisted of about 250, and all seemed to enjoy themselves; not even a jar occurred to mar the pleasure of the day.

The ninth annual picnic of the K. of L. will be held at this place on Saturday and the committee in charge are making all the necessary preparations to have this picnic excel all former efforts. As there is some grievance existing between the K. of L. and the National Federation, and as G. M. W. Powderly is giving this matter his attention, the committee insisted upon him to come here and show up the merits of the K. of L., and we are glad to say he has signified his willingness to be here on Saturday, and all those who may attend will have an opportunity of hearing one of greatest labor leaders America ever produced. It is expected that President McBride will be present to show up the merits of the National Federation.

Sporting Notes.

Detroit club has a surplus of $20,000 over expenses thus far.

It is claimed that in the event of Jake Kilrain whipping Jem Smith, Americans will bring home a cool million.

Jack Bates, of Youngstown, knocked out Fred. Painter, of Homestead, Tuesday, in seven hard fought rounds. The mill took place at Sunbank, on the Castle Shannon railroad. About thirty of the select were present.

At the Hamilton county, Ohio, fair Tuesday eight horses were entered in the three minute trot, best three in five heats. Four prizes were offered. The first, $100, was won by Gautier; the second, $50, by Highland Boy; the third, $30, by George L., and the fourth, $20, by Galvani.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 18.—This was the eighth extra day. Weather pleasant, track fast and attendance large. First race, purse $300, five furlongs: Mattie Louraim first, Balance second, Jack Cocks third. Time 1:04 1-2. Hamilton rode the winner. Odds 7 to 2. They were at post one hour.

Second race, sweepstakes, one and one-eighth of a mile: Grisette first, Nettie second, Binnette third. Time 1:57 1:2. West rode the winner. Odds 1 to 2 against Grisette.

Third race, three-fourths of a mile: Santa Rita first, Dudley Oaks second, Harry Glenn third. Time 1:16 1-2. Odds 2 to 1. Winchell rode the winner.

Fourth race, one mile, selling: Unique first, Warrington second, Chickahominy third. Time 1:45. West rode the winner. Odds 2 to 1.

UNITED LABOR CONVENTION.

The Disturbance Which the Socialists are Raising in New York.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The morning trains from all directions brought delegates to the United Labor convention. The arrivals up to 9 a. m. were not as large as had been expected, less than one hundred coming from New York and Kings county. The state executive committee held a meeting at 9 o'clock, and received the credentials of about 250 delegates and alternates. The Socialistic contesting delegations from New York were given tickets of admission to the hall with the others. At 10 a. m. the committee went into executive session and began to prepare the list of delegates.

It was nearly 2 o'clock when the convention was called to order by Jeremiah Murphy, of New York. Rev. Dr. McGlynn and Henry George entered together, and were loudly applauded. There were 600 spectators, many of whom joined in the applause. About two hundred delegates were seated in the hall when the convention was called to order. Chairman Murphy called on Augustus Levy, the secretary of the state committee to read the call for the convention. The calling of the roll followed, and when the names of Dr. McGlynn and Mr. George were mentioned there was more applause. By this time it was pretty well understood that the committee on credentials, with whom it left the power to decide the admission of the protesting Socialistic delegation, will oppose granting them seats in the convention.

Henry George Denounced.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Lawrence Gronlund, the Socialist leader, has issued a pamphlet for distribution at the Syracuse United Labor party convention to-day, entitled "Socialism vs. Tax Reform; an Answer to Henry George." It contains thirty-four closely printed pages, and will be used as a campaign document by the Socialists. It is divided into five parts: First, "Henry George, the Exploiter;" second, "Land in its Relation to Capital;" third, the "Wage System and Land Tax;" fourth, "Individualism and Freedom;" fifth, "Keep the Party on the Track." The first four sections contain a vigorous attack on George and criticises articles of his, published in the Standard.

Peculiar Distressing Death.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 18.—Information comes from Biloxi, Miss., that Mrs. Lillie D. Murray, wife of Dr. R. D. Murray, of the United States marine hospital service at the quarantine station at Ship Island, died yesterday evening of peritonitas. She leaves five children. As no intercourse is permitted between the quarantine station and the mainland Dr. Murray and his family are isolated from their relatives, which renders this calamity peculiarly distressing. There are no ladies on the island, and no clergyman could be obtained to administer the consolation of religion. The body was embalmed, and will be kept in a building on the island until quarantine restrictions are raised after frost falls, when it will be sent north for burial.

Oldest Flour Mill in Ohio Destroyed.

MARIETTA, O., Aug. 18.—Harmar, near here, was visited this morning by incendiaries, who fired the extensive flouring mill of A. Dircks & Co., J. L. Styne, of Pittsburg, and C. W. Jenney, of this city, being Dirck's partners. The fire occurred at 2 o'clock, and consumed the mill and contents, including 1,000 bushels of wheat. In 1883 the mill was equipped with a full roller process, being the second in the state to introduce the system. The loss is $20,000; insurance $12,000. The C., W. & B. railroad bridge, close by, was seriously damaged. The fire department could do nothing but save other property. The mill was doing an extensive business, and will be a great loss to this section, being one of the oldest in the state.

LOST.

SHAWL—On Wednesday evening, August 2, on the Akron road between Turkeyfoot Lake and the High Mill, a Paisley shawl with red center. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Hookway & Foltz's clothing store, Massillon.

Notice of Attachment.

Alexander Martin, P'ff, vs. T. C. Royer, De'ft. } Before Thomas Blackburn, J. P. of Perry, Tp., Stark County, Ohio.

On the first day of August, 1887, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of five dollars debt and costs.
Massillon, Ohio, August 8, 1887. 9-3w

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway Company, held on the 24th day of June, 1887, at the company's office in New York City, it was unanimously

Resolved, By the president and directors, that a special meeting of the stockholders of the company be held at the offices of the company, in Toledo, Lucas county, Ohio, on the 15th day of August, 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the following purposes:

1st.—To consider the question of a change of termini, and of building an extension of said road from Bowerstown, in the county of Harrison, one of the present termini of said road, to the limits of the city of Wheeling, in Pease township, Belmont county, Ohio.

2d.—To consider the question of increasing the capital stock of this company by issuing additional common stock to the amount of $3,500,000, for the purpose of paying for the construction of the said extension of the line of this company from Bowerstown to the city of Wheeling, and to provide additional rolling stock, machinery, depots and other fixtures necessary therefor.

3d.—After said increase of capital stock, to consider the question of issuing bonds of this company and securing the payment of the same by the execution of a mortgage on the property of the company or such parts thereof, and in such form as the share holders may determine or direct—the said bonds to be used in paying for the construction and equipment of the said extension of the road of this company, from Bowerstown to the city of Wheeling.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1887.
GEORGE J. FORREST, President.
EDWARD B. ALLEN, Secretary.

Assignee's Sale.

In pursuance of the order of Probate Court of Stark county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction, on Saturday, the 3d day of September, A. D. 1887, at one o'clock p. m., on the premises, the following described real estate, situate in the city of Massillon, county of Stark, and State of Ohio, and being a part of fractional section number seven (7), of township ten (10), and range nine (9), bounded as follows: Beginning at a post at the south-east corner of a lot formerly owned by Sylvanus Hathaway, known as the stone quarry lot, and running thence east twenty-seven (27) perches to a post; thence N. 28½° E. twenty (20) perches to a post near what was formerly Isaac Taylor's mill race; thence N. 51½° W. seventeen (17) perches; thence N. 75½° W. fourteen (14) perches; thence N. 38° W. fifteen (15) perches; thence west twelve and one-half (12½) perches; thence south with land formerly owned by A. Smith eighteen (18) perches; thence east twelve and one-half (12½) perches; thence south twenty-three and one-half (23½) perches to the place of beginning, containing seven acres of land more or less, and being the same premises conveyed by Sheriff Altekruse to John Jacobs by deed dated October 20, A. D. 1880.

Appraised at $8,000. Terms cash on day of sale.
E. W. MCCAUGHEY,
Assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Leonard Bammerlin.
August 3, 1887. 7-5w

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Frederick Grossweiler, late of Stark county, O., deceased.

Dated the 23d day of July, 1887.
LUDWICK SCHWORM,
6 Administrator with the will annexed.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

The popularity of horseback riding is on the wane, locally speaking.

The Canton natural gas company has reached the end of its financial string.

Columbus 9 Canton 2. That was the score made at Columbus on Sunday.

Nimishillen's delegates to the Senatorial convention will go uninstructed.

Thieves cracked a Wooster groceryman's safe last night and secured $200.

For the first time in its history every department of the Aultman, Miller & Co. works, in Akron, are closed.

Massillon eats 2,400 watermelons every week. So says the wholesale dealer who supplies the town.

Stark count produces more dairy butter than any other county in the state—Orrville Crescent.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Brown and Hon. A. Pease left Tuesday evening on a trip to Mackinac.

The INDEPENDENT desires good correspondents in every township in Stark county, and some in other counties.

Mr. M. Burns has transferred his services from the Massillon Water Company to Knapp & Dillon.

Annual encampment of the Eighth Regiment, O. N. G., at Galion, O., one week, beginning August 23d, 1887.

Pittsburgh parties have leased the Sterling glass works with the intention of operating them.—Orrville Crescent.

The shaft in the Musser coal mine near Doylestown was destroyed by fire last week.—Orrville Crescent.

The race between Commodore Dick Powell's horse and Joseph Grapewine's steed will take place Monday, August 22.

It now seems probable that Dr. Vincent will be induced to accept the vacant presidency at Mt. Union.—Alliance Review.

Jacob Files paid the costs and departed from Mayor's office Monday morning, having pleaded guilty to disturbing the peace.

Little George Ewan fell from a fence Saturday morning, on the West side, and brok his arm. The surgeon pronounces it a very bad case.

Russell & Co. have a new driven well one hundred and seventy feet deep, from which a constant stream of absolutely pure water flows.

Mr. R. H. Slusser, of the Erie Express Company, left Wednesday for a visit to Toledo, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Albany and New York city.

Marshal Bellington Booth and wife, of the Salvation Army, will be here next week. Mrs. Booth was formerly Miss Charlesworth.

A corps of engineers passed through Scio yesterday, driving anew the stakes on the line of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad.—Scio Herald.

Sippo Lodge will confer the third degree on Monday night. Eureka Encampment will confer the second degree on Friday night.

Mr. W. F. Breed's bicycle wheel buckled while he was coming down North street Monday afternoon. The wheel struck his back and injured his spine so that he is confined to the house.

Miss Martha Snyder returned to her home in Massillon, O., after two weeks' visit among relatives and friends at this place.—New Philadelphia Standard.

One of the largest of recent funeral processions in this city followed the remains of Miss Clara Bergh to the cemetery Saturday. She died at the age of eighteen.

J. A. Beidler, of the new telegraph company is in Canton, and wants the business people of that town to take three thousand dollars' worth of stock in the corporation.

A disgraceful fight took place yesterday afternoon in a Main street saloon, to which a constable was a witness. No attempt was made to arrest either of the combatants, by the officer.

Sage's Grove is the prettiest spot on Lake Erie. The Knight's of Pythias will manage the only excursion to that place this year.

Prof. Oscar Puegner, the talented leader of the Harmonia band, and formerly a member of many of the most famous military bands of Germany, is prepared to give instruction upon the violin, clarionet, cornet and all brass instruments.

At a special meeting of Hart Post, G. A.R., held Friday night it was decided to hold the annual picnic at Camp Chippewa. The time has not been definitely set, but will probably be about the middle of September. An elaborate programme is being prepared for this event.

The Knights of Pythias decided Friday night to held their fifth annual excurcursion at Sage's Grove, on Lake Erie, near Huron. This is the prettiest spot on the whole shore of the great lakes, as those will find out who go with the party, which will leave on Wednesday, August 24.

A Canton gentleman says that the Canton Street Railway Company and Lakeside Street Railway Company have received an offer from a company that wants to buy their lines, extend the Lakeside lines to Massillon and use electricity in the way that Mansfield does.—Canton Repository.

The Camp Creek coal company has increased its capital stock from ten to thirty thousand dollars.

Miss Jennie Fellows, of Springfield, O., is in the city renewing the many acquaintances of her old home, which she left several years ago with her parents.

Sneak thieves entered the East Tremont street residence of William Rohr on Sunday and took a gold watch and revolver. No clue.

Mr. Irving A. Yost, of the printing department of The Independent Company, in company with Mr. Charles Hamill, left Monday evening for a short, but well deserved vacation at Chautauqua.

A number of veterans met in Lutz & Graze's grocery store last night, but were unable to decide whether or not to march to Wheeling. The movers of the enterprise do not now feel so sanguine of its success.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kettl went to Hollidaysburg, Pa., to attend the reading of the first mass by Mr. Kettl's brother, which event took place last Sunday. They expect to remain there for a week. The newly ordained young gentleman will be stationed in Pittsburg.

A washout on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling took place last night near Strawsburg. A number of empty coal cars were ditched, but the damage will not be great. The morning express train could not get through, and the passengers had to be transferred.

"A house crowded to the doors greeted Mr. Love and his excellent company last evening. "True as Steel," the best comedy drama seen in a long time, was the play presented. Mr. Love is a powerful and finished actor."—Lancaster (Penn.) Gazette, May 21.

East Aurora, a little New York village is soon to have a corner on triplets. Out of the goodness of his heart, the President, in his recent visit, gave to the fair association ten dollars, to be given as a prize for the first set of triplets, and the association is advertising it all over the State.

Lizzie Simmons asserts in a petition in court that she was married to Willis W. Simmons at Massillon in April, 1883, but that he has been wilfully absent from her for over three years. She wants a divorce, the custody of her children and alimony.—Canton Repository.

The U. B. church and Sunday school will go on their annual picnic excursion to Chippewa Lake on Friday, August 19. All who can go are cordially invited. The train will leave the C. L. & W. R. R. depot at 6:10 a m., standard time. Fare for round trip, adults 50 cents, children 25 cents.

Mrs. George W. Bowman is pleased to have all of he children at home, after an absence of several years, some living in Clarksburg, W. Va., Washington, D. C., Springfield, O., and Cleveland. All are spending a two weeks' vacation on their beautiful farm.

The Meyers heirs of Canton made a donation of land to a manufacturing concern on the verbal agreement of the council to make certain improvements when required. The time for the improvements has now come, but the city refuses to stand by its contract, and such words as "dishonorable" are flying thick and fast.

A horse attached to a carriage containing Mrs. Christian Wefler and a child, ran away in Tuscarawas township Saturday morning. Mrs. Wefler was thrown out, and badly though not seriously hurt. She was covered with bruises, and was bleeding when picked up. The child was uninjured.

Millersburg has a new gas well that sends forth a blaze fifteen feet high. The Republican closes a whole column of triple leaded enthusiasm in this way: "Other wells will go down soon, and before long the whole country will be lit up by the fires of industry. These old hills will yet pour forth their great wealth into the laps of our happy and prosperous citizens. Speed the day."

The old barn recently destroyed by fire on the Bender farm was about the last relic of the days when the noble red man roamed through the forests of Stark county. It once served as a block house in which the settlers would gather in time of danger, and it served its purpose well. Up to the time of its destruction the places could be seen, which were cut for port holes.

Ohio Church Choir Company will give one of their unique and refined grand concerts at Bucher's opera house, Wednesday evening, Sept. 7th, 1887. This company comes to Massillon strongly endorsed both as to character and ability, giving a program of piano, violin and vocal music, both popular and classical, and pleasantly varied with a high order of funny and humorous recitations by Ohio's favorite, Will A. Baldwin. All lovers of high musical art go and hear them.

The annual encampment of the Eighth Regiment, O. N. G., will be held within the limits of the city of Galion, O., one week, commencing August 23d, 1887. The grounds are beautifully situated within the city limits, and the citizens will spare no efforts to extend a royal welcome to the "brave boys in blue" and all visitors. Governor J. B. Foraker and other notables will be present. Excursion rates will be run all railroads. The famous Wooster City Guards will positively be in camp during the entire week.

PERSONALITIES

And the Matters Which Agitate the Society World.

Mr. Lewis Everhard is in town on business.

Mrs. Mary Hunt has returned from Cuyahoga Falls.

Ed Pille has returned after his vacation.

Mrs. B. McCue has returned from Magnetic Springs.

Mr. J. W. Warwick, of Cleveland, is in the city.

Mr. George F. Downey, of Navarre, has moved to Massillon.

Miss Emma Daum, of Canton, is the guest of her friend Miss Emma Albrecht.

The Hon. S. A. Conrad and family have returned from Turkeyfoot lake.

Mrs. C. A. Gates has gone to Pontiac, Mich.

Frank J. Shively, of Canton, is in the city.

Master Gray Porter, of Wooster, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Justus.

Ed Zintsmaster, of Navarre, is the new clerk in J. D. Frank's shoe store.

Miss Lillian Kaley has gone to Pleasant Lake, Indiana, to visit friends.

Mr. J. Dean has gone to Shreve, Ohio, called there by the sickness of his father.

Captain and Mrs. S. M. Knapp celebrated their silver wedding Sunday.

Mrs. Mary A. Stover and Miss Frank Stover are visiting friends in Canton.

Miss Eva Johnson, of Wooster, is the guest of Mrs. George W. Bowman and family.

Mr. John C. Lowe has taken the popular summer tourists' route up the great lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bradley, of Kent, Ohio, the parents of Mrs. A. A. Hallock, are visiting in this city.

The Rev. E. J. Collins, formerly of this city, has moved from Wichita to Mt. Hope, Kansas.

Miss Kittie Colgan, of Dunkirk, N. J., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Conlon, on Mill and South streets.

Miss Belle Van Gorden entertained a number of friends, at the residence of Mr. Ira W. Dean, yesterday evening.

Mr. H. C. Ellison, cashier of the Ohio National Bank of Cleveland, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Vincent.

Mrs. Rev. W. B. Watkins, of Beaver, Pa., accompanied by her daughter, has been visiting Mrs. R. J. Mills this week.

Miss Dessie Graybill, of Massillon, is visiting her cousin, Miss Frankie Rogers of Middlebury street.—Akron Beacon.

Miss Mame Merwin has returned from Lakeside, where she spent the greater part of her vacation.

Miss Daisy Roof left Monday for a visit of several weeks with relatives in Cleveland.

Miss Ida Hess expects to make a prolonged visit with relatives in Michigan and Wisconsin.

Mr. Tobias Schott is again at his post at Humberger's, having returned yesterday from his vacation trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gates, of Massillon, and W. N. Gates, of Cleveland, Sundayed in Elyria.—Elyria Telephone.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Minich started last Monday for a trip to Cleveland and Grand Rapids to visit friends and relatives.

Miss Allie Hackett, of Olathe, Kan., and Miss Julia Thompson, of Akron, O., are the guests of Miss Julia Hackett, on Tremont street.

The Misses Edith and Meriam Gallagher, of Cleveland, are visiting this week with their aunt, Mrs. R. W. McCaughey, on Oak street.

Messrs. H. C. Dielhenn, Warren Jacobs and J. H. Hunt have gone to the State dam, near Zanesville, for a week's fishing.

F. L. Hemperly and J. W. Hann visited Harry Rider at his home in Navarre last Sunday. They found him confined to his bed, but is improving slowly.

Mr. and Mrs John Saddler, of England, have arrived in this country, and intend making Massillon their home. Mrs. Saddler is a sister of Commodore Dick Powell.

James Murther, a miner, while under the influence of liquor, was hit by a coal train on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad last night, near Navarre. His head is cut in several places and his recovery is doubtful.

The State Board of Health makes the following announcement this week: "Diarrheal diseases slightly decreasing. Typhoid fever increasing in prevalence. New cases of diphtheria reported at Five Miles, Bloom Centre, Cincinnati, Whetstone, Morrow, Carroll, Dover, Columbus and Shreve; scarlet fever at Malta, Cincinnati, Spencerville, Sandusky and Paulding.

If the Alliance saloonists feel that they must continue the traffic, to make a living without work, we take pleasure in informing them that there are plenty of towns which want saloons, and where they will receive a hearty welcome. In Canton, for instance, saloon keepers are quite respectable citizens, for anything we know to the contrary, and in Salem the people by a majority vote have invited them to come. Would not emigrating to one or the other of these towns be better than staying here as outlaws?—Alliance Review.

The Death of William Smith.

William Smith died at his home in Jackson township, near Massillon, Monday morning, at the age of eighty-six. The funeral will take place to-morrow, from the residence, at 7 o'clock. The burial will be at Mudbrook. Mr. Smith was well known and respected in Massillon, having been prominently identified with the Presbyterian church.

An Old Resident Gone.

The funeral of Daniel Strauser took place Saturday afternoon at Stands' church, in Tuscarawas township, he having died in Green county, Indiana, on August 11. He was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, in 1812, and moved to Tuscarawas township in 1837. There he remained until last year, when he went to Indiana to make his home with relatives.

Fast Time.

The Harmonia band, with several hundred friends, left on the W. & L. E. for Toledo Wednesday morning, expecting to sail from Toledo to Presque Isle. Engineer John Connelly had charge of the locomotive, and the time made was better than any yet recorded. The distance is one hundred and thirty miles, and the regular running time is five hours. The special train consisted of six coaches, and including eight stops arrived at Toledo in three hours and fifty minutes.

The Death of James F. Paul.

A telegram was received at noon today by Russell & Co., which announced the death of James F. Paul, on board the boat at Marquette, Mich. The body will not reach Massillon before Sunday. He had left Bayfield, with his wife, hoping to get home to die, but his strength failed him, and the end came almost before the journey had commenced.

Mr. Paul came to Massillon seven ago from Sunbury, Pa., and entered the employ of Russell & Company as stenographer. He was an expert in his profession, and quickly won the esteem, not only of the firm, but of all with whom he came in contact. Some time before he was taken sick his appearance excited the apprehension of friends, but he persisted in continuing at his desk, until compelled to leave. After weeks of confinement he regained sufficient strength to go up the lakes, where the hopes for his recovery of all followed him. Not long after his departure, came the news o relapse. Quick consumption had developed, and his death soon followed.

Mr. Paul was young in years, strong in friends, and will be missed, missed always, in business and in social circles.

THE SENATORIAL SITUATION.

Dr. E. C. Ross Apparently in the Lead.

Dr. E. C. Ross, of Malvern, Carrol county, was in the city Sunday, looking after his prospects as a candidate for the State Senatorship. With some reason he feels that they are very good, and he is tolerably certain of a nomination on the first ballot.

There will be 75 delegates to the convention from Stark county, and 23 from Carroll, making it necessary to have 50 to nominate. Dr. Ross has Carroll county pledged to himself, and from the returns received by the INDEPENDENT on Monday, he will have 12 from Alliance and two each from Minerva and Waynesburg, making a total of 39 pledged. The probabilities are that others are similarly bound, and his chances with the uninstructed are as good as anybody's. Mr. T. C. Snyder will have the Canton delegation, and a part of the Massillon delegation, but he has not been active enough to positively secure as many as his competitor. A dark horse may upset all the figures.

THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

Later Returns Do Not Change The Result.

At 3 o'clock Monday afternoon the INDEPENDENT had received returns direct from the greater part of the county, including all the larger centers. The totals for representatives now are: G. W. Wilhelm 1014, Jacob Grossman 821, R. E. Wilson 519, Edward Landon 149. For commissioner, J. W. Wearstler 904, S. P. Wilson 457.

Real Estate Transfers

Filed at recorder's office since Aug. 16, 1877. Reported by H. H. Trump, abstracter of titles.

John Koontz to G. E. Fietemeyer lot in Massillon, $1,600.

James Allman to M. C. Buchman, 59 acres in Bethlehem Tp., $4,650.

F. E. Case, Assignee, to J. H. Browning, 194 a. Canton Tp, $4,356.

J J Kline to P Miesemer 1 a. in Jackson Tp, $750.

J S Housel to Melville Watson No. 3,905, Canton, $600.

Sam E Silers to E J McCauley No 3,894, Canton, $800.

John Entzly et al to C Seufter, land in Paris Tp, $2,000.

P G Williams to J J Grant, No. 1,732 Canton. $1,350.

Leut Kuhlman to Isaac Kuhlman N. ½ 3,028, Canton, $270.

John Franks, Adm., to F Pfeffer 180.28 a. in Lake Tp, $13,518.

H H Shanafelt to George Wheely, No. 4,036, Canton, $635.

B Kramer to A Seaholm, No. 537, Canton, $1,350.

COMING TO MASSILLON!

THE GREEN GLASS BLOWERS OF THE UNITED STATES

Will Hold Their Next Convention in This City.

At the national convention of green glass blowers held in Huntingdon, Pa., thanks to the energy of Mr. Joseph Grapewine, a delegate from the Massillon Assembly, the convention was induced to pass over invitations from St. Louis, Cincinnati and other large places, and accept the one from this place. It will come to order the second Monday in July, 1888, and continue its sessions during the entire week. Probably three hundred representatives will be here, from all parts of the United States and Canada.

At Huntingdon the Rev. James Curns delivered an address of welcome, which contains so much that is interesting that the greater part of it is here reproduced:

Gentlemen of the convention: I have been appointed as the medium through which we, as citizens of this borough, extend to you an address of welcome. You come amongst us as the representatives of one of our rapidly growing interests of our rapidly developing country. Glass making as a trade, compared with many other trades, is comparatively ancient. Pliny accords the discovery of glass to some Phœnician mariners who having landed on the banks of a small stream in Palestine, "and finding no stones to rest their pots on, they placed under them some masses of nitrum (soda as is supposed,) which being fused by the heat with the sand of the river, produced a liquid and transparent stream." Glass making was practiced by the Egyptians at an early date. "Paintings on a tomb of Beni Hassan, supposed to date from the reign of Osortasen I, about 3,000 years B. C., represents Theban glass blowers at work with blow-pipes very similar to those used at the present day." It is very interesting to trace the history of your trade through the Egyptians, Phœnicians, Tyrians and Sidonians, the Greeks the Romans, the Venetians, the Bohemians, the French and the English, down to the early settlement of our own country.

Salmon's "Modern History" (London 1746) mentions glassworks commenced in Jamestown, Va., and the completion of which was interrupted by the Indian massacre of March 22, 1622.

In Howe's Historical Collections of Va., is a quotation from Smith, in which under date of 1615, it is said that "for a long time the labor of the colony has been misdirected by the manufacture of ashes, soap, glass and tar, in which they could by no means compete with Sweden and Russia." In Salem, Mass., in 1639-40, several acres of land known as the "Glasshouse Fields," were appropriated to Ananias Conklin and others, for the purpose of aiding them in the manufacture of glass, which was carried on for considerable time." From such small beginnings the trade has grown to an extent that is quite encouraging, especially in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Ohio. In 1870 there were 201 establishments employing 15,822 hands. Capital $14,111,642. Annual product $19,245,852. Thus, gentlemen, we see that you belong to an ancient, honorable and by no means small fraternity. We welcome you to our town, and hope that your brief stay with us may be pleasant and profitable. We shall endeavor to so impress you by our behavior toward you that when you leave us you will have a favorable opinion of us, and be glad to come again.

Legal Notice.

WILLIS W. SIMMONS, whose residence is unknown, is notified that Lizzie Simmons did on the 15th day of August, 1887, file her petition in the office of the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Stark and State of Ohio, charging the said Willis W. Simmons with willful absence for more than three years last past, and asking that she be divorced from the said Willis W. Simmons, which petition will stand for hearing at the next term of said court.

LIZZIE SIMMONS,
By R. A. Finn, her attorney.
Dated this 18th day of August, 1887. 9-6w

W. H. McCALL & CO.

DRUGGISTS

STATIONERY

--AND--

BLANK BOOKS.

Agents for the Juan F. Portuondo

CIGARS.

The Best in the Market.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT!

THIS TIME NEAR AT HOME.

A Pullman Car Leaves the Track. The Porter Killed and Several Passengers Hurt.

Special Dispatch to the Independent.

ALLIANCE, O., Aug. 18, 3:30 P. M.—Express train No. 8, on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., which reaches Alliance about 3 o'clock in the morning, had to leave for Pittsburg by way of Wellsville, on account of the wreck on the main line of the Ft. Wayne road. The limited extook the same route a few minutes before, and it is supposed that it loosened the rails.

A short distance from Alliance, while No. 8 was going around a curve, the rear Pullman car left the track, broke loose from the train and turned over on its side. The porter, Alonzo Warren, attempted to jump from a window, but only to be buried beneath the rolling car and killed. The Rev. J. L. McLoney, of Detroit, and Prof. Lawson, of Washington, are the only ones injured, beyond a severe shaking.

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless confused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw out the causes and tone up the digestive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co., New York City.

Sick Headache

"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspepsia. I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have found great relief. I cheerfully recommend it to all." MRS. E. F. ANNABLE, New Haven, Conn.

MRS. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass., was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick headache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

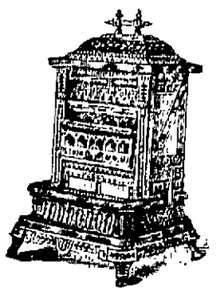
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

H. F. OEHLER'S

CashStore

HEADQUARTERS FOR



STOVES, RANGES,

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods.

Roofing & Spouting

Promptly attended to.

Booming Trade in Carpets at

RICKS'

Because we have just the

Nicest Assortment of STYLES.

Just think of it - Shilling a yard for carpet, up to the finest carpets.

All We Ask Is,

Come and see our goods, they tall for themselves.

OUR CURTAINS AND SCRIMS

Are very cheap at

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COLEMAN,

THE RELIABLE JEWELER,

HAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

OPTICAL GOODS,

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber Shell and Zylomite Frames.

WE CAN SUIT YOU.

Prices Lower than the Lowest.

Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, clocks, Gold Pens, Musical Instruments, Etc.

COLEMAN'S, 5 Erie Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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FARM AND GARDEN.

HOME MADE FRUIT DRYER ILLUSTRATED AND EXPLAINED.

Many Facts That Farmers Ought to Know—Flaxseed as a Food—Medicine for Pigs—Cow Mangers and Stalls of Novel Construction.

The cow manger represented in the first cut is the invention of a Wisconsin farmer and was described recently in a paper read before a Wisconsin farmers' institute; it was originally illustrated in The Prairie Farmer.

As will be seen by studying the cut, the idea is a somewhat novel one. In constructing the manger make a floor ten inches above the floor of the barn and two and a half feet wide. Make the front of the manger about five feet high with one foot upright boards placed twelve or fourteen inches apart.

This front should be two and one-half feet from the wall at the bottom and three and one-half feet at the top. Make the adjustable or inside rack so it will be a

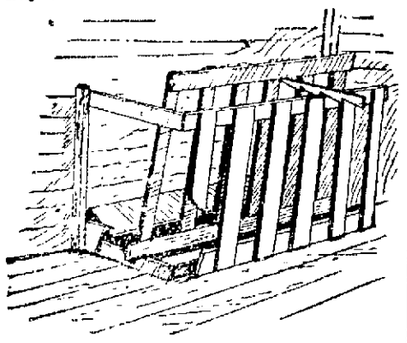

FIG. 1—COW MANGER.

little higher than the manger when set on the bottom. It should be set in notches at the bottom and remain loose at the top, so it can play back and forth. A notched board is hinged to the middle of this adjustable rack at the top, so as to catch on the top of the manger and hold it back when pressed against the hay. A slanting board is placed behind the bottom of the rack, which causes all chaffy material in the fodder to slide out in the feed box, where it is eaten, and not scattered under the animal's feet. Grain can be fed on the manger floor in front of the adjustable rack. In filling the rack with hay the notched board is lifted up, allowing the adjustable rack to fall forward. When filled this partition is pressed back firmly against the hay.

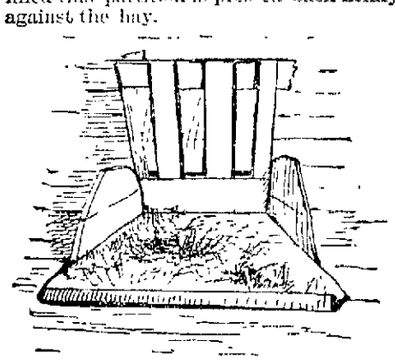

FIG. 2—COW MANGER.

The new style manger illustrated in the second cut is described in Prairie Farmer as follows: The manger should slope well back, and should have a feed box at the bottom. The floor should slope one inch in six feet, and should be divided into stalls three feet wide, or wider for large cows.

The novel feature in this is the pole in back part of the stall. It ought to be placed just far back enough so that the cow's hind feet are behind it while she is still or eating. This causes all droppings to fall behind the pole. When she wishes to lie down she will lower her head, step forward, and lie down in front of the pole, where she never becomes soiled with the manure. The stick or pole should be firmly fastened to the floor.

A Cheap Fruit Dryer.

The drying of fruits for market has grown into an important industry in many sections of the country and consequently there has been called into existence a large number of patent evaporators. The patent affairs are many of them quite perfect in their way, and afford a great convenience and saving of labor where large quantities of fruit are to be handled. Many farmers, however, dry only enough fruit for their own consumption, and can ill afford to purchase an evaporator for the purpose. This class of readers will be interested in the accompanying cut taken from The Florida Agriculturist. The evaporator illustrated is described as follows by a correspondent who has successfully tested it:

Take a large hogshead and cut a small door at the bottom through which to put fuel in the stove. Also cut a round hole in the head of the hogshead directly across from the door for the stovepipe to go up through, also a square one in front on this

HOME MADE EVAPORATOR.

above, sixteen or eighteen inches square, over which to set the oven. Now put your hogshead up with a small stove in it, as close to the house as is safe in case of fire and to save as much walking as possible. Carry your stovepipe up through the round hole and about a foot higher than the box or oven to be put on the top of the hogshead. For the oven take a dry goods or tree box and knock off one side, nail on some cleats for the fruit drawers and make a door for the front to fasten with a button or strap. The drawers should be light frames with slat or galvanized wire bottoms so that the air will have free circulation. Make a few auger holes in the top of the box to give ventilation and draft to the hot air. Set the oven over the hole in the head of the hogshead and nail it down, and your evaporator is completed with very little outlay.

With this or a similar home made contrivance may be saved much of the fruit that annually goes to waste on every farm. In it may be dried apples, peaches and all the small fruits.

How to Make Prize Butter.

L. P. Bailey, Barnesville, O., tells in Rural New Yorker how he made the butter that gained a prize at the dairy show. He says:

My cattle are all Jerseys. I fed corn meal and clover hay, and gave them the run of short, young blue grass pasture from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. I used the Cooley submerged process; cream was all raised and taken off in twelve hours and then stood twelve hours more to ripen, at the end of which time it was slightly acid. It was churned at a temperature of sixty-two degrees in a barrel churn. No coloring was used. The buttermilk was drawn off and the butter washed in the granular form till the water ran out clear. The butter was salted at the rate of one-half ounce to the pound in the granular form in the churn. It was then taken out and stood twelve hours in stone jars and was then put on a Skinner butter worker, and worked just enough to cause the granules to adhere well together. Then it was packed in ash tubs holding thirty pounds each. Ashton salt was used.

The Number of Sheep in the World.

The number of sheep in the world is estimated as follows, according to late statistics:

South America	100,000,000
Australasia, including New Zealand	77,000,000
Europe	212,000,000
Africa	25,000,000
Asia	50,000,000
United States	45,000,000
Canada	3,000,000
All other countries	5,000,000
Total	517,000,000

The average yield of wool in the United States is placed at about six pounds per head.

Flaxseed for Pigs.

Professor Stewart advocates flaxseed as a food medicine for pigs. Its oil is soothing to the stomach and intestines and it is also rich in food for muscle and bone. He tells in Country Gentleman how to use it. Boil the flaxseed in six times its bulk of water till it forms a jelly; now mix a little of this jelly with wheat bran and you have an excellent food for growing a pig. This is also good food for the brood sow, promoting her yield of milk. If used in this way, one pound of boiled flaxseed is mixed with ten pounds of bran. Pigs very soon get a liking for the taste of flaxseed.

Convention of Nurserymen.

At the late annual meeting of the American Association of Nurserymen, Florists and Seedmen, in Chicago, the name of the association was changed to American Nurserymen's association. The next meeting will be held at Detroit, Mich., in June, 1888. The following officers were elected: President, C. L. Watrous, Des Moines, Ia; vice president, L. G. Bragg, Kalamazoo, Mich.; secretary, D. W. Scott, Galena, Ills.; treasurer, A. R. Whitney, Franklin Grove, Ills.

Public Lands.

According to a recent estimate, there still remain unsurveyed 9,000,000 acres of public lands in Colorado, 12,000,000 in Arizona, nearly 30,000,000 in California, 49,000,000 in Dakota, 7,000,000 in Florida, 44,000,000 in Idaho, 7,000,000 in Montana, 41,000,000 in Utah and more than 20,000,000 in Washington Territory, aggregating 322,000,000 in the states and territories mentioned.

Facts Farmers Ought to Know.

Marketing the produce of the farm is half the battle.

Botanists include in the grass family barley, wheat, oats, corn, rice, timothy, redtop, blue grass, sugar cane, sorghum, etc. Clover, the most valuable of forage plants, is not a grass, but a legume.

It is stated by one who claims to know that the farmers in the northwest who are making money are by no means confined to the "bonanza class." There are many instances in which a few acres, well tilled, give far better results than a larger farm receiving less attention and care.

An earthen floor is the best for poultry houses.

It is a great mistake to overlook the neighboring home market and trust to the large towns only.

It is poor policy to use green ash tubs to pack butter in.

More attention than heretofore is being paid the clover crop in the southern states.

Good heavy farm horses sell well.

More cheese is being made this season than last year.

Ammonia is considered the best of all remedies for bee stings by Professor A. J. Cook.

Morning in Mexico City.

An early morning start brings us first to the flower market. Whole families seated about are busily engaged in arranging flowers of rare beauty and fragrance. Dark-eyed girls, with their olive complexions and brilliant eyes of jet, their white teeth, beautiful hair in long braids or clusters, over well rounded shoulders, with skirts gathered short to the most exalted waist, nimbly ply their delicate fingers so rapidly that they weave bouquets as it were by magic, the roses, the lilies and the long leaves dropping into their laps and forming garlands and wreaths of endless variety. Then to the market square, near the palace, where a jabbering throng of lazy men and loosely dressed women, with robust voices, implore you to purchase almost every article of human necessity, including fruits and vegetables.

Water carriers, with their earthen jars slung over their heads, are passing to and fro, delivering the morning supply of water from house to house. The little burro, that tiny quadruped so necessary to Mexicans, hardly yet awake, is pushed along by his master. The little fellows, in groups of a dozen or more, are loaded down with everything from a chicken to a stove. The slightest laxity on the part of his master and he stops short to nibble at the nearest thing at hand, be it an old shoe or a tin can. The question was once asked, "Can a burro driver be a Christian?" the answer being, "He might if he tried very hard, but he would have to give up driving burros."—Mexico Cor. New York Post.

Odd Forms of Cure.

At a famous water cure some odd forms of cure are whey, buttermilk and strawberry. Whey is prescribed for affections of the chest, buttermilk for certain diseases of the stomach and strawberries to purify the blood. The buttermilk and strawberries are favorite remedies.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The King of Hanover.

His majesty was very abstinent, as we have seen, and had great faith in nature's own processes of cure. Certain forms of indulgence he particularly hated. Tobacco he could not endure, and his dislike of it was such that his private secretary, Gen. Von During, who was a slave to the habit, as most military men in Germany are, was put to the most severe and laughable straits to indulge it and yet not to offend the king.

Half past 9 was the general's hour of morning attendance. Five minutes before that time four servants stood in the passage leading to the ante-room. One held an old horse soldier's cloak with a slit behind; one held a red hot shovel with a long handle like a warming pan; one held a decanter of water and a glass, and a bottle containing a colored liquid; and one was there to hold the papers and to take the pipe which the general smoked down the passage to the very last moment. No. 1 then covered the old secretary's shoulders with the threadbare and stained old cloak, which had gone through the Peninsular war and which was now buckled tight around the neck. No. 2 poured some incense into the hot shovel and inserted it between the general's legs through the slit behind. The process continued for a minute or two and the old man was nearly stifled but only impregnated. Then No. 3 from decanter in hand poured out a glass of water, of which the general took a hearty gulp, rinsed his mouth out and spat it on the carpeted floor; then he threw off his cloak, seized his papers and letters from No. 4 and rushed steaming into the king's presence as the various clocks struck the half hour.—Gentleman's Magazine.

Old Time Mint Machinery.

In former times coins were often cast—and indeed some of the most beautiful specimens of numismatic workmanship known, such as the medals of Giulio Romano, were so made. Striking from engraved dies has, however, been practiced from early times; most of the Greek and Roman coins, as well as those of India, were thus formed. The invention of the rolling mill and of the disk cutter, which seems to have been suggested by Leonardo da Vinci, who designed many of the mediæval coins, has served to perpetuate the method of striking. The impression of the dies was originally given by blows from a hammer, a method which continued to be used as late as 1662, owing to the prejudice of the "moneyers," who resisted the introduction of machinery for the purpose. The hammer was, however, gradually replaced by the screw press, and this machine, of much the same form as that used by Benvenuto Cellini, who made coins for Pope Clement VII, is figured in Akerman's plate of the coining room of the Tower, published in the early part of this century. Boulton, in 1790, first applied steam power to the press, and his screw press continued to be employed in the mint down to 1882, when the lever press of Uhlhorn was exclusively adopted.—Good Words.

Mexican Iridescent Ware.

At Patzcuaro we found by chance, for it was not displayed for sale, something that interested us more than anything else made in Mexico. This was a true iridescent ware. The specimens we obtained were small round and rectangular plates. The luster is the true Saracenic, Alhambra or Gubbio luster, the real iridescence, shimmering, shifting colors in changing lights, ruby, green, blue. Would it not be singular if this lost art were preserved in Mexico? The ware is rude. The makers of it have not the certainty of producing a particular color in a picture which distinguishes a Gubbio work, and it lacks the elegance and the glaze, the solidity and fineness, of the Alhambra tiles. But it is a genuine iridescence. The plates are exceedingly thin and brittle. The luster seems to be metallic, of copper, and the effect to be produced by subjecting the ware to an exceedingly high temperature, a firing so fierce that clay is apparently disintegrated, and has lost its ringing quality.—Charles Dudley Warner in Harper's Magazine.

Few Facilities for Bathing.

Statistics collected by Dr. Rhoe show that five-sixths of the inhabitants of all cities in this country have no facilities for bathing, except such as are afforded by a pail and a sponge, or an easily accessible river, lake, or some other body of water. The establishment of public baths is urgently recommended, both as a sanitary as well as a moral measure. Tub or pool baths are objectionable both on account of the expense and lack of privacy in the latter. The spray bath, in use in the French and German army barracks, are recommended. The cure not at all expensive, either in the first cost or the administration, and allow each bather absolute privacy, and the opportunity for a thorough cleansing in clean water. Public baths should be open the year round, and not only during the summer months.—Boston Herald.

A Sad and Gloomy Fate.

"There goes an ill-starred man," said a gentleman of the Morton house, "of the men of stretching an innocent witness of a murder in a tragedy may cure one through life. That's John Matthews. He was well known and everywhere liked comedian. He happened to be playing with Laura Keene at Washington when Booth murdered Lincoln at Ford's theatre. Matthews, always gentle and womanly in his temperament, received a nervous shock on that occasion from which he has never recovered. It is really painful to see the dreadful change in his appearance. He still has about him a sort of constrained pleasantry, but it is forced, and over a deep set melancholia over which his friends have no control. Like those who sat in the box on that fatal night, he seems to be 'doomed to a life of gloomy sad and gloomy fate.'"—New York Sun.

A Substitute for Whalebone.

A substitute for whalebone is being made of quills by a process described in this way: The quill is put through the stripping machine and stripped of its plumage; second, it is put through the splitting machine, which puts the quill in two lengthwise; third, it is put through a machine which takes out the pith, to be used as a fertilizer; fourth, it is run in a machine which cuts it into fine shreds; fifth, several of these shreds are wound together by a machine which makes a strong cord; sixth, four of these cords are sewed together by another machine which makes a flat featherbone and ready for use. It can be made in all colors, according to the color of the thread used.—Cleveland Leader.

When Girls Should Ride.

A well known riding master insists that girls should not be taught to ride until they are 10 years old, because they are weak in the spine when weak at all. But stout active boys can be put into the saddle as soon as they are large enough to hold on.—Harper's Bazar.

HURRY AND DISPATCH.

One of the Principal Causes of Poor and Inefficient Work—Examples.

Among the many causes of poor and inefficient work is the habit of hurry, which takes possession of some busy people. Having or imagining they have more to do in a given time than can be done properly, they grow confused, agitated and nervous; and, under this pressure, they proceed with the work in hand without the requisite deliberation and care, perhaps omitting parts of it—sometimes important parts—and producing at last an imperfect and inferior performance, which can neither be permanent nor satisfactory.

There is hardly any employment, from the simplest manual work to the most complex and difficult mental labor, that does not suffer from this cause. The dwelling house in process of building is to be finished at a certain time. With proper forethought and system it would have been done, but the time approaches and the work is still incomplete. The future occupants are impatient, the contractor is anxious, the workmen are driven, the work is hurried through, and annoyance, discomfort, and sometimes danger ensue, and repairs are soon found necessary. The business man undertakes more than he can manage, the days are not long enough for his needs, he is agitated by the constant pressure, driven by conflicting claims, his business suffers for the want of a clear and cool head, his health suffers from continual and unrelaxed exertion, his family suffers from his deterioration, and general disaster ensues.

The physician, with many other calls to make, hurries through the visit, neglecting some important symptom, and his patient dies: the lawyer hurries through his plea, and loses his case: the preacher hurries through the preparation of his sermon, and fails to make an impression; the artist hurries on his picture to completion, and his best conception is not there; the teacher hurries through a prescribed course of instruction, and the class is left destitute of the more important elements of knowledge. It is not too much to say that a large proportion of the unhappiness, the ignorance, the loss of property, and even the loss of life that is endured in the world is to be traced to the hurry and drive which characterize so much of the labor performed.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Interior of Venezuela.

The vast interior of this great land is almost unexplored. A good story is told of a certain inland river for whose purchase a large sum was offered by England and a larger demanded by Venezuela. Surveyors were sent out at great expense to ascertain the course of the stream. They came back and reported "there was no such river in existence." The bargain had to be suspended, while a new map was drawn. Amid the mountain ranges, upon mighty "llanos"—vast plains like our western prairies—there still reside remnants of the ancient Caribs, whose ancestors captured the islands where Columbus found the race when he came. They retain their language and their customs, living by the chase and by predatory warfare upon their neighbors, the Motilones, who are cannibals, or the farther Goajiras, who are not much better.

In the vast rivers, alligators, deadly snakes and innumerable fish find congenial homes; and upon their banks rise grand forests of ebony, rosewood, mahogany, gold wood and trees of a hundred other varieties, where tigers, leopards, jaguars and pumas roam at will, pursuing the great herds of deer and antelopes that form their prey. Boas twenty feet long creep beneath the branches, or lazily dream away the hours after a hearty meal. The trees are inhabited by monkeys and bright winged parrots, both of which make excellent food. The Indians of these hunting grounds are as fierce and relentless as the beasts on whom they make war.

But this is all far away, and during our two months' travel in Venezuela, not one glance at monkey, tiger, snake or parrot outside of a cage was vouchsafed us, though we were in some pretty wild places. Such animals retreat before civilization, and do not appear to be any more plentiful in Cariboba or Maracaibo than in Saratoga or Orange.—Dr. W. F. Hutchinson in American Magazine.

The Growth of New York.

On the basis of the number of names in the new city directory the population of New York, from the southern boundary of Yonkers to the Battery, is not less than 1,600,000. The population of Brooklyn is probably over 750,000, and, taking into account other communities immediately dependent on and geographically united to the port of New York, the present population of the metropolitan district is more than 2,500,000. At the present moment the population of the area known as the registration district of London is about 4,250,000, so that there is a long interval to be covered before we can begin to rival the populousness of the great English "province in brick and mortar."

But if New York keeps up its accelerated rate of growth the difference before another generation is over may be wiped out. London is growing at the rate of 66,000 a year, while New York's growth is about 60,000. But in the ten years between 1870 and 1880 the average annual addition to our city population was less than 25,000, so that we have already more than doubled the annual increment of the decade preceding last census, and have for the last six years established an average of 58,000. This kind of geometrical progression has only to be maintained to make the size of New York as unexampled as its growth.—The Epoch.

Cheap Restaurants in Italy.

The majority of restaurants here charge 60 to 80 cents for dinner, and 40 to 60 cents for breakfast. If you have the money, you can get a good meal at these places. There are, however, other places where a very "filling" and palatable meal can be obtained for 10 or 15 cents; a plate of excellent macaroni, 6 cents; bread, 2 cents; an omelet, 5 cents; half a bottle of wine, 5 cents, and there you are, "tu compresso," everything included, 18 cents. Omit the wine, which is really a superfluity, and the cost is only 13 cents. When inclined to be luxurious, a good beefsteak can be ordered for 12 cents. Now, these places are not dens or dirty basements, as are similar priced establishments in America, but clean, pleasant rooms. There are napkins and white table cloths and all that, just as at the high priced establishments. The only thing is they are not on the fashionable streets, the waiters do not wear swallowtail coats, and they are not frequented by foreigners.—Cor. Philadelphia Record.

A Novelty in Belts.

A New York girl has given a jeweler an order for a silver belt in links. Instead of Roman medallions on the linked plates, however, she wants the features of some of her young male friends cut in bas relief, and has furnished the photographs.

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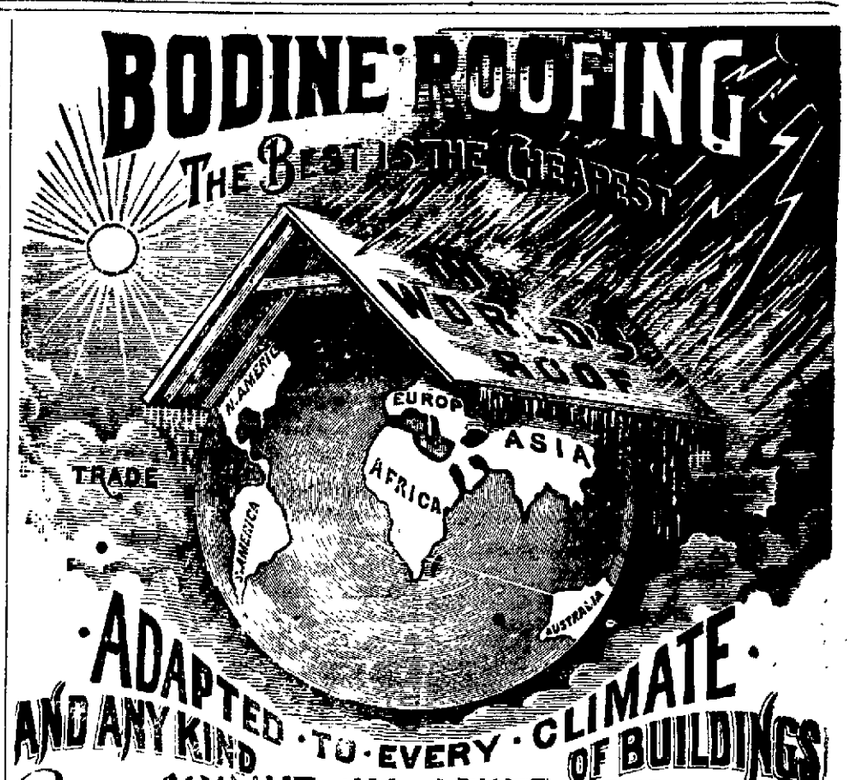

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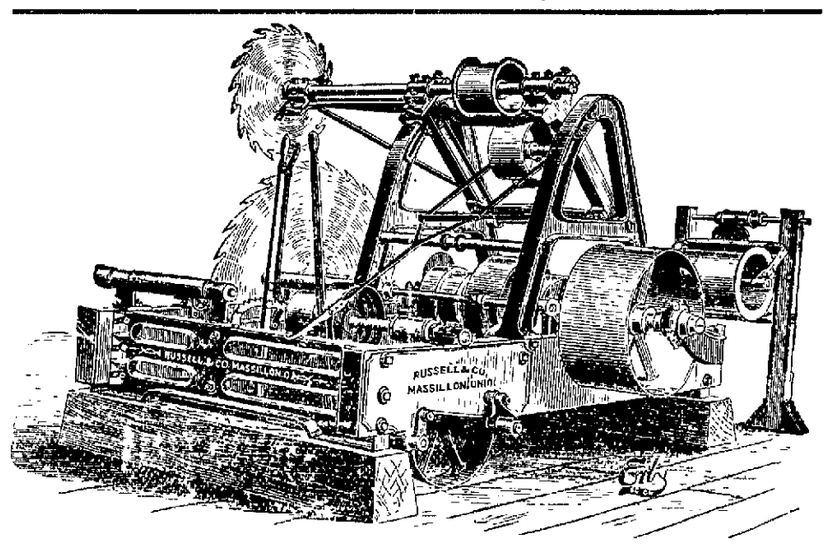

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A TERRIBLE DISASTER.

AN EXCURSION TRAIN PLUNGES THROUGH A BRIDGE.

Two Hundred People Killed and Many Others Injured—The Wreck Takes Fire and a Horrible Holocaust Occurs—A List of the Dead as Far as Learned.

PEORIA, Ills., Aug. 12.—For some days past the Toledo, Peoria & Western railroad has advertised an excursion train to run to Niagara Falls and back at reduced rates. The great heat here and the industry with which the excursion was advertised brought it to the notice of everybody and a large number of citizens from this and surrounding towns availed themselves of it. When the train pulled out last night there were twelve coaches filled.

Superintendent E. N. Armstrong accompanied the party in his private coach, and this was coupled on next to the baggage car. Accompanying him were Mrs. H. D. Gould and daughter Nellie, Mrs. Parker and several others, wives and relatives of officials of the road. A large crowd assembled to see them off, and as they pulled out of the station it was noticed that the train was a double-header, that is, that there was an engine behind assisting the one in front by pushing. Nothing more was heard from the train until this morning at 8 o'clock, when a dispatch was received that it had gone through a bridge at Chatsworth, and that one hundred people were killed and as many were badly injured. The union depot was thronged at an early hour this morning with friends and relatives of those who were on the train. The excitement was intense.

It was reported that Will. O. Clark, of the Peoria house, and his wife were among the killed, and that Mrs. H. D. Gould and daughter had been taken out of the wreck dead, that Armstrong was instantly killed, and that the wreck had taken fire and burned up dozens of people who were otherwise uninjured. Amidst the confusion and excitement better news came in slowly. It was learned that Armstrong was safe, together with every one in his car excepting Mrs. Parker, who had her ankle injured. Neither Mrs. Gould nor daughter are injured at all, and many who were reported dead are uninjured.

The trouble seems to be that the bridge over the Vermillion river was set on fire by the flames that have been raging lately and that the stringers were so weakened that they let the bridge down in the bed of the stream with all the cars.

An old Toledo, Peoria & Western conductor named George W. Scott who left here at 2 o'clock this morning has just telegraphed that over 100 are killed, but that no one in the sleepers are injured. This is regarded as authentic. No names can be obtained. Engineer Clintock was killed. The wreck is about three miles from the station.

A train of twelve coaches of wounded reached Peoria at 2 o'clock. Over one hundred are still at Chatsworth in the town hall, school house and on the platform. All but five sleepers went through the bridge.

The Illinois Central railroad officials in this city say the train was drawn by two engines, and as they are informed consisted of fifteen sleepers. It went through the bridge, two miles west of Piper City, and about half way between Chatsworth and Gilman. The second engine broke through and went down, taking the cars with it.

The Wagner sleeping car office, at the Lake Shore depot, has information that four of its cars were burned up, but they do not know how many passengers were killed or injured, but the number is undoubtedly large.

The bridge through which the cars went was a small one. It had been partially burned which had weakened it. Ten coaches had either gone through to the bed of the stream, or were piled up in promiscuous heaps crosswise and lengthwise on the track. So far seventy bodies have been recovered and none have been taken from the cars underneath, and not even a sound can be heard from them. It is feared that all in those cars are dead. The number of killed will reach 200. The wounded, as far as can be ascertained, will number 150.

Among the dead are the following: Annie Zimmerman, of Peoria; a baby of Joe Neal, of Peoria; Edward McClintock, engineer of Engine 15, roasted alive.

Among the injured are: J. E. Deehman, of Peoria, slightly; Miss Pearl Adams, of Peoria; Mrs. Kittie Welsh, of Peoria, ribs broken; Robert Zimmerman, of Peoria, badly hurt; Miss May McVoy, of Peoria, badly hurt; Mrs. Joseph Neal, of Peoria, leg broken: E. A. Parker, of Peoria, seriously hurt; Wallace Robinson, of Peoria, badly injured: Mrs. J. W. Grant, of Peoria, dangerously; Mrs. P. Cress, of Washington, Ill.; Mrs. May Last; Arthur McCarthy; James Blair; Joe Hatton, baggage master, of Peoria; Jesse Meeke, of Eureka; Mrs. Bucket, of Forest.

Among the Peoria excursionists on board were the following: Miss Mary Morris, William Ulrich, Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Regan, Mrs. P. F. Valentine, Joe Neal, wife and baby, Edward E. Putney and wife, Mrs. Phenn Frahm, Miss' Lizzie Jones, Mrs. W. M. Allen, Mrs. James Deal, Mrs. William Ball, J. E. Deehman, Adam Schemberger, Miss Jennie O'Shaughnessy, Miss Adam Webster, Charles Webster, Edward Compton and wife, Miss Mary McEvoy, Mrs. John Murphy, Mr. C. S. Dotty, Mrs. Garretson, Lewis E. Rotterman, G. A. Smith, A. N. Morten and wife, Robert Kennedy.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 15.—All the dead and all but seven of the wounded have been removed from this city and taken to their homes. A special train last night conveyed the dead and injured to Peoria. Among the seven now in Chatsworth is Mrs. R. H. Clark, of Rootstown, O. She is dying. Two of the others are also dying. The known dead, as given out by the coroner, is ninety, seventy-five of whom have been identified and claimed by friends. But the coroner admits that his figures are below the real number, and as several of the injured taken away by their friends have since died, it is more than likely that one hundred people lost their lives from the terrible disaster.

Miss Josie Valdejo, of Peoria, died at 9 o'clock a. m. Five minutes before she breathed her last she felt the approaching pangs of dissolution and stroked the hand of her cousin as a in thanks for his patient care. Then her breath came in short gasps, and with a smile on her face and a movement of the lips, as though she were trying to murmur the word "Mother," she passed away. The occurrence had a most depressing effect upon the rest of the sufferers in the room. There was another touching scene a little later. While the physicians were dressing the wounds of Mrs. Clark, of Ohio, and the nurses who surrounded her bed, expected every moment to be her last, the poor woman moaned and called piteously for her "Joey," whom she had been led to believe was safe and well at Piper City, instead of cold and stiff in death in the railroad station across the way. The little fellow was recognized at the last moment, just as he was about to be put on a car with other unknown bodies.

Adam Schaumberg, of Buffalo, passed a restless night and is worse this morning. Young Waters, of the Peoria watch company, and Homer Bond, of Colchester, are also rapidly growing worse. Mrs. Clark, of Ohio, cannot live through the day. Mrs. Hazen and Miss Alter, two cousins from Fort Madison, Ia., will survive another week. Twenty nurses from Fairbury took turns in watching the seven sufferers throughout the night, and physicians moved from one cot to another from dusk to daybreak.

Nothing of importance has been developed before the state railroad commissioners, who adjourned their investigation till Tuesday next. It is still an open question whether the disaster was caused by train wreckers for the purposes of robbery, or whether it was due to negligence of the company. The railroad company is, of course, industriously endeavoring to establish the former theory to avoid the heavy liabilities which would be incurred were it proven that carelessless of employes was to blame. The coroner's jury, which made a partial investigation last night, holds to the theory of deliberately planned wreck; but one of the jury, W. W. Sears, the postmaster here, scouts the idea.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 16.—A most important piece of news has developed here in regard to the burning of the bridge. Last night train No. 13, which left State Line at 6:30, arived here at 10 minutes to 12. It brought as a passenger a man named L. Dobbs, who has been working for a farmer named Morris Kenoya, living three miles from Kentland, Ind. Dobbs informed your correspondent, who met him a few moments after the train arrived, that last Saturday two men were arrested on suspicion of having set the bridge on fire.

They were given a preliminary examination, and the proof against them was considered strong enough to hold them in jail at Kentland, where they are now confined pending further proceedings. Dobbs, who has every appearance of being truthful and honest, added that his employer was present at the examination. Your correspondent interviewed W. F. Terrell, conductor of the freight train, and learned from him that the arrests had occasioned considerable excitement in State Line. He also said that Yardmaster Jones, of the Toledo, Peoria & Western railroad, who is stationed at State Line, visited Kentland Saturday evening and confirmed the truth of the arrest.

Mrs. R. H. Clark, of Rootstown, O., died yesterday; the others of the wounded are getting along comfortably.

The last vestige of the wreck has been removed.

J. O. Baker, president of the Illinois Society of engineers and professor of civil engineering in the state university, has made a careful inspection of the scene of the wreck and holds that the bridge was fired through the negligence of the company's employes, the section hands, at the coroner's inquest, having admitted that when they quit work the day preceding the accident, they left a small blaze in the woods alongside the track and only forty rods from the culvert. This, in Mr. Baker's opinion, is what ignited the bridge.

WOOL MARKET.

A Pressure to Sell Has Caused Prices to Become Weaker.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Bradstreet, in its summary of the wool market, says that all of the eastern wool markets continue in buyers' favor. The pressure to sell has been strong in some quarters, and prices are generally weaker. For many descriptions they are quite one cent per pound lower than at the beginning of the month. The decline has stimulated purchases to a certain extent, inquiries are frequent and more activity is apparent than during the greater part of July. Still the taking of the mills do not largely anticipate future requirements.

Orders for spring weight fabrics are not yet numerous, and the prevailing inclination of buyers is to pursue the "hand-to-mouth" policy a little longer. In the country wool is rather firmer than on the seaboard, but without special animation. Large accumulations are reported at some points in the interior. At San Francisco receipts have been considerably larger than last year to this time. The American Wool Reporter says that "the stocks of wool in the eastern markets are undoubtedly small for this season of the year, the great bulk being held in the west at prices too high for the operations for eastern dealers." It believes, however, that the present holders will be unable to stand out much longer. The Boston Journal of Commerce thinks that less Montana wool will be consigned to Boston this year than heretofore, basing this opinion on the statement of growers who did better last year on shipments to Chicago than to Boston.

The Boston market is weak, with a fair amount of business in progress at the recently reduced quotations. The decline reported last week in Michigan X sales, which were made to a considerable extent at thirty cents a pounds, has extended to other descriptions. Fine wools throughout the list have been sold at concessions, and medium sorts are also weaker. Many holders are asking more than they can command at present. The stringency of the money market has something to do with the continued dullness in wool, and the uncertainty about the result of the season's manufacturing operations no less. There is, however, more inquiry for supplies than hitherto.

The sales of the week at Boston have amounted to 3,618,000 pounds, as compared with 2,466,000 a week ago, and 2,993,400 in the corresponding week last year.

At Philadelphia the wool trade situation shows little change. Manufacturers are buying cautiously and chiefly for immediate wants. Fine wools are neglected and weak. Other grades show no quotable change, but offerings are light except of territory wools, which are in comparatively good supply. The week's sales foot up a total of 671,000 pounds, against 740,000 pounds for the same week last year.

SENATOR RIDDLEBERGER IN JAIL.

He is Sentenced to Ten Day's Imprisonment, and Fined $25 for Contempt.

WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug. 15.—Senator Riddlebolger got himself into pretty scrape here Friday, and spent the night amid the discomforts of a squalid county jail. The senator was interested in a case on trial in the county court which had some local political significance. Judge Newman, who tried the case, was no friend of Senator Riddleberger. In fact some of the papers hereabouts have referred to the two as "bitter personal enemies." No one was surprised, therefore, when the verdict in the case on trial was exactly the reverse of what Riddleberger desired. But everybody was very much surprised, and, moreover, very much excited at the spirit in which the senator took the verdict, and his peculiar manner of calling public attention to his anger.

At Riddleberger's suggestion the prisoner who figured in the case was hauled through the streets of the town with a placard around his neck, containing some pretty severe and caustic reflections on the judge. Troops of amused people followed the prisoner. Finally one of the judge's friends went to tell him what was going on. Ten minutes afterward policemen were running around looking for Senator Riddleberger. He was found and summoned before his old enemy to answer for contempt of court. There was a tumult on the streets around the court house, and excited people clamored at the doors for admission. After he had given Mr. Riddleberger an opportunity to make an explanation, which did not appear to be satisfactory, the judge fined the senator $25 and committed him to jail for ten days. Protests and further attempts at explanation were in vain. Judge Newman left the bench in anger, and Riddleberger was hurried off to a cell.

The excitement was tremendous as the news spread around town, and partisanship ran rampant. Riddleberger's friends swore they would get him out before midnight if they had to burn the jail to do it. Upon hearing these threats Judge Newman's friends vowed they would defend the jail by force if necessary, and many of them volunteered their services to the sheriff. All Riddleberger's influence availed him nothing in his efforts for release. As darkness settled down, the senator was making a fair meal off prison rations and preparing to make himself comfortable for the night. He was very anxious that his friends should not step beyond the bounds of law in manifesting their sympathy for him.

LATER.—A dispatch from Woodstock, Va., states that United States Senator Riddleberger, who was sentenced by Judge Newman, of the county court, to pay a fine of $25 and be imprisoned for ten days for contempt of court, was released from jail by a mob. The jailer made but little resistance.

A SENSATIONAL STORY.

CHANCE FOR A WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND.

A British Gunboat Fires Upon an American Fishing Schooner, Carrying Away Her Masts and Sinking Her, Together With a Crew of Fifteen Sailors.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Herald publishes a sensational story from Ottawa, Ont., to the effect that an American fishing schooner was fired into and sunk by a British cruiser, off Boutouche, on the Gulf of St. Lawrence shore of the province of New Brunswick. It is estimated, the dispatch alleged, that fifteen sailors lost their lives. The authority for the story is not given by name, but is said to be a man of undoubted veracity living at Buctouche.

This man says that he and his wife were awakened by the firing, and that many other people also saw the foremast of the little schooner go by the board with all sails set, etc. This careened her so far that she filled and sank immediately. The man was able to learn that an American vessel had been chased by a cruiser the day before, but he could not learn the names of either. He found two fishermen who had been out in a row boat the night before, and who were witnesses of the firing, and saw the vessel sink. The reason for suppressing the news is obvious, but if true, the story is bound to come out.

Of Course They Would Deny It.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 16.—The department of fisheries have no information as to the alleged sinking of an American fishing schooner, with the loss of her entire crew, off Ductouchee, New Brunswick, and expresses entire disbelief in the genuiness of the report to that effect as published in the United States.

British War Ship in Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 16.—The unexpected appearance here last evening of the British war ship, Wrangler, gives additional color to the report that men-of-war are to assist the Dominion fishery cruisers in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The advent of the Wrangler was entirely unlooked for. She comes from the West African coast. It is said that the fleet will sail on the 23d for its regular summer cruise to Charlottetown and Quebec.

SCIENTISTS IN SESSION.

A Startling Revelation on the Rapid Increase of Blindness.

NEW YORK, Aug 16.—The proceedings of the convention of the Association for the Advancement of Science were continued this morning at Columbia college. The members were apparently much refreshed from their day's outing of Saturday. Since the beginning of the convention a large number of persons from New York and Brooklyn, who have hitherto taken apparently little interest in scientific matters have come forward, and no less than sixty enrolled themselves since Saturday. The officers of the association are much pleased at the success they are making in the gathering in of persons interested in science of every kind.

The labors of those in section A of mathematics and astronomy were concluded this morning. A paper on blindness in the United States was read by Lucien Howe, M. D., of Buffalo. Attention was called in the paper to the fact that while the population during the ten years from 1870 to 1880 increased at the rate of 31 per cent., blindness during the same time increased 140 per cent. Statistics also show that blindness has increased in an almost constant ratio from north to south in the United States, and that it decreased in the same way from east to west. The cost of sustaining the army of over 50,000 blind is estimated at over $25,000,000 in 1887. As for the causes, contagion was found to exercise the most important influence. Immigration was considered an important factor in view of the large number of contagious diseases of the eyes introduced every year into this country and the laxity and absence of quarantine regulations regarding them.

Civil Service Talk.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Baltimore Sun to-day publishes an interview with Commissioner Edgerton, on the power of the civil service commission to investigate the acts of appointing officers. Mr. Edgarton's views on this question are diametrically opposed to those of his colleagues. Commissioners Oberly and Lyman think the appointing power should be required to give reasons for every dismissal. Commissioner Edgerton holds that the power to appoint necessarily carries with it the power to remove, and the official having such power should not be hampered in the matter of dismissal. In his interview he is reported saying: "I shall take the opportunity on the investigation of the Chicago postmaster and customs collector to make known my views concerning these expensive and ridiculous inquiries into matters over which the commission has no control whatever. I did not wish any notice to be taken of the Philadelphia postoffice matter.

Robbed By a Masked Highwayman.

THOMPSON FALL, Mont., Aug. 16.—C. W. O'Neill, D. Holsman and John Hackett, the latter of St. Paul, left for Moray, on horseback Sunday. O'Neill and Holsman each had about $2,000 on their persons and Hackett $57. When two miles from town, in heavy timber, they were set upon by masked highwaymen, and O'Neill and Hackett were robbed. Holsman was a few feet in front, and putting spurs to his horse, escaped with his money. The highwaymen fled into the timber. There is no clue to their identity.

THE CLICKS OF THE CABLE

ALL THE LATEST NEWS FROM ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

How the Indian Prince, Maharajah Holkar, Was Rescued in England—Left With a Feeling of Indignation—A Great Conflagration in Soutaria—Cable Notes.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Notwithstanding the assurance intended to be conveyed in the statement made the other night in the house of commons by Sir John Gorst, parliamentary secretary for the Indian office, that the Indian prince, Maharajah Holkar and his confreres had, before leaving England, expressed their great satisfaction at the kind treatment which they had received, there is no doubt that they felt slighted on one or more occasions and that they had left the land to whose sovereign they pay allegiance with feelings of indignation at being rated on lower basis of courtesy and distinction than the petty princess of the continent.

The rehearsal of the slights that were put upon them is an old story, and has excited popular comment, and it is appreciated in all quarters that the expressions of satisfaction of which the princes delivered themselves, were simply the polite utterances of dignified and courteous men upon taking leave of a host. It is to be regretted that these princes, especially the powerful Holkar, have been sent from England with any feelings but those of loyalty and friendship.

And in connection with this alienation of Indian fealty comes the announcement of Sir Clifford Lloyd's appointment as lieutenant governor of Ceylon. This is certainly an unwise movement to send so unpopular a man as Clifford Lloyd anywhere to have any part in government. The fact is that he is of no longer of any use at home or near home, so the government intends to send him a long distance away where bad government does not matter so much. The new appointee to Ceylon had had a trial in the Egypt and the Soudan and also in Ireland. It is hardly necessary to mention the unpopularity his acts have won him or the frequent embroils he has stirred up during his career.

In 1883, when in the absence of Baker Pasha he took command in the Soudan, his course was distasteful to all hands, so that the ministry could not use him in Egypt again at all. The fact is that Sir Clifford Lloyd is a sort of impossible man with whom the ministry do not know what to do, but for that he must be provided for in some way, if not for his "efficient and valuable services," at least for his persistency in waiting for an office. He was relieved of his duties as Egyptian under secretary of the interior after he had antagonized the whole cabinet, and after his post of special magistrate in Ireland was abolished there was no vacancy for him in Ireland. Since 1884 he has been a dead-letter, but now his patience has been rewarded and he receives recognition and is sent as lieutenant governor to the important colony at Ceylon. It is useless to predict, but unless Sir Clifford's former experiences have taught him wisdom his residence in Ceylon will be fraught with anything but comfort to those under him, or with honor to himself and England's prestige in the east will suffer another blow.

Another Gladstone Victory.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The election in the Northwich Division of Cheshire, on Saturday to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. R. Verdin, Liberal Unionist, resulted in another victory for the Gladstonites. The vote stood: Mr. J. T. Brunner, Gladstonian, 5,112; Lord Henry W. Grosvenor, Liberal Unionist, 3,983. Lord Henry Grovenor is a son of the Duke of Westminster. In the last election, when the Liberal Unionist candidate was successful, the vote was as follows: R. Verdin, Liberal Unionist, 4,446; J. T. Brunner, Home Rule, 3,955.

A City in Flames.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Scutari states that a terrible conflagration is raging in that city. Already several hundred houses have been burned, and the fire is spreading.

Scutari is in Turkey in Asia, across the Bosporus from Constantinople, of which city it is the largest suburb. It has a population of about 75,000, a palace, military hospitals, convents, schools, many mosques, and its immense cemeteries cover more ground than the city itself.

Prince Ferdinand's Election Legal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Standard's Vienna correspondent says England, Austria and Italy have sent Turkey an identical note declaring that they consider the election of Prince Ferdinand legal. It is reported that Turkey's attitude is becoming friendly.

Yacht Thistle Sighted.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Scotch yacht Thistle was sighted on the 6th inst. in latitude 46 degrees 12 minutes north and longitude 42 degrees 30 minutes west.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A German Attacked by Irish Residents and Almost Lynched.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—John and George Schaeffer, brothers, aged twenty-three and twenty-two, respectively, of 35 Ludlow avenue, Jersey City, were visited yesterday by some young men from this city. The Schaffer brothers are expert rifle shots. They have a range in the cellar of their house and practice at it every day. George Schaffer in the afternoon invited his New York friends in the cellar to see him shoot. He used a 22-calibre rifle. One of the bullets went wide of its mark and made its way into the street, lodging in the back of six-year-old Joseph Crosby, who was playing on the sidewalk in front of his home on the opposite side of the street. The wound is considered dangerous.

The Schaffer brothers were arrested, and their New York friends are detained as witnesses.

There was an exciting scene after the shooting, when the rage of the Irish residents of the vicinity at the carelessness of the shooter led them to take a rope and make a rush for the house. A German who lived next door was seized by the mob and the rope put around his neck, but the appearance of the police prevented further violence.

Life Imprisonment.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Aug. 16.—Wallace Hardin, aged twenty, was sentenced to the penitentiary for life this morning for the murder of James Williams June 12. The jury at first could not decide upon a verdict, but this morning reached a final determination.

Round House Blown Down.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Aug. 16.—The storm that visited this section Saturday night blew down the west wall of the new round house of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. The portion destroyed was sixty-five feet long and twenty-five feet high.

Secretary Whitney's Vacation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Secretary Whitney left Washington on the 9 o'clock train this morning for New York. He will be absent from the navy department perhaps a month as he intends taking his vacation at this time.

Hay Fever CATARRH

is an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes,

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HAPPY DAYS,
SWEET SLEEP.

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that the most delicate stomach will bear.

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Living in the malarial districts of Maryland I became a victim of worst forms of malarial fever. I drugged myself with quinine and other remedies without avail. I was greatly reduced when I heard of Kaskine. Its curative powers were a marvelous revelation to me. It cured me and I have not had a return of the troubles. (Prof.) J. D. Hart, B. A., Asst. Chemist, Maryland Agricultural College.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

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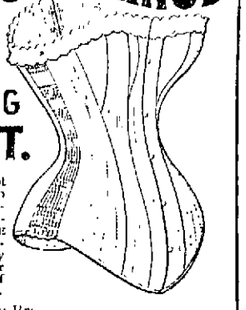

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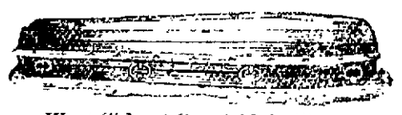

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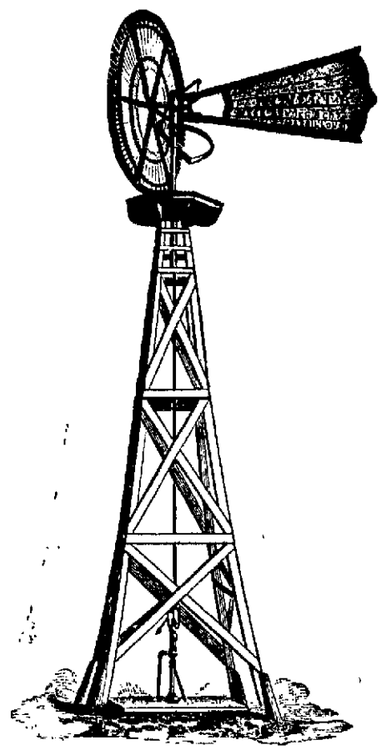

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THE ENGLISH DETECTIVES.

HE IMMAGINES EVERYTHING HE SEES IS DYNAMITE.

The Latest Scare and Arrest the Most Unwarrantable of Any Which has Occurred. The Loss at Scutari—Servian Finances. Various Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The latest dynamite arrest, at Cowes, which has turned out to have been even less warrantable than the taking into custody of Peter Troy at Queenstown a short time ago for having in his possession a small box of fireworks intended to amuse the children of a friend in Ireland, affords a good deal of amusement to the less timid of Londoners, although their fun did not begin until after the discovery by Col. Magendie that the supposed dynamite was non-explosive.

It is easy for foreign corporations to raise loans in London; easy for American ladies to achieve social distinction in aristocratic circles, and easy for American showmen to get rich while English managers are playing to empty benches, but far easier than any of these is the stirring up of a first-class dynamite scare in the metropolis, and besides its accomplishment is attended with no danger, since the actual presence of the terrible explosive is not needed. In England, and more especially in London, an Irishman is as intimately associated with dynamite in the minds of all true Britons, as is an Italian with spaghetti or a Russian with caviare, and there are thousands of persons in the metropolis who devoutly believes that every Irishman carries a quantity of the deadly compound upon his person.

This belief is not altogether confined to persons in private life, either, for the police are often more easily moved to fear of catastrophe at the hands of the physical force contingent of the Irish agitators than people whose protectors they are. Stories of coming arrivals and actual landings of dynamiters from America and France are constantly pouring into Scotland Yard, and find eager listeners and firm believers. Enormous sums of money are spent in detective work at home and abroad in pursuing mythical dynamiters and investigating groundless rumors, but ill-success doesn't dampen the ardor of the detective bureau one whit, or lessen the rate of expenditures by a shilling. Persons arriving in England from Ireland are subjected to close scrutiny and Irishmen returning from America are shadowed from the moment they set foot on shore until, having completed the errand of business or pleasure that brought them hither, they embark for their adopted home.

In the fascinating work of detecting criminals the London police are as acute and thorough a body of men in existence, and are able to run down a burglar, a forger or a murderer with wonderful celerity, but in the prosecution of hunters of dynamiters they are, with few exceptions, the most gullible people in the world. No story is too improbable for them to credit and tells of a plot to destroy public property, and no tale relating to the connection of the Irish American with the Irish cause fail to attract the attention of the listeners. No patience are imposed on by such yarns every day in the week, but they accept them with all sincerity, and never fail to act upon the alleged information given.

Henry Morton Stanley Heard From.

ZANZIBAR, Aug. 17.—The messengers dispatched to inform Emin Pasha of Stanley's expedition arrived at Mbra, on the east shore of Albert Nyanza, at the beginning of May, having been detained by King Kabrega and King Mwonga. It is by way of Albert Nyanza it is thought the party has reached Emin about the end of May. It was stated at Mbra that Emin Pasha, with Casati, Jephson and Parke, were at the beginning of May, being on route to Lake Albert Nyanza by way of the Kafubbi River.

The Sultan Recognizes Ferdinand.

SOFIA, Aug. 17.—M. Vulkovitch telegraphs to the government from Constantinople that the sultan recognizes Prince Ferdinand's election, but that as the prince did not at first obtain the sultan's consent the latter will maintain his present attitude for a certain period.

Scutari Loses 2,000 Houses.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 17.—The conflagration in Scutari was not controlled until 2,000 houses were burned, including two of the largest churches. Two women and a child were burned to death, and many persons were injured. Thousands of people are left without shelter.

Servian Finances.

BELGRADE, Aug. 17.—A commission appointed to enquire into the condition of Servian finances has discovered enormous deficits. The finance minister has ordered the sequestration of the property of his predecessor, M. Petrovich.

Must Be Pretty Rank.

PARIS, Aug. 17.—The Voltaire has suspended the publication of Catulle Moncle's serial, "La Femme Femme," because it is even too high colored for the Parisian public.

Socialist Tired.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 17.—Mr. Hoedingsky, the delegate of the London Socialists to the Workingmen's congress at Mons, has been expelled from Belgium.

Asking Advice.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The porte has issued a circular letter to the powers, in which it asks their advice in regard to Bulgaria.

Sporting Items.

"Hurricane Tom" Brown has been unconditionally released by the Pittsburgs.

Jake Gaudaur will challenge Teemer at once for a rowing match for the world championship.

Jack Havlin wants to meet the Belfast Spider at New York City with skin gloves for $100 a side and the feather-weight championship of the earth.

George Kearns, of McKeesport, and George Mace, of Torrens, Pa., fought with bare fists Sunday night for $800. Three rounds were fought in eight minutes, and Kearns ended by knocking Mace over the ropes and breaking his nose.

National base ball league directors, at the Coleman house, Asbury Park, N. J., Monday, decided that the contested game between the New York and Detroits June 27 will be played over during the September series. This action makes a tie between the Detroits and Chicagos.

Burned to Death.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 17.—The stable occupied by John Monaghan and Craig & Sons, flour and feed store, on Market street, were burned to-day. Loss $4,000. The body of John Morrison, a driver, who had evidently been suffocated by the smoke, was found in the ruins.

Camden's Natural Gas Boom.

CAMDEN, O., Aug. 17.—At a special meeting of the council to-day it was decided to dig two more gas wells at once. Well No. 1 is daily increasing in flow, and has now a pressure of ninety-eight pounds to the square inch.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

LONG CHAPTER OF FOUL DEEDS AND ACCIDENTS.

A Quarrel Among Children Ends in the Death of One and Probably Fatal Wounding of Another—Ward Politicians Settle a Dispute With Bullets.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 17.—A peculiar murder was committed in Lancaster county yesterday by an eight-year-old colored boy. He and his sister and another girl about three years of age were eating watermelon. They had a dispute, and, the boy being angry, while the girls had their backs turned, he reached down an old double-barreled gun, cocked it and approached them in an angry manner, saying he was going to kill them both. He aimed the gun at the girls, but he was hardly able to hold it up, and before he could shoot, his sister caught him by the arm and begged him not to kill her.

The boy finally agreed to put the gun up, but while doing so, either by accident or purposely, discharged the weapon, which was heavily loaded with buck shot. The charge passed through his sister's arm and took effect in the breast of the other girl, Alice Hueg, killing her instantly. The sister is badly wounded, but may recover with the loss of an arm. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental homicide.

SHOT IN THE BACK.

Serious Result of a Quarrel Between Two Youngsters.

SOMERSET, Ky., Aug. 17.—Roscoe Hubble and Caldwell Hunt, living at Rock Lick, in the eastern part of this county, became involved in a trivial quarrel while attending a singing school at that place last night. Hunt was drinking to excess, and went up to Hubble and asked him if he kept any brandy peaches at his store. Hubble told him he did.

Hunt then went on over to the store and purchased the peaches, and, returning, met young Hubble, and said: "Hubble, what did you tell me that d——d lie for?" Hubble made some reply which did not exactly suit Hunt, and he proceeded to demolish him with a stone. He knocked Hubble down, and then started to run. Hubble jumped to his feet and fired at the retreating figure, the ball striking him in the lower part of the back, inflicting a fatal wound. Hubble boarded a north bound train at this place in the morning, and escaped to parts unknown. Both are young men, about eighteen years old. Hunt's recovery is hardly possible.

Murder or Accident.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 17.—The police are working on an alleged murder case which came to their attention early yesterday morning. The victim is Robert Gastinger, a well known young man who has been employed at Heinsin's saloon on Elm near Fifth. The story is that on Tuesday week he came to his home No. 1 Bremen street at 10 o'clock, and after putting on his slippers went with some friends to Denkert's saloon. He returned at 11 o'clock staggering and bleeding from a wound on the head. He had also a discoloration on his breast. To his wife he stated that he had been attacked at Graef's shoe finding establishment a few doors below his house by two men, who knocked him down and kicked him brutually. Then one of them remarked it was the wrong man.

The following day he could not leave his bed, but revived on Thursday sufficiently to go to Blue Creek, near Brookville, Ind., where his relatives resided. He grew worse, and on Saturday died in great pain. Yesterday the body was brought here and interred in the Vine Street Hill cemetery.

Another theory is advanced through the story of Charles H. Simpson, of No. 87 Bremen street, who helped Gastinger home. He claimed that the latter fell over Graef's steps and that he was intoxicated. Mrs. Metzger, his landlady, who let him in, also thought he was drunk. The chances are but it will never be known how he came to his death. Coroner Remdigs has ordered Dr. Walker to make an autopsy.

Fatal Political Quarrel.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 17.—The bitterness between rival factions in the coming election culminated yesterday in the taking of life. Last night a party of ward politicians were looking in a St. Charles street saloon, when a quarrel ensued between John Neill, clerk in the civil district court; Owen Roper and ex-Deputy Sheriff James Doran, special officers and some others. Neill struck Roper with his fist, and pistols were immediately drawn and discharged. When the smoke cleared away Neill was found with a bullet hole through his breast and another in the side. Doran handed a pistol to the barkeeper, and was arrested, as were three others of the party. Neill was taken to the hospital, where he is dying.

The Wrong Man Suffers.

HELENA, Aug. 17.—A month or so ago a negro by the name of George Williams bit off the ear of another negro name Gabe Bostick, an inoffensive and hard working man. Williams left the neighborhood and was seen for the first time since the occurrence last Monday. The officers, accompanied by Bostick, attempted to capture Williams and while they were guarding the house where they supposed Williams was one of the deputies mistook Bostick for the fugitive and shot him in the mouth, from the effects of which lockjaw set in, and yesterday the man died in great agony.

Murder for a Dollar.

PONCHATOULA, Aug. 17.—Yesterday morning Placide Headen, seventeen years old, went to the sawmill here and demanded a dollar due by John Hano to his mother. Hano told him he did not have the money then, but would pay him Saturday. Headen then abused Hano shamefully, and while Hano was measuring a log. Headen struck him with a big black-jack club on the back of the head, knocking him senseless. So far Hano has not recovered consciousness, and is expected to die every minute. Headen was arrested.

Fatal Explosion of Chemicals.

DECATUR, Ill., Aug. 17.—A terrific explosion of chemicals in Clinton Webb's drug store at Macon, this county, at 6 o'clock yesterday evening caused the instant death of Nelson McDaniel and the probable fatal injury of Mr. Webb. The druggist was engaged in compounding a mixture when the explosion occurred. The coroner will investigate. No one was present except Webb and McDaniel, and it will be difficult to learn what Webb was doing, as he is unable to speak.

Killed by a Mule.

MISSOURI CITY, Mo., Aug. 17.—At 9 o'clock this forenoon, Jesse Wall, a thirteen-year-old boy, was thrown from a mule while riding along the road near Liberty, and instantly killed. He was riding at a rather fast gait and a number of immigrants traveling along the highway witnessed the accident.

Found in the Missouri River.

MADISON, Ind., Aug. 17.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Mrs. Eliza McAllister, of this city, has at last a partial solution in the finding of her body on a sand bar in the Missouri river, near Providence, Mo. The remains were identified by Mrs. McAllister's son. Whether the lady was murdered or came to her death by other means can only be conjectured. Mrs. McAllister was a passenger on a Chicago & Alton train December 27, 1886, and on that day very mysteriously disappeared near Providence. Nothing was ever heard of the lady until to-day, when her remains were found as stated above. At the time of her disappearance Mrs. Allister had a large amount of money on her person.

A Saloon Murder.

HARRISON, O., Aug. 17.—At 11 o'clock this morning Clifford Weeks, aged thirty, shot five times and instantly killed John Pratt, aged fifty, the head of a family of six children. Weeks is the barkeeper for John Cocher's saloon. Pratt was a hard character, and had served a term in the penitentiary for cutting to kill. Pratt was on a big drunk. At 9 o'clock he went to the saloon and the two quarreled over drinks which resulted in the shooting.

Died From a Horse Kick.

ATHENS, O., Aug. 17.—Thomas Bird, aged ten, died at his home last night from the effects of a kick from a horse last week.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 17.—This was the twelfth regular day. Weather fair, attendance large. First race, three-fourths of a mile: Harry Russell first, Cassatt second, Lelex third. Time 1:16 1-2. Odds 7 to 5 on Russell. West rode the winner.

Second race, sweepstakes, one and one-eighth miles: Smith won after a well ridden race, Royal Arch second, Queen of Elizabeth third. Time 1:56 1-2. West rode the winner. Odds at post 7 to 5 against Swift.

Third race, the Foxhall stakes, one and five-eighths mile. Tramp won easily, Glenspray second, Carey third. Time 2:57. Odds ten to one against Tramp. West rode the winner.

Fourth race, special weights, one mile: Rosalind first, Himalaya second, Maggie Mitchell third. Time 1:43 1-2. Winchell rode the winner. Odds four to one.

Fifth race, three-quarters mile, selling. The horses were nearly half an hour at the post. Broughton won easily, Unique second, Jubilee third. Time 1:16 3-4. Hamilton rode the winner. Post odds two to one against Broughton.

Law and Order Sits Down on Sparring.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Aug. 17.—Mike Cleary, the champion middle-weight pugilist; Bob Ferguson, of Philadelphia; Patsy O'Leary, of Cincinnati; Mike Smith and a number of Louisville and Jeffersonville sports, with Ned Morril at their head, decided to give a sparring exhibition at Mozart hall last night. Two hundred and fifty people were present, including Mayor Warder and City Marshal Cole, who occupied two of the best seats in the house. At 10 the audience became impatient, having sat for two hours waiting for the fun to begin. A few minutes after 10, to the surprise of all, Brother Morrill announced that the affair was declared off, due to the protestations of citizens and the intervening of the Law and Order club. Ticket money was refunded.

Socialistic Delegates.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 17.—The two Socialist delegates, Carl Ibsen and William Lippelt, from the first assembly district to the United Labor convention on Wednesday, have offered their resignations, but they were not accepted. Our local Socialists have decided to hold aloof from the convention, although Ibsen and Lippelt say they will attend the convention as delegates if the general executive board at New York reconsider its action of Saturday evening and decide to go into the convention. The Socialists called a mass meeting in Turn hall on Wednesday evening.

Starvation Inevitable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—A resident of Labrador, writing the Herald under date of August 12, says: "It would be criminal for any government to endeavor to hide from the outside world the true condition of the people here. If the Arctic winter once more closes in around them, and the ice barrier shuts off for eight months all communication with the outside world before assistance comes, starvation and death are inevitable, and I fear we shall have repeated on a larger scale the story of the Greely expedition."

Death of Jacob C. Peters.

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 17.—Jacob G. Peters, aged fifty-three, died here this morning after a brief illness. He was a member of the state legislature twenty years ago, organizer of several local corporations, among them the Stevens cotton mill, and a contractor of public works. He superintended the building of the art gallery Annex for the Centennial at Philadelphia in 1875.

A Man Baked in an Oven.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 17.—John J. Reilly, age twenty-two, an employe of Rathbun, Sard & Co.'s stove foundry, disappeared Saturday morning. To-day his body was found in an oven for baking ladles. It is presumed he went in there, and laying down, fell asleep. Fire was started Saturday and the door of the oven was then locked. His presence not being noticed, he was baked about forty hours.

Behind in Their Accounts.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Aug. 17.—The commissioners of this (Daviess) county have ordered an investigation of the treasurer's accounts for the last six years, covering the time of ex-Treasurers Richard H. Greenwood's and Henry C. Brown's incumbency. They have also instructed the county attorney to bring suit against the bondsmen of ex-Treasurer Greenwood, who is short in his accounts about $13,000.

Tennessee Railroaders Strike.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 17.—All freight trains on the Memphis & Charleston railroad turned in last night, and none went out to-day by order from the trainmaster at Tuecumbia, the other end of the division. The conductors and brakemen have demanded an increase of wages, and a conference with the officials is being held to-day.

Complete Returns From Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 17.—Complete returns from all the counties in the state have been received at the office of the secretary of state, showing the following result: Buckner, 144,619; Bradley, 127,604; Fox, 8,390; Cardin, 4,487. The majority of Buckner over Bradley is 17,015.

Mexican Revolutionist Dead.

GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 17.—An Eagle Pass special says that Pedro Valdez, the once famous revolutionist of Coahuila, and of late one of the most influential and respected citizens of that state, died yesterday at Sabinas.

Saloonkeeper Fined.

ALLIANCE, O., Aug. 17.—In the mayor's court John Tiernay, a saloonkeeper of this place, was found guilty of violating the prohibitory ordinance and fined $100 and cost of trial.

A $50,000 Fire.

WATERBURY, Conn., Aug. 17.—The upper building of the New York Belting & Packing company caught fire at 2 o'clock this morning and was destroyed. Loss, $50,000.

WHO WAS TO BLAME.

The Loss at the Chatsworth Disaster. Echoes From the Wreck.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 17.—The damages on account of the accident on the Toledo, Peoria & Western railroad will be little short of $1,000,000. Probably eighty or ninety people will die or have died, and as $5,000 is the limit fixed by law in this state that can be collected of a railroad as damages for a death, this item will figure up $400,000. The seriously wounded may collect $10,000 or $15,000 each. Add to this the loss of business and the damage to property, and the disaster will cost the company a round sum.

Henry L. Beach, editor of the Pan-Handle Advocate, of Piper City, blames the section men and the engineer for the disaster. That fire and smoke were seen in the neighborhood of the bridge last Wednesday afternoon he says is confirmed by farmers who live in the neighborhood, and were the section foreman more attentive and strict in the performance of his duties, the disaster would never have happened.

Echoes From the Great Wreck.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 17.—Mr. Stillwell, of West Point, Ind., one of the victims of the Chatsworth horror, died at Piper City last evening. Frank Taylor, of Macomb, Ill., another victim, is dying at the same place. Azareth Gale, of Orange Prairie, must be added to the list of the killed. His body was removed by friends the day of the accident. There are other similar cases, probably, swelling the total list of the dead by several names. At the depot here are on exhibition a great number of ghastly relics from the wreck, awaiting claimants, and consisting of blood-stained clothes, valises and articles of jewelry.

A Chatsworth Victim.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Aug. 17.—The remains of G. R. Stillwell, the merchant of Bippers, this county, who was injured in the Chatsworth railroad wreck, and died yesterday at Piper City, were brought here to-day and removed to his home for burial.

A Corner-Stone Laid.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Aug. 17.—The corner-stone of the Bennington battleground monument was laid this afternoon with imposing ceremonies and in the presence of the largest crowd ever gathered in the village. The procession was formed at 12:30 o'clock under the direction of Chief W. Marshall, and G. W. Foster, and consisted of military, civic and Masonic divisions. Among those who participated in the ceremonies were the governors of Vermont, New Hampshire and Massachusetts. Upon the procession arriving at the monument a salute of thirty-eight guns was fired by the Fuller battery. The oration of the day was delivered by the Hon. J. W. Stewart and the benediction by the Rev. Isaac Jennings. Among the organizations present were several military companies and Masonic bodies from New York, New Hampshire and Massachusetts. The arrangement for the ceremony were entirely successful.

A Strike Threatened at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 17.—A general strike of all street car conductors is threatened here. About a month ago the National convention of street car employes was held at Buffalo. Detroit sent two delegates, one of whom, Horace Field, a conductor on a Woodward avenue line, had been discharged for taking part in the convention. Field was offered a situation on another line, but Street Car Assembly, Knights of Labor, refused to let him work and will pay his salary. The men say the City Railway company must take him back or every car in the city will be stopped.

Senator Riddleberger Out of Jail.

WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug. 17.—To-day noon the five-day sentence of United States Senator Riddleberger for contempt of court expired, and the doughty Republican was released from jail. The other five days of the sentence, added because Riddleberger resisted the officer, was remitted, the judge having exceeded his authority in imposing the sentence. The fine of $25 has been paid. Hundreds of Riddleberger's friends stood in front of the jail all forenoon awaiting his release, and when it occurred all hands adjourned to a neighboring bar-room and duly celebrated the event.

An Officer Jumps From a Window.

MARION, Ind., Aug. 17.—Marshal Thomas Ellis, of Wabash, was in this city last night, and stopped at the Grand View hotel. During the night the doughty officer, who is in pursuit of grain thieves, dreamed that he had captured his men and that one had escaped him. Of course Tom gave chase, and went clear out of the window, thirty feet above the ground, striking on the stone cellar steps. It woke him up, only to realize it was all a dream. The marshall is now in the doctor's care. His injuries are quite serious.

Ex-Governor Luke Blackburn Dying.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 17.—A Courier-Journal special says: Ex-Governor Luke H. Blackburn, who has been dangerously ill at Frankfort, Ky., for some weeks, is rapidly sinking, and his death may be expected at any moment. His family, including his brother, Senator Blackburn, have been summoned to his bedside. His trouble is Bright's disease and heart affection.

A Whyo Killing.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—The coroner's jury, after examining half a dozen witnesses, found that Daniel Murphy, the saloon keeper who shot Daniel Lyons, the leader of the Whyo gang, in the former's saloon on Saturday last, was justified in killing the young rowdy. Murphy was discharged, and left the court room in company with many congratulating friends.

Newly Married Man Takes Poison.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 17.—Thomas Clergy, a prominent young man of Mount Vernon, Posey county, committed suicide last night by taking morphine. No cause is assigned for the act. He was married but a few months since, and no trouble has ever existed between himself and wife. Mrs. Clergy is nearly frantic with grief.

Ice Houses Burned.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 17.—Ten large ice houses at Burtis Bay on Chautauqua lake were burned this morning. The buildings were owned by S. C. Barrett, of Cleveland, and the ice by the Chautauqua Lake Ice company, of Pittsburg. The total loss will reach $25,000; insurance, $17,000.

Butcher Hangs Himself.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 17.—Adam Krauss, a young German butcher, who has resided here two years, committed suicide some time last night by hanging himself in his kitchen with a clothes line. He had been drinking for the past two days. He leaves a young wife and one child.

Smart People in Arkansas.

AUSTIN, Ark., Aug. 17.—Dudley and Oscar Adams, brothers, were digging a well and to-day gas accumulated in the well. Men outside threw a shovel of fire into it, when it exploded, killing both brothers instantly.

Attachment Against Property.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—Judge Fox has obtained an attachment against the property of John Hey, of Philadelphia, in a suit to recover $5,000, the amount of a one day note made the 6th instant.

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NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

Who the Four Victims Were.

NORWALK, Conn., Aug. 18.—The names of the four persons killed on the crossing of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad yesterday afternoon are: Eben Van Hoosear, aged sixty years, his wife, their grandson, aged six years, and Mrs. Rider, aged fifty years. All were so absorbed in conversation that they failed to notice the whistle of the train.

A Saloonkeeper's Will.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The will of Theodore Stewart, the saloonkeeper, who died a few days ago, was filed for probate yesterday. He leaves to his relatives the larger portion of the estate, and to three of his employes, M. Cook, George Kohler and Eugene Hauck, $5,000 each and the business, good will and fixtures of his saloon interest.

Prohibitionists Control Adams County.

WINCHESTER, O., Aug. 18.—Peebles, this county, has voted for prohibition, and the council there has passed an ordinance prohibiting the sale of liquors in the town. Peebles has been incorporated three months, and three saloons will close to-morrow. This will make the entire county prohibition.

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Hotel Man Dead.

FABYAN HOUSE, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Asa F. Barren, one of the best known hotel men in New England died to-day, aged seventy-five years.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18. — Indications—Local rains, slightly warmer, east to south winds, becoming variable.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for August 17.

NEW YORK—Money 5 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments dull.

Currency sixes, 122 bid; four coupons, 123¾; four-and-a-halfs, 109¾ bid.

The stock market opened dull and on a limited buying advanced ⅛ to 1 per cent. Since 11 o'clock the market has been almost stagnant, and at the present time prices are fractionally below the highest point.

Bur. & Quincy	141½	Mich. Central	86
Canadian Pacific	55	Missouri Pacific	99⅜
Canadian South'n	58	N. Y. Central	109⅛
Central Pacific	38	Northwestern	116
C., C., C. & I.	54½	Northern Pacific	28¾
Del. & Hudson	102⅜	do preferred	56¼
Del., Lack. & W.	131⅜	Ohio & Miss.	27½
Denver & Rio G.	27½	Pacific Mail	41⅜
Erie seconds	31½	Reading	50¾
Illinois Central	119½	Rock Island	129
Jersey Central	77¼	St. Paul	88
Kansas & Texas	26⅛	do preferred	117½
Lake Shore	94¾	Union Pacific	57
Louisville & Nash	63⅛	Western Union	74⅜

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, $3.50@3.80; family, $3.10@3.25.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 69@72c; No. 2, 73@74c.

CORN—No. 3 mixed, 43@46½c; No. 2 mixed, 46@47c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed 27@27½c; No. 2 mixed, 28@28½c; No. 3 white, 29½@30c.

PORK — Family, $14.50@14.75; regular, $15.25@15.50.

LARD—Kettle, 7@7¼c.

BACON—Short, clear sides, 8¼@9.15c.

CHEESE—Prime to choice Ohio, 10¼@10½c; New York, 11@12c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, $2.15@2.25 per dozen; fair to prime, $2.50@2.65; choice, $2.65@2.75.

WOOL—Unwashed medium clothing, 26@28c; fine merino, 18@20c; common, 17@18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 30@31c; combing, 31@32c; fine merino X and XX, 28@29c; burr and cotts, 16@18c; tub-washed, 28@33c; pulled, 28@31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $14.00@15.00; No. 2, $12.00@13.00; mixed, $10.00@11.00; prairie, $8.00@9.00; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5.00@6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers', $3.00@3.65; fair, $2.75@2.85; common, $1.25@2.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.00; yearlings and calves, $1.50@2.50.

HOGS—Select butchers', $5.20@5.40; fair to good packing, $4.80@5.20; fair to good light, $4.75@5.05; common, $4.15@4.70; culls, $3.50@4.10.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $2.50@3.25; good to choice, $3.50@4.25; common to fair lambs, $3.75@4.50; good to choice, $4.75@5.50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 81¼c; No. 2 red winter, 80½c; October, 81¼c.

CORN—Mixed, 48¾c; September, 47¼c.

OATS—No. 1 white state, 42c; No. 2, 30@40c.

CATTLE—$3.50@4.00 per 100 lbs. live weight.

HOGS—$5.55@5.65 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP—$3.50@5.00 per 100 lbs. live weight.

COTTON—Quiet; middling uplands, 9½c; do New Orleans, 9¼c; August, 9.44c; September, 9.21c; October, 8.17c; November, 9.10c; December, 9.09c; January, 9.13c; February, 9.20c; March, 9.27c; April, 9.31c.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Fair; prime, $4.25@4.50; fair to good, $3.90@4.10; common medium, $3.00@3.75; common, $3.50@3.75; receipts, 20; shipments, 380.

HOGS—Fair; receipts, 1,500 head; shipments, 900 head; Philadelphias, $5.50@5.60; Yorkers, $5.30@5.40; grassers and light, $4.75@5.10.

SHEEP — Firm; receipts, 4,400 head; shipments, 2,700 head. Prime, $4.25@4.50; fair good, $3.50@4.15; common, $2.00@3.00.

We Consider it to be the Best.

It is remarkable the large sale Burdick's Kidney Cure has obtained in so short a time. We consider it to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine on the market, and guarantee every sale. From two to eight bottles make a perfect cure—less in most cases. It has never failed in any one case in four years. It has been used by parties who have taken as high as six dozen of other remedies with but slight benefit, if anything, and even at that late hour they have been cured by Burdick's. It is the wonder of the age, and cannot fail in any case. Price 75 cents and $1.25.

Send five cents to J. S. Martin, North Lawrence, Stark county, Ohio, for a sample of the **American Healing Salve**, good for man and beast, especially adapted for kicked or shoulder sore horses. Regular size, 50 cents per box. 45

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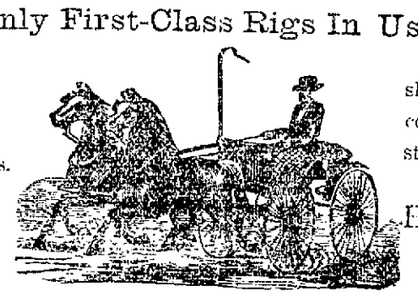

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The original Photograph, panel size, of this picture sent on receipt of 10c. in stamps. Address, BILE BEANS, St. Louis, Mo.

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